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INSTALLATION RESTORATION PROGRAM PHASE II - CONFIRMATION/QUANTIFICATION STAGE 1

VOLUME 3 - APPENDICES B-L

FINAL REPORT FOR CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS

HEADQUARTERS STRATEGIC AIR COMMAND COMMAND SURGEON'S OFFICE (HQSAC/SGPB) OFFUTT AFB, NEBRASKA 68113

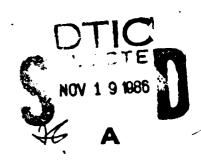
OCTOBER 1986

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USAF CONTRACT NO. F33615-84-D-4402, DELIVERY ORDER NO. 6
RADIAN CONTRACT NUMBER 214-114-06

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USAFOEHL TECHNICAL PROGRAM MANAGER
MAJOR GEORGE R. NEW
TECHNICAL SERVICES DIVISION (TS)



UNITED STATES AIR FORCE
OCCUPATIONAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH LABORATORY (USAFOEHL)
TECHNICAL SERVICES DIVISION (TS)
BROOKS AIR FORCE BASE, TEXAS 78235-5000

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NOTICE

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Per Major Carmichael, USAFOEHL/TSD







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APPENDIX B

Definitions, Nomenclature, and Units Definitions, Nomenclature, and Units



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APPENDIX B

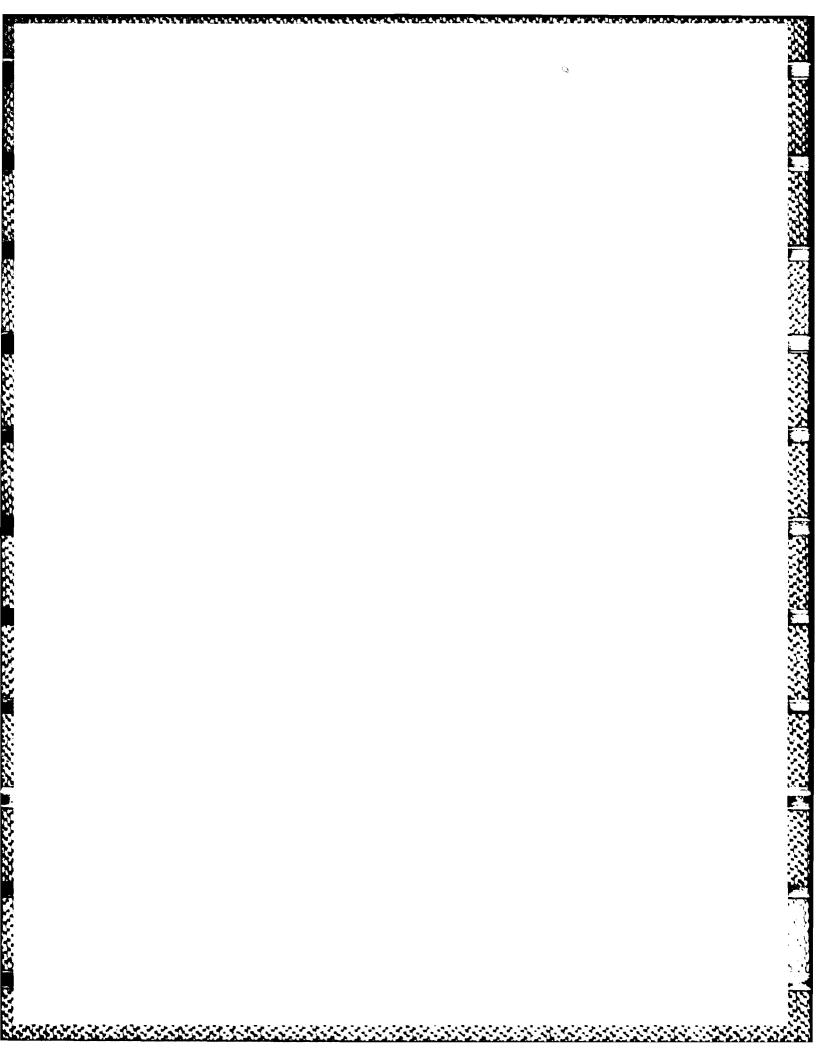
Definitions, Nomenclature, and Units

- o AFB Air Force Base
- o Aquifer geologic unit capable of storing and transmitting significant quantities of water.

- o D.P.D.O. Defense Property Disposal Office
- o DoD Department of Defense
- o EMP Electromagnetic Profiling
- o EPA Environmental Protection Agency
- o GC Gas Chromatography
- o GC-MS Gas Chromatography-Mass Spectrometry
- o IRP Installation Restoration Program
- o JP-4 Jet Propulsion fuel
- o mg/L Milligrams per liter
- o msl mean sea level
- o 0&G Oil and Grease
- o PCE tetrachlorethylene (perchloroethylene)
- o PD-680 Petroleum distillate (aliphatic) used as a safety cleaning solvent
- o POL Petroleum, oil, and lubricants
- o PVC Polyvinyl Chloride
- o RCRA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
- o TCE trichloroethene
- o TOC Total Organic Carbon
- o TOX Total Organic Halogens
- o ug/L Micrograms per Liter
- o ug/ml Micrograms per milliliter
- o ug/g Micrograms per gram
- o USAF United States Air Force
- o VES Vertical electrical soundings, earth resistivity
- o VOC Volatile organic compound
- o WSA Weapons Storage Area



APPENDIX C
Scope of Work



AFSC FORM 700

36. RECEIVED AT 37. RECEIVED BY

38. DATE RECEIVED 39.TOTAL CONTAINERS 40. S R ACCOUNT NUMBER

^{*}When us | rmal contract this will be the effective date

^{*1947} HSG/FMCF, Pentagon, Washington DC, 20330, #E70A84-03, Ch 4, DTD 84JUL20

*==70E 70E PROC INSTRUMENT ID NO. (PIIN) PART I SECTION B OF THE SCHEDULE Ħ. SPIIN 3. SUPPLIES LINE ITEM DATA F33615-84-D-4402 0006 PAGE 2 20 OF 6. PURCH 4. ITEM NO. 5. QUANTITY 7. UNIT PRICE TOTAL ITEM AMOUNTS UNIT LO 0001 sE146,937.94 9. SCTY 10. ACRH 11. HSH 12. FSCM AND PART NUMBER 13. CIRR N U AA 14. SITE CODES 15. HOUN 16. SYC/AGENCY USE D IRP/PHASE II/STAGE I CARSWELL AFB TX D D 18. AUTHORIZED RATE A.PROGRESS PAY B.RECOUP 17. PR/MIPR DATA 19-PERCENT FEE 21. ITEM/PROJ MGR FY7624-84-01839-0001 FY7624 3 3 24. 3RD DISCOUNT 25. DAYS 26. QUANTITY VARIANCE 8. UMDER 22. 1ST DISCOUNT B.DAYS 23. 2ND DISCOUNT B.DAYS 27. TYPE 28. OPR

29. DESCRIPTIVE DATA

PERFORM FIELD SURVEY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TASK DESCRIPTION AS SET FORTH ON PAGES 4 THRU 19 HEREOF, AND SECTION C, DESCRIPTION/SPECIFI-CATIONS OF THE BASIC CONTRACT, AND SUBMIT DATA IN ACCORDANCE WITH ATTACHMENT #1, THE CONTRACT DATA REQUIREMENTS LIST, OF THE BASIC CONTRACT AS IMPLEMENTED ON PAGE 12 BY PARAGRAPH VI HEREOF.

IN NO EVENT SHALL THE AMOUNT PAID FOR THE NUMBER OF HOURS SPECIFIED EXCEED THE AMOUNT SPECIFIED IN BLOCK 8 ABOVE.

A. ITEM NO. 5. QUANTITY 8. TOTAL ITEM AMOUNTS 7. UNIT PRICE 6. 0002 LO sE232,397.17 11. MSM 9. SCTY10.ACRN 12. FSCM AND PART NUMBER 13. CIRR U AA 15. NOUN D D 16. SVC/AGENCY USE D SUPPORT 17. PR/MIPR DATA 18. AUTHORIZED RATE A.PROGRESS PAY B.RECOUP 19. PERCENT FEE 21. ITEM/PROJ MGR FY7624-84-01839-0002 FY7624 22. 1ST DISCOUNT 23. 2ND DISCOUNT A. B.DAYS 27 CONTRACT 28. OPR 29. DESCRIPTIVE DATA

SUPPORT FOR ITEM 0001 ABOVE.

IN NO EVENT SHALL THE TOTAL AMOUNT PAID FOR THIS ITEM EXCEED THE AMOUNT AMOUNT SPECIFIED IN BLOCK 8 ABOVE.

*REPRESENTS NET AMOUNT OF INCREASE/DECREASE WHEN MODIFYING EXISTING ITEM NO.

N = NOT APPLICABLE E= ESTIMATED

U = UNDEFINITIZED NSP = NOT SEPARATELY PRICED - (IN QTY AND \$) = DECREASE + OR - (IN ITEM NO.) = ADDITION OR DELETION CIRR: CONTROLLED ITEM RPT RQMT SITE D = DESTINATION
CODES: O = INTERMEDIATE

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7.0E €-70E PROC INSTRUMENT ID NO. (PIIN) PART I SECTION B OF THE SCHEDULE F33615-84-D-4402 SUPPLIES LINE ITEM DATA 0006 PAGE OF S. QUANTITY \$E22,481.17 LO 0004 12. FSCM AND PART NUMBER 13. CIRR 16. SYC/AGENCY USE CHEMICAL ANALYSIS AUTHORIZED MATE 19-PERCENT FEE 20. SVC ID NO. 21. ITEM/PROJ MER 17. PR/MIPR DATA FY7624-84-01839-0004 % 22. 1ST DISCOUNT B.DAYS 23. 2ND DISCOUNT B.DAYS 25. NET DAYS FY7624 29. DESCRIPTIVE DATA PERFORM CHEMICAL ANALYSIS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TASK DESCRIPTION AS SET FORTH ON PAGES 4 THRU 19 HEREOF, AND SECTION C, DESCRIPTION/SPECIFI-CATIONS OF THE BASIC CONTRACT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE AMOUNT PAID FOR THE NUMBER OF HOURS SPECIFIED EXCEED THE AMOUNT SPECIFIED IN BLOCK 8 ABOVE. 8. TOTAL ITEM AMOUNTS 4. ITEM NO. 5. QUANTITY PURCH 7. UNIT PRICE 13. CIRR 12. FSCM AND PART NUMBER 9. SCTY10.ACRN 14. SITE CODES 16. SVC/AGENCY USE 19. PERCENT FEE 17. PR/MIPR DATA 22. 1ST DISCOUNT B.DAYS 23. 2ND DISCOUNT 29. DESCRIPTIVE DATA

CIR: CONTROLLED ITEM RPT ROMT

C-5

S = SOURCE SITE D = DESTINATION CODES: O = INTERMEDIATE

NSP = NOT SEPARATELY PRICED

INSTALLATION RESTORATION PROGRAM PHASE II - CONFIRMATION/QUANTIFICATION (STAGE 1) CARSWELL AFB TEXAS

I. DESCRIPTION OF WORK

The purpose of this task is to undertake a field survey at Carswell AFB TX to determine: (1) the presence or absence of contamination within the specified areas of the survey; (2) the potential for migration of identified contaminants in the various environmental media; (3) additional investigations necessary to define the magnitude, extent, direction and rate of migration of identified contaminants; and (4) potential environmental consequences and health risks of migrating contaminants.

The Phase I IRP report (mailed under separate cover) incorporates the background and description of the sites for this task. To accomplish this survey effort, the contractor shall take the following actions:

A. General

1. Well Installation:

- a. Each borehole shall be drilled in accordance with ASTM procedures.
- b. Install 33 boreholes for a total of 1440 linear feet. Twenty-four of boreholes shall be completed as ground-water monitoring wells for a total of 1280 linear feet.
- c. Each well shall be developed as soon as practical after completion by blowing with air and pumping or by using a bailer. Well development shall proceed until the discharge water is clear and free of sediment to the fullest extent practical.
- d. Field permeability tests shall be performed in accordance with ASTM procedures.
- e. Hollow stem auger techniques shall be used to install boreholes and monitoring wells in the upper zone (alluvium) to allow the collection of split-samples. Split-spoon samples shall be collected, containerized, described and logged at 5 ft intervals or at stratum changes. Samples to be analyzed chemically (per para B.) shall be capped, frozen and package for overnight shipment to the appropriate laboratory. Two split-spoon samples from each well/borehole shall be selected based on color, odor, and organic vapor analysis (OVA) and analyzed per Table 2, Atch 3. The remaining samples shall be archived and analyzed only if contamination is found in the first samples.
- f. Each ground-water monitoring well shall be screened over the entire saturated thickness.
- g. Air rotary methods shall be used for drilling monitor wells into the Paluxy. Special precautions shall be taken to ensure that

contaminants are not introduced into the Paluxy during drilling or as a result of migration around the borehole after well installation.

- h. Schedule 40 PVC shall be used for upper zone wells and schedule 80 PVC for Paluxy wells and any well over 100 feet deep.
- 2. The contractor shall monitor all exploratory well drilling and borehole operations with an OVA instrument to identify potential generation of hazardous and/or toxic materials. In addition, the contractor shall monitor drill cuttings for discoloration and odor. During drilling operations, if soil cuttings are suspected to be hazardous (based on OVA measurement, odors, or discoloration), the contractor shall place them in proper containers and test them for EP Toxicity and Ignitibility. Results of this monitoring shall be included in boring logs.

3. Sampling and Analysis

- a. All water samples collected shall be analyzed on site for pH, temperature, and the specific conductance. Sampling, maximum holding time, and preservation of samples shall strictly comply with the following references: Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, current edition; ASTM, Section 11, Water and Environmental Technology; Methods for Organic Chemical Analysis of Municipal and Industrial Wastewater, EPA-600/4-82-057; and Methods for Chemical Analysis of Waters and Wastes, EPA Manual 600/4-79-020. All chemical analyses (water, sediment and soil) shall meet the required limits of detection for the applicable EPA method identified in Table 1, Attachment 1.
- b. Locations where water, soil, or sediment samples are taken shall be surveyed and marked where possible with a permanent marker, and the location documented on a project site map.
- c. Split all water, sediment and soil samples as part of the contractor's specific Quality Assurance/Quality Control (QA/QC) protocols and procedures. One set of samples shall be analyzed by the contractor. The other set of samples shall be forwarded for analysis through overnight delivery to:

USAF OEHL/SA Bldg 140 Brooks AFB TX 78235

The samples sent to the USAF OEHL/SA shall be accompanied by the following information:

- (1) Purpose of sample (analyte)
- (2) Installation name (base)
- (3) Sample number (on containers)
- (4) Source/location of sample
- (5) Contract Task Numbers and Title of Project

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- (6) Method of collection (bailer, suction pump, air-lift pump etc.)
 - (7) Volumes removed before sample taken
 - (8) Special Conditions (use of surrogates, filtering, etc.)
 - (9) Preservatives used, especially any nonstandard types.

This information shall be forwarded with each sample by properly completing an AF Form 2752 (copy of form and instructions on proper completion mailed under separate cover). In addition, copies of field logs documenting sample collection parameters should accompany the samples.

Chain-of-custody records for all samples, field blanks, and quality

- d. Water levels shall be measured at all monitoring wells to the
- (6) Method of collection (bailer, success)

 (7) Volumes removed before sample tak (8) Special Conditions (use of surrog (9) Preservatives used, especially and This information shall be forwarded with each sam completing an AF Form 2752 (copy of form and instruct mailed under separate cover). In addition, copies of sample collection parameters should accompany the sam Chain-of-custody records for all samples, field be control duplicates shall be maintained.

 d. Water levels shall be measured at all nearest 0.01 feet.

 e. All wells shall be purged prior to safersh formation water is collected. Purging shall prefere well volumes of water have been displaced or unspecific conductance stabilize. If water flow to the recharge too slow to meet the above conditions, the cathen number of volumes purged and sample in the most prepresentative sample. All sampling in the upper zon using 2-inch stainless steel Kemmerer sampler, teflom Sampling in the Paluxy shall be done with a dedicated well.

 f. Second-column confirmation shall be received and samples onlieted for these analyses. Total number of and 602 in Attachment 2 include these confirmation and samples collected for these analyses. Total number of and 602 in Attachment 2 include these confirmation and after sampling. Measurements shall be referenced to mark-point on the top of the well casing.

 h. Flow conditions shall be documented for sampling.

 4. Field data collected for each site shall nature, magnitude, and potential for contaminant flow receiving streams and groundwaters shall be estimated each sampling and analysis effort, the data shall be Status report as specified in Item VI below.

 5. Determine the areal extent of the sites be aerial photos of the base, both historical and the moinfrared.

 F33615-84-0-4402/0006 e. All wells shall be purged prior to sampling to ensure that fresh formation water is collected. Purging shall proceed until at least three well volumes of water have been displaced or until pH, temperature, and specific conductance stabilize. If water flow to the well is too low or recharge too slow to meet the above conditions, the contractor shall document the number of volumes purged and sample in the most practical manner to get a representative sample. All sampling in the upper zone shall be conducted using 2-inch stainless steel Kemmerer sampler, teflon bailer, or PVC bailer. Sampling in the Paluxy shall be done with a dedicated pump installed in each
 - f. Second-column confirmation shall be required when detection limits exceed values identified in Attachment 1, for EPA Methods 601 and 602. Second column confirmation shall be conducted on a maximum of 50% of the samples collected for these analyses. Total number of samples for Method 601 and 602 in Attachment 2 include these confirmation analyses.
 - g. Ground-water elevations shall be measured at three points in time on all wells. One measurement shall be taken when the well is developed, a second when the sample is obtained and the third approximately one month after sampling. Measurements shall be referenced to an established, surveyed

- h. Flow conditions shall be documented for all surface-water
- 4. Field data collected for each site shall be plotted and mapped. The nature, magnitude, and potential for contaminant flow within each zone to receiving streams and groundwaters shall be estimated. Upon completion of each sampling and analysis effort, the data shall be tabulated in the next RBD
- 5. Determine the areal extent of the sites by reviewing available merial photos of the base, both historical and the most recent panchromatic

B. In addition to items delineated in A above, conduct the following specific actions at the indicated sites on Carswell AFB:

- 1. Site 13, Flightline Drainage Ditch
- a. Hand auger six soil borings to a depth of 10 ft at locations as shown in Figure 1, Atch 2. Samples shall be collected at two foot intervals and analyzed as shown in Table 2, Atch 3.
- b. Three sediment samples shall be collected at locations shown in Figure 1, Atch 2 and analyzed as shown in Table 2, Atch 3.
 - 2. Site 12, Fire Department Training Area No. 2
- a. Geologic conditions and plume existence shall be determined by a site geophysical survey (electromagnetics and electrical resistivity).
- b. Three ground-water monitoring wells (one upgradient, two downgradient) shall be installed in the upper zone to an average depth of 40 ft (total of 120 linear ft) as shown in Figure 2, Atch 4. Collect split-spoon samples per A.1.e and analyze as shown in Table 2, Atch 3.
- c. Collect two rounds of ground-water samples from each well (total of 6 samples) one month apart, and analyze for parameters shown in Table 2, Atch 3.
- d. Collect two surface water samples (one month apart) from the small tributary to Farmers Branch north of the site and analyze for parameters
- e. Hand auger one soil boring to a depth of ten feet. Collect 5 soil samples (2 ft intervals) and analyze per Table 2, Atch 3. Collect one ground-water sample and analyze per Table 2, Atch 3.

- d. Collect two surfaces small tributary to Farmers Branch shown in Table 2, Atch 3.

 e. Hand auger one soil soil samples (2 ft intervals) and ground-water sample and analyze per 3. Site 17, POL Tank Farm

 a. Eight soil borings drilled to a maximum depth of 20 ft in Figure 3, Atch 5. Analyze soil observing odor, color, and OVA means b. Collect one water and analyze per Table 2, Atch 3.

 c. Collect split-spoor wells and analyze per Table 2, Atch 4. Site 10, Waste Burial a. Conduct a geophysic resistivity, and magnetometer) to boundaries, and any plume present.

 F33615-84-D-4402/0006 a. Eight soil borings (2 upgradient, 6 downgradient) shall be drilled to a maximum depth of 20 feet each (total of 160 linear ft) as shown in Figure 3, Atch 5. Analyze soil from each borehole for signs of fuels by observing odor, color, and OVA measurements.
 - b. Collect one water sample from each borehole (total of eight)
 - c. Collect split-spoon samples per A.l.e from each of the eight wells and analyze per Table 2, Atch 3.
 - 4. Site 10, Waste Burial Area
 - a. Conduct a geophysical survey (electromagnetic, electrical resistivity, and magnetometer) to define the site geologic conditions, waste

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- b. Install three upper zone monitor wells (Figure 2, Atch 4) to an average depth of 40 ft (total of 120 linear feet). One well shall be drilled upgradient and two downgradient. Collect split-spoon samples per A.1.e and analyze as shown in Table 2, Atch 3.
- c. Collect two water samples (one month apart) from each well and analyze per Table 2, Atch 3.

5. Site 16, Unnamed Stream

- a. Hand auger three soil borings to a maximum depth of 10 ft each (total of 30 linear feet) at locations shown in Figure 4, Atch 6. Collect samples at two foot intervals, a total of 15 soil samples. Analyze two soil samples from each borehole based on OVA, odor, or color per Table 2, Atch 3. Archive the remaining samples and analyze if the previous samples are found to be contaminated.
- b. Collect two samples (one month apart) from the stream and analyze per Table 2, Atch 3.
- c. Collect two water samples (one month apart) from the oil/water separator and analyze per Table 2, Atch 3.
- d. Conduct a geophysical survey (magnetometer) in the vicinity of the abandoned gas station to determine if the tanks are still in place and to evaluate potential of the site as a source of contamination.

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e. Drill three soil borings to an average depth of 40 ft (total of 120 liness feet) as shown in Figure 4, Atch 5. Analyze soils using an OVA. Collect three water samples and analyze for TOC, TOX, $O\beta E$, heavy metals and Purgeable Organics per Table 2, Atch 3.

6. Site 15, Entomology Dry Well

- a. One sample from the entomology dry well shall be collected and analyzed for pesticides per Table 2, Atch 3.
- b. Drill three wells (Figure 4, Atch 6), in the upper zone (two downgradient and one upgradient). The wells shall be drilled to an average depth of 40 ft (total of 120 linear feet). Each well shall be sampled twice (one month apart) and each sample analyzed for pesticides per Table 2, Atch 3. Split-spoon samples shall be collected per A.l.e. and analyzed as shown in Table 2, Atch 3.

7. Site 1, Landfill 1

- a. Conduct geophysical surveys (electromagnetic, electrical resistivity, and magnetometer) to delineate waste boundaries and aid in selection of monitor well locations.
- b. Drill four wells (one upgradient and three downgradient) into the upper zone at an average depth of 30 ft (total of 120 linear ft) at locations shown in Figure 5, Atch 7.

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c. Collect two water samples (one month apart) from each well (total of 8 samples) and analyze as shown in Table 2, Atch 3. Split-spoon samples shall be collected per A.1.e. and analyzed as shown in Table 2, Atch 3.

8. Site 4, Landfill 4

- a. Conduct geophysical surveys (electromagnetic, electrical resistivity, and magnetometer) to define geological conditions and waste/plume boundaries in the upper zone.
- b. Collect two grab samples (one month apart) of the surface water from the stream east of the site and analyze per Table 2, Atch 3.
- c. Drill five boreholes (one upgradient and four downgradient) into the upper zone at an average depth of 40 ft each (total of 200 linear ft). Split-spoon samples shall be collected per A.l.e. and analyzed as shown in Tabel 2, Atch 3.
- d. Each of the five boreholes shall be completed as a groundwater monitoring well. Two ground-water samples (one month apart) from each well shall be analyzed per Table 2, Atch 3.
- e. Install one downgradient well to a depth of 200 ft into the upper Paluxy. Two ground-water samples (one month apart) shall be collected and analyzed per Table 2, Atch 3.

9. Site 5, Landfill No. 5

- a. Conduct geophysical surveys (electromagnetic and electrical resistivity) to define geological conditions and waste boundaries in the upper zone.
- b. Install three ground-water monitor wells (one upgradient and two downgradient) in the upper zone (total of 120 linear ft) as shown in Figure 2, Atch 4. Collect two ground-water samples (one month apart) and analyze per Table 2, Atch 3. Split-spoon samples shall be collected per A.1.e. and analyzed as shown in Table 2, Atch 3.
- c. Install one upper Paluxy monitor well (200 linear ft) upgradient of this site. Collect two ground-water samples (one month apart) and analyze Table 2, Atch 3. Collect split-spoon samples per A.1.e and analyze as shown in Table 2, Atch 3.
- d. Collect two surface water grab samples (one month apart) from the small stream that flows around the site. Analyze samples per Table 2, Atch 3.

10. Site 11, Fire Department Training Area No. 1

a. Drill two boreholes (one upgradient and one downgradient) to an average depth of 40 ft (total of 80 linear ft). Collect split-spoon samples per A.1.e. and analyze as shown in Table 2, Atch 3.

b. Complete the two boreholes as ground-water monitor wells. Collect and analyze two water samples per well (one month apart) per Table 2, Atch 3.

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c. Hand auger one soil boring to a depth of 10 ft. Collect soil samples at two foot intervals (total of five) and analyze per Table 2, Atch 3.

11. Site 3, Landfill No. 3

Conduct geophysical surveys (electromagnetic and electrical resistivity) to define lateral and vertical boundaries of any contaminant plume.

12. Weapons Storage Area (WSA) Inspection Shop Site

- a. Hand auger three soil borings to an average depth of five feet and spaced five feet apart.
- b. Collect and analyze two soil samples from each boring for purgeable organics and oil and grease per Table 2, Atch 3.
- c. Collect one ground-water sample from the on-site potable water well and analyze for radioisotopes per Table 2, Atch 3.

C. Well and Borehole Cleanup

All well and boring area drill cuttings shall be removed and the general area cleaned following the completion of each well and boring. Only those drill cuttings suspected as being a hazardous waste (based on discoloration, odor, or organic vapor analysis) shall be properly containerized (according to local civil engineering office requirements) by the contractor for eventual government disposal. The suspected hazardous waste shall be tested by the contractor for EP toxicity and Ignitibility. The contractor is not responsible for ultimate disposal of the drill cuttings. Disposal will be conducted by base personnel.

D. Data Review

Results of sampling and analysis shall be tabulated and incorporated in the Informal Technical Information Report (as specified in Item VI below) and forwarded to the USAF OFHL for review. Results shall also be forwarded as available in the next monthly R\$D status report.

E. Reporting

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1. A draft report delineating all findings of this field investigation shall be prepared and forwarded to the USAF OEHL (as specified in item VI below) for Air Force review and comment. This report shall include a discussion of the regional/site specific hydrogeology, well and boring logs, data from water level surveys, groundwater surface and gradient maps, water quality and soil analysis results, available geohydrologic cross sections, and laboratory quality assurance information. The report shall follow the USAF OEHL supplied format (mailed under separate cover).

2. The recommendation section shall address each site and list them by catagories. Catagory I shall include sites where no further action (including remedial action) is required. Data for these sites is considered sufficient to rule out unacceptable health or environmental risks. Category II sites are those requiring additional monitoring or work to quantify or further assess the extent of current or future contamination. Category III sites are sites that will require remedial actions (ready for IRP Phase IV actions). In each case, the contractor will summarize or present the results of field data, environmental or regulatory criteria, or other pertinent information supporting these conclusions.

F. Meetings

The contractor's project leader shall attend one meeting with Air Force headquarters and regulatory agency personnel to take place at a time to be specified by the USAF OFHL. The meeting shall take place at Carswell AFB for a duration of one day (eight hours).

II. SITE LOCATION AND DATES:

Carswell AFB TX
Date to be established

- III. BASE SUPPORT: None
- IV. GOVERNMENT FURNISHED PROPERTY: None
- V. GOVERNMENT POINTS OF CONTACT:
 - 1. Maj George R. New USAF OEHL/TSS Brooks AFB TX 78235 (512) 536-2158 AV 240-2158
 - 2. Col Ronald D. Burnett HQ SAC/SGPB Offutt AFB NE 68113 (402) 294-4651 AV 271-4651
- 2. Capt David R. Carpenter USAF Regional Hosp Carswell/SGPB Carswell AFB TX 76127 (817) 735-7111 AV 739-7111

VI. In addition to sequence numbers 1, 5, and 10 in Attachment 1 to the contract, which are applicable to all orders, the sequence numbers listed below are applicable to this order. Also shown are data applicable to this

Sequence No.	Block 10	Block 11	Block 12	Block 13	Block 14
3	O/Time	•	•		
4	One/R	8 Mar 85	10 May 85	12 Jul 85	••

- * Upon completion of analytical effort before submission of 1st draft report.
- VI. In addition to sequence contract, which are applicable to the order.

 Sequence No. Block 10

 3 O/Time

 4 One/R

 * Upon completion of analy

 are Two draft reports will concerning the first draft with one copy of the second draft, the USAF OEHL will copies of the second draft original camera ready copy

 F33615-84-D-4402/0006 ** Two draft reports will be required. After incorporating Air Force comments concerning the first draft report, the contractor shall supply the USAF OEHL with one copy of the second draft report. Upon acceptance of the second draft, the USAF OEHL will furnish a distribution list for the remaining 24 copies of the second draft. The contractor shall supply 50 copies plus the original camera ready copy of the final report.

Table 1 Analytical Detection Parameters

	DETECTION		NO. OF
METHOD	LIMIT (µg/L)	QA/QC	SAMPLES
EPA 413.2	100	17	179
EPA 415.1	1000	8	81
EPA 9020	$5 (5 \mu g/g)$	15	157
EPA 601,602	••	51	153
EPA 150.1	+0.1 unit		-
EPA 120.1	1 umho/cm		-
EPA		2	15
EPA 1310	***	4	39
EPA 1010	****	1	3
EPA -	0.5 mg/Kg	9	93
	EPA 415.1 EPA 9020 EPA 601,602 EPA 150.1 EPA 120.1 EPA EPA 1310 EPA 1010	METHOD LIMIT (μg/L) EPA 413.2 100 EPA 415.1 1000 EPA 9020 5 (5 μg/g) EPA 601.602 +0.1 unit EPA 120.1 1 umho/cm EPA EPA 1310 ++++ EPA 1010 +++++ EPA 1010	METHOD LIMIT (μg/L) QA/QC EPA 413.2 100 17 EPA 415.1 1000 8 EPA 9020 5 (5 μg/g) 15 EPA 601.602 ** 51 EPA 150.1 +0.1 unit 1 EPA 120.1 1 umho/cm 2 EPA 1310 *** 4 EPA 1010 ***** 1

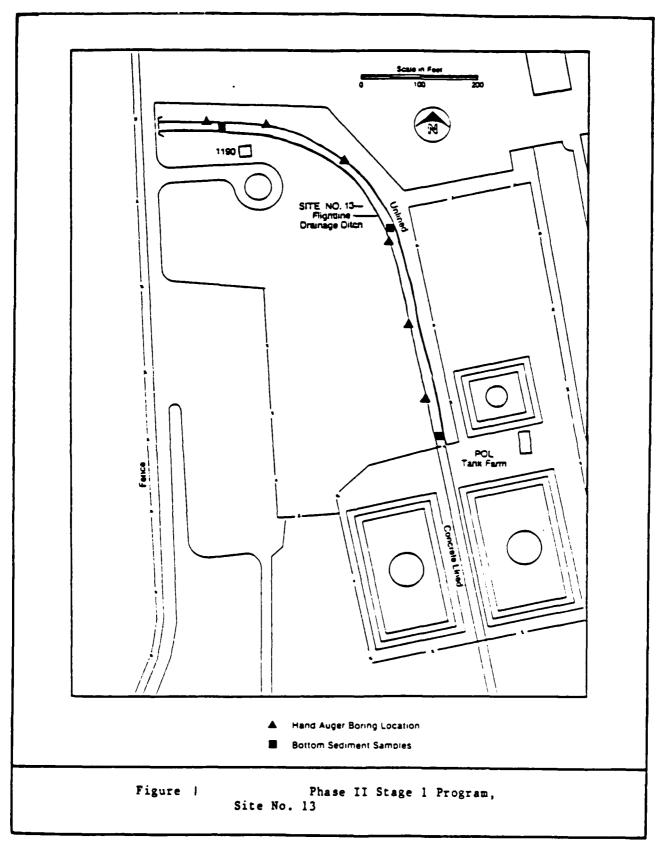
^{*} Detection limit for TOC must be 3 times the noise level of the instrument. Laboratory distilled water must show no response; if it shows a response, corrections of positive results must be made.

^{**} Varies with compound. Refer to EPA method referenced above.

***	Metal	ug/L of solution		
	As	10		
	Ba	200		
	Ca	10		
	Cr	50		
	Рb	20		
	Hg	1		
	Se	10		
	Ag	10		

**** Find if sample is ignitible at 140 degrees Farenheit or below. If so, it is a hazardous waste.

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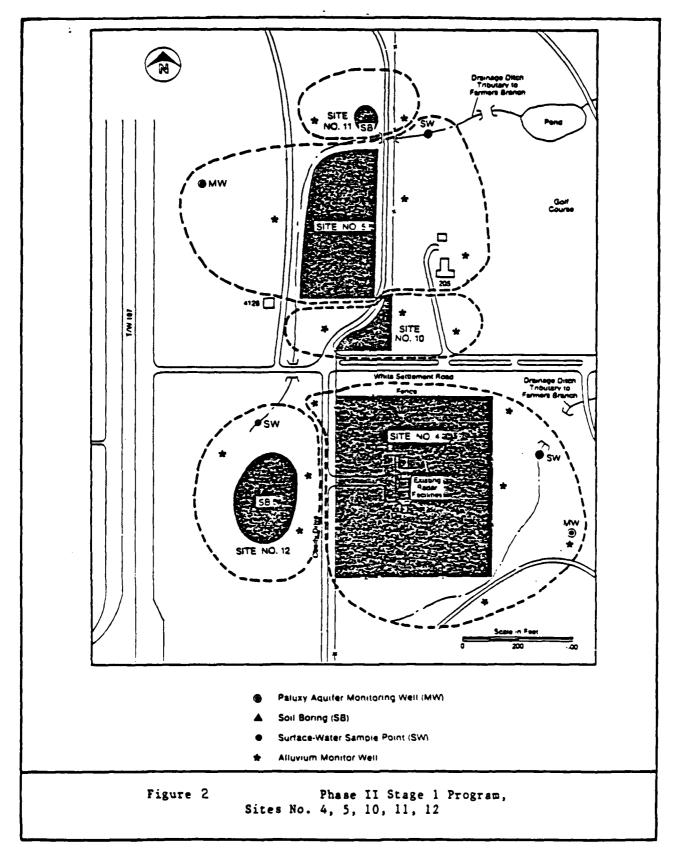
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Table 2. IRP Phase II, Stage 1 Sampling Parameters SAMPLING LOCATION

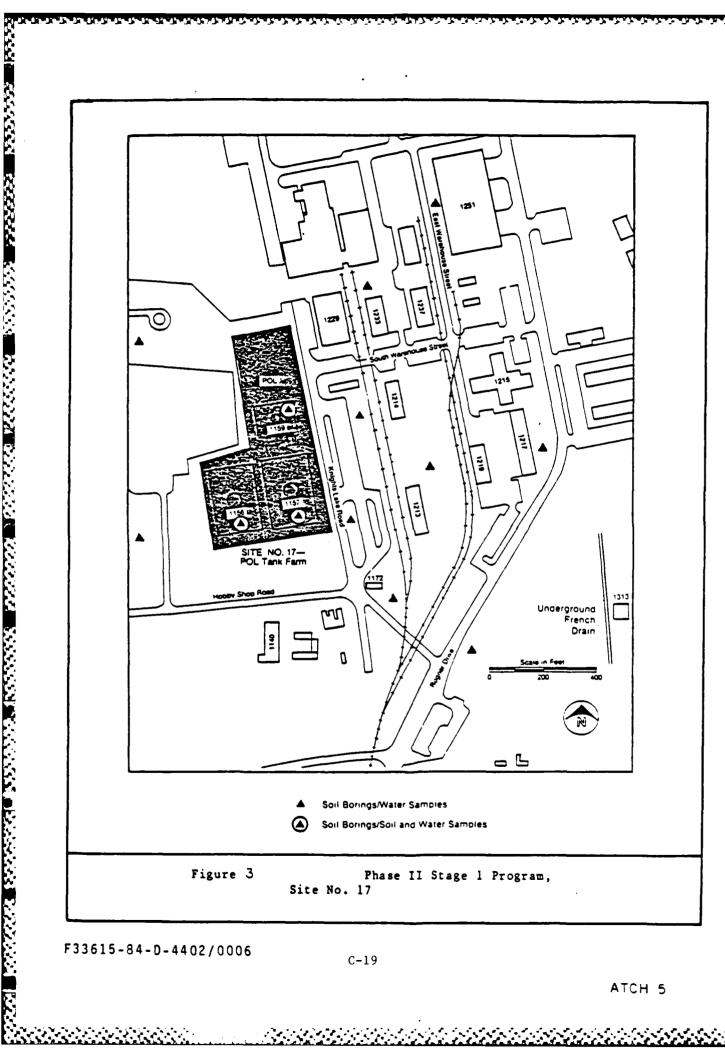
		ter i di taka	ertver et	er er er	inger blever	\$5° \$1° \$5°		(KANANANA	76.56.56	rakerakerake	\$-16-16-C		(entirettin)
•													
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Tab:	le 2.	IRP P			age 1 S LOCATIO		ng Para	neters		
ANALYTE	#13	#12	# 17	#10	#16	#15	#1	#4	# 5	#11	WSA	OTHER	SUI
TOC		7G 2W	8G	6G	3G 4W	7G	8G	2W 12G	2W 8G	4 G			73
TOX O&G	30S 3B	7G 2W 6S	8G 16S	6G 6S	3G 4W 6S		8G 8S		8G 8S	4G 9S			142
0&G	30S 3B	7G 2W 6S	8G 16S	6G 6S	3G 4W 6S		8G 8S	12G	8G 2W 8S	4G 9S	68		162
Lead					3G 4W 6S								13
EP Toxicity	30S 3B											2	35
Pesticides							12 G 12 S	12 3 3 W	12 G 3 W 12 S	6 G 14 S			106
Phenols		7G 2W 6S					8G 8S	12G 12S	8G 8S	4G 9S			84
Primary Heavy Metals		11G 2W 6S					8G 8S	12G 12S	8G 8S	4G 9S			84
Purgeable Organics COD Ignitability Radiochemical No. Wells/ Boreholes Total Depth of Wells/Boreholes		11G 3W 17S		9 G 9S	5G 6W 9S		12 G 12 S	3 W 18 G	12 G 3 W 12 S	6 G 14 S	95		170
COD								2W	2W				
Ignitability												2	2
Radiochemical											1 G		1
No. Wells/ Boreholes Total Depth of	0	3	8	3	0	3	4	6	Ħ	2		0	33
Wells/Boreholes	0	120	160	120	0	120	1 20	400	320	80		0	1440

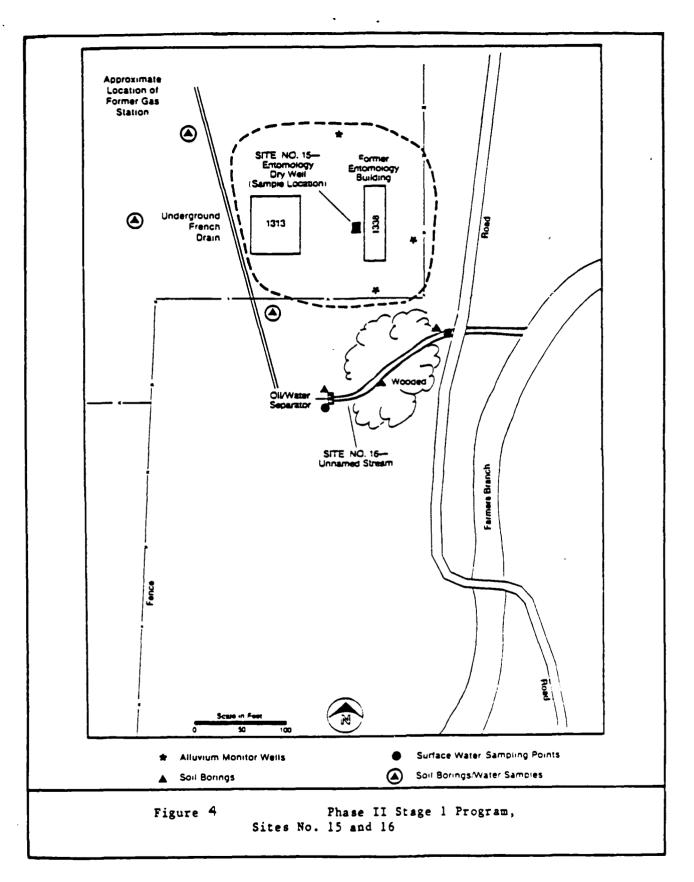
C-17

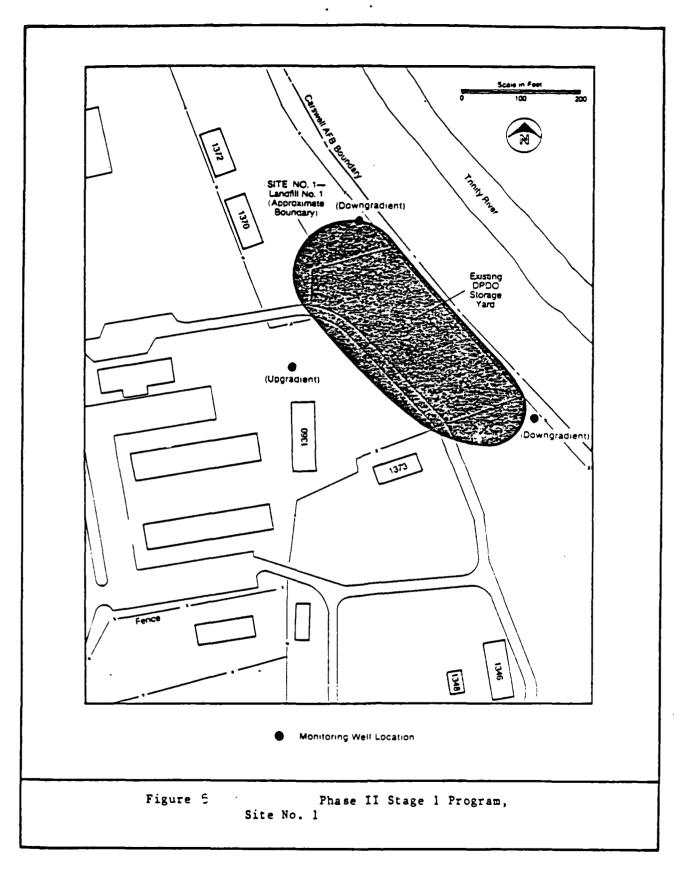
G=Ground-water samples
S=Soil samples
W=Surface-water samples
B=Sediment samples
Radiochemical: Gross A, Gross B, and Total Radium



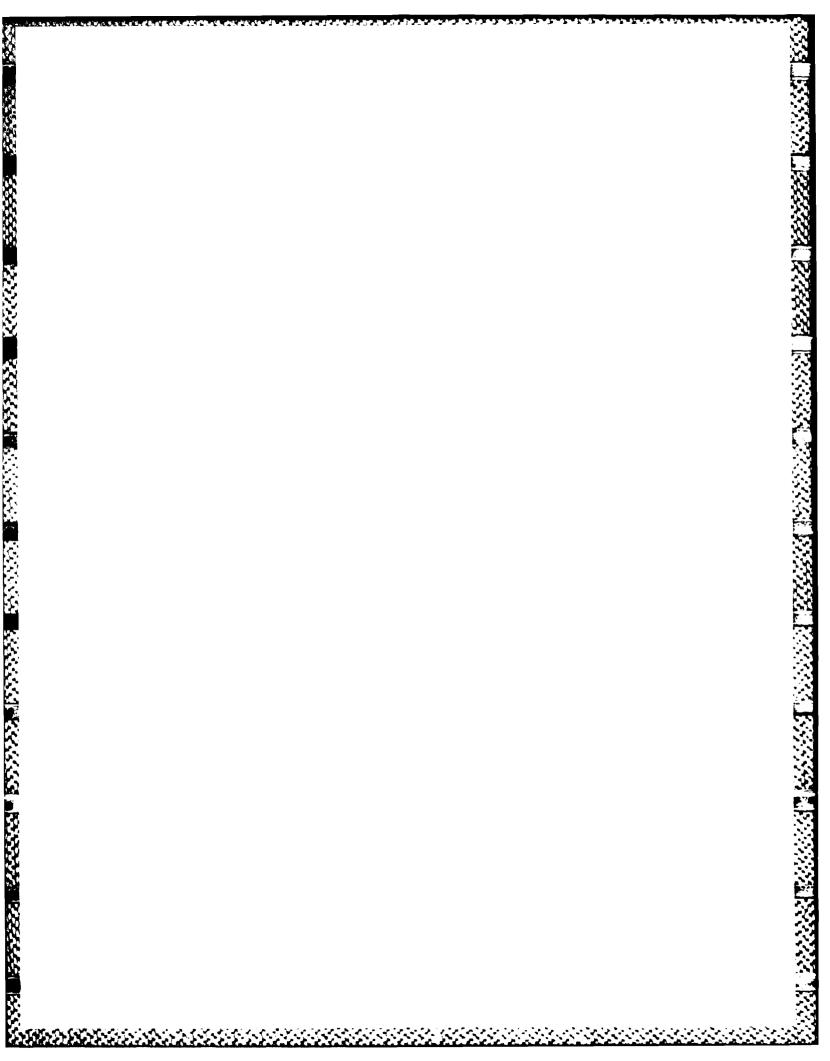
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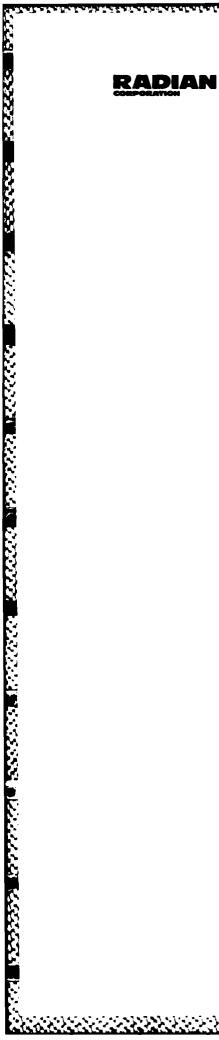






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APPENDIX D
Well Numbering System

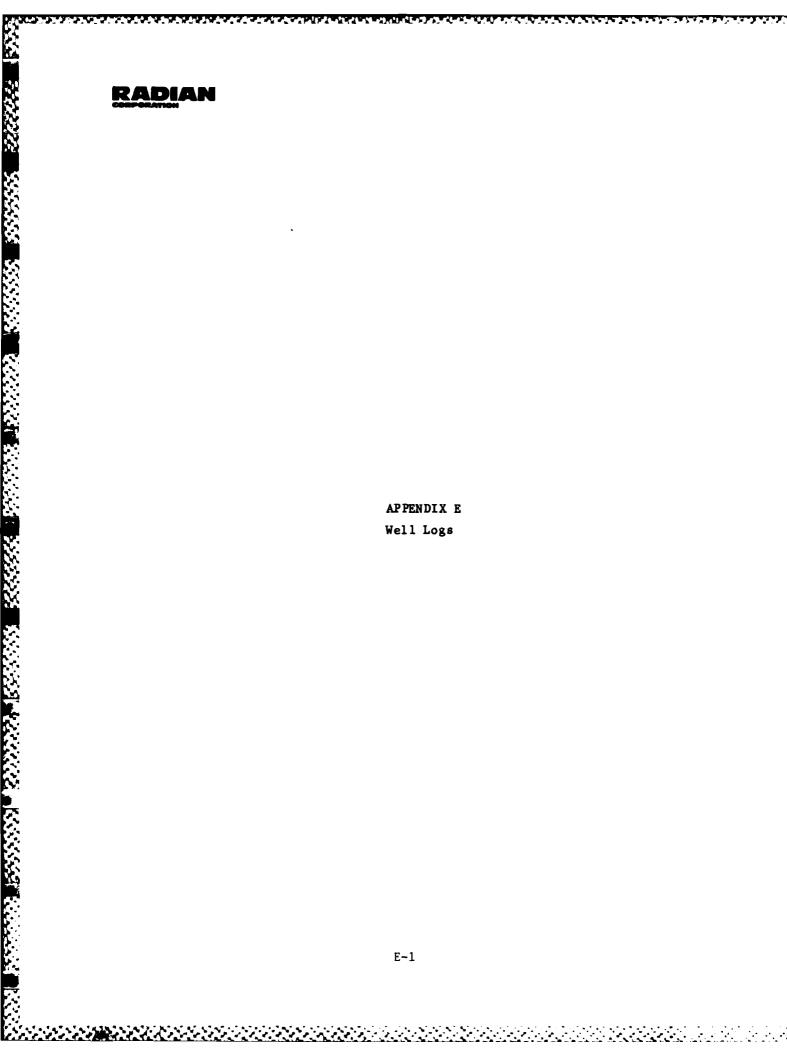


APPENDIX D Well Numbering System

The well and borings drilled at Carswell AFB during the Phase II investigation are identified by a two-part label. The label consists of a number followed by a letter of the alphabet. The number refers to the site at which the well or boring is located. The letter refers to the position of the well relative to the hydrogeology of the site. The letter A is assigned to the well believed to be upgradient from the site. The letter B, and those consecutive after it, are assigned to wells and borings that are downgradient of their respective sites.

An example is well 15A. The well is located at site No. 15, and is believed to be upgradient of any contamination that may be present at the site. Well 12C is located at site No. 12 and is believed to be downgradient of any contamination present at the site.

One boring not drilled during the Phase II investigation was included on the base-wide cross-section, A-A'. This boring was identified as #27 on the "Master Plan Soil Boring and Monument Data, Carswell AFB", prepared in June 1967. This plan was prepared by Carter and Burgess, Engineers, of Fort Worth, under contract AF 25(600)-4683.



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Log: Monitor Well 1A

Project Carswell AFB IRP
Location Outside of DPDO, to the West
Drilled by SWL (CME 75)
Logged by J.B. Chapman Measuring Point Drilling, Sampling Methods ___ Hollow-stem auger: split-spoon Sampling Record Depth (ft) Sample Blows per Type 6 inches Sample I.D. Graphic Well Type Log Geologic Description Notes Completion +5-Grout CLAY; silty, black. Seal Pack 1A1 (850888) CLAY; brown, moist; grades to gray clay with minor pebbles and sand just above 5 ft. SS 2-5 Gravel Limestone at 7 feet. LIMESTONE. End of boring: 9 feet. 10-15-20-25-30-

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Log: Monitor Well ____18___

Project Carswell AFB IRP

Location DPDO, North Yard

Drilled by SWL (CME 75)

Logged by J.B. Chapman

Dates of Drilling/Well Completion 1/19/85

Elevations: Land Surface 560.69 Measuring Point 560.24

Total Depth 20 ft.

Drilling, Sampling Methods Hollow-stem surer: Split-spoon

		Sampling	Record	•			
epth ft)	Sample Type	Blows per 6 inches	Sample I.D.	Graphic Log	Geologic Description	Notes	Well Completion
+5-				 -			
-							
0-					PHALT.		
-				=	UL; contains pieces of concrete		
5-	SS	10-9	131		BPHALT. LLL; contains pieces of concrete and tar.		Grout
)-							Casing
-							Seal
10-	SS	3-4	182 (850886)	///// a	AY; dark gray to black; moist.	Water at 9 feet.	
-	SS	7-9	183		AY; dark gray; cohesive; weather-		Gravel Pack
15-					shale.		
-							•
20-	35	46	184 (850887)		AY; brown; gravelly some at 19.5 c. containing pebbles over 1 in- n diameter, grading back into		=
			(03000,)	br	rown clay at 19.7 ft. nd of boring: 20 feet.		
-							
25-							
_							
30-							
-							
35-							
-							
40~							

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Project Carswell AFB IRP
Location DPDO. South Yard
Drilled by SWL (CME 75)
Logged by J.B. Charman

Dates of Drilling/Well Completion 1/19/85

Elevations: Land Surface 560,46 Measuring Point 560,03

Total Depth 34 ft.

Drilling, Sampling Methods Bollow-stem auger: split-spoon

	Sampling Record							
Depth (ft)	Sample Type	Blows per 6 inches	Sample I.D.	Graphic Log	Geologic Description	Notes	Well Completion	
+5-								
-								
0-				" = " // =	ASPHALT; cement, fill material.			
-				11111				
5-	SS	31/14	101		FILL; contains concrete pieces.			
_					CLAY; black; contains wood chips.		1	
10-	SS	4/6	1C2				Grout	
-							Casing	
15-	SS	6/7	1C3 (850884)		CLAY; brown; contains minor pebbles and shell fragments.	Drager reaction.	5	
20-	SS	3/4	104		CLAY; brown to gray; minor sand and pebbles (up to 1.5 cm in diameter); moist.		Sear	
_								
25-	88	3/4	1C5 (850885)		CLAY; brown to gray; contains peb- bles and increasing sand with depth; wet.	Water.	100	
-					CLAY; brown to gray; contains sand,		Gravel	
30-	33	4/4	106		minor pebbles, and limestone frag- ments.			
-					SHALE; bluish-gray; limonite stain-			
35-	88	7/12	107		ing; weathered. End of boring: 34 feet.			
_								

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35-

40-

Project Carswell AFB IRP Location East of DPDO Drilled by SWL (CME 75) Logged by J.B. Chapman				Elev	s of Drilling/Well Completion ations: Land Surface 560,46 1 Depth 24 ft. ling, Sampling Methods Hollow-s	Measuring Po	
Depth (ft)	Sample Type	Sampling I Blows per 6 inches	Record Sample I.D.	- Graphic Log	Geologic Description	Notes	Well Completion
+5-						····	
-							
0-					Y; dark brown to black, trace some silt and fine sand, few		
-					vel.		
5-	SS	4–4	101				Grout
-							9

Grades to tan color, increasing fine sand. 88 1D2 10-(850876) SS 5-6 1D3 Thin gravel layer at 14 ft; clay is gray. 104 (850877) 105 (850878) Puel odor at 19 ft; air sample reaction; cuttings damp, but no free water. SS 15-15 Clay is moist. 20-NA LIMESTONE; dry, hard. End of boring: 24 ft. 25-30-

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Log: Monitor Well 4A

Dates of Drilling/Well Completion 1/14/85
Elevations: Land Surface 624.65 Measuring Point Total Depth 24 ft.
Drilling, Sampling Methods Hollow-stem suger: split-spoop Project Carswell AFB IRP
Location Southwest of Radar Facility
Drilled by SWL (CME 75)
Logged by L.N. French 625.84 Sampling Record
Depth Sample Blows per Samp Sample Well Graphic Type 6 inches Geologic Description Notes Completion Log +5-CLAY; silty, gray to black; increasing sand and gravel with depth; moist. Grout 4AL SS 3 SAND; fine to medium grained, tan to rust, dry; trace to some silt; No sample recovery trace fine gravel; moist. Seal 10-Water at 13 ft. 4A2 SS 5-3 (850806) 15-88 11-37 4**A**3 SHALE; bluish-gray; with inter-20bedded limestone. Limestone at 23.5 End of boring: 24 ft. 25-30-35~

40-

Log: Monitor Well 48

Project ___Carsvell AFB IRP Dates of Drilling/Well Completion ____1/14/85 Location Southeast of Rader Facility Elevations: Land Surface 618.69 Measuring Point __ Drilled by SWL (CME 75)
Logged by L.N. French Total Depth ___ 24 ft. Drilling, Sampling Methods __ Hollow-stem auger: split-spoon Sampling Record Depth Sample (ft) Type Graphic Blows per 6 inches Sample I.D. Well Туре Geologic Description Log Notes Completion +5-FILL; red to brown, clayey with variable amounts of fine to coarse 0sand, trace fine gravel.
CLAY; dark brown, moist; some silt. Grades to light brown, increasing SS silt. Grout SAND; fine to medium grained, tan, mostly quartz with some feldspar and mics, friable; occasional fine 10gravel. Seal **S S** 2-2 4B3 15-(850807) Water at 16 ft. Increasing fine gravel. 33 10-40* *for 5 1/2 in. 484 SHALE; gray-blue with thin layers (850808) 20of limestone. End of boring: 24 ft. 25-30-35Log: Monitor Well ___4C__

Project Carswell AFB IRF Dates of Dr Location Golf Course-East of Radar Facility Elevations: Drilled by SWL (CHE 75) Total Depth Logged by L.M. French Drilling, S

	Sampling Record			•			
epth ft)	Sample Type	Blows per 6 inches	Sample I.D.	Graphic Log	Geologic Description	Notes	Well Completion
5-							
-							
0					CLAY; dark brown, silty; grades to sandy clay, light tan, few fine		
-					gravel. Limestone gravel (1/2 in) at 4 ft.		
5~	SS	3-4	4C1				
-					SAND; fine to medium grained, red- brown, friable, dry; trace silt; few limestone and rock fragments.		Grout
0-	SS	6-7	4C2				Gro
-							
\$ -	S S	23-2/*	4C3		Gravel and shell layer at 15 ft., increasing medium to coarse gravel interbedded with coarse tan sand.	*for 5 in. Water at 16 ft.	Seal
-					GRAVEL; fine to coarse, rock frag- ments and shells; with SAND, strati-		
0-	SS	16-23	4C4 (850804)		fied, medium to coarse grained.		
-						Air sample nega- tive	Gravel Pack
5-	SS	42-8*	4C5		Large limestone cobbles (4-5 in).	*for 0.25 in.	Gravel Pach
-							
0-	SS	-	4C6 (850805)		LIMESTONE: dark gray; hard.	Auger refusal.	
					End of boring: 29.5 ft.		
-							
5-							

Log: Monitor Well ___4D

Project Carswell AFB IRP

Location Golf Course-East of Radar Facility

Drilled by SWL (CME 75)

Logged by L.N. French

Dates of Drilling/Well Completion 1/10/85

Elevations: Land Surface 613.15 Measuring Point 615.40

Total Depth 30.5 ft.

Drilling, Sampling Methods Hollow-stem auger: split-spoon

		Sampling	Record				
Depth (ft)	Sample Type	Blows per 6 inches	Sample I.D.	Graphic Log	Geologic Description	Notes	Well Completion
+5-							
_							
0-					CLAY; dark brown, moist, some silt. Grades to tan, gravelly clay with decreasing moisture.		
-	SS	5-5	4D1				
5-	35)-)	401	7793797	SAND, tan, fine to medium grained, quartz, dry.		
-							Grout
10-	SS	5-6	4D2				Grou
_							
	ss	9-13	4D3				
15-							Seal
-						Water at 18 ft.	
20-	SS	17-10	4D4 (850802)		Increasing coarse sand, with gravel and cobbles.		*
-							Screen
25-	SS	13-18	405		GRAVEL; medium to coarse, rock fragments and shells; interbedded	Air sample negative.	Ser
					with coarse SAND, tan, stratified.		
-	SS	8-19	4D6				
30-			(850803)		LIMESTONE (?). End of boring: 30.5 ft.	Refusal at 30.5 ft.	
-							
35-							
-							
40-							

Project Carswell AFB IRP

Location Northeast of Radar Facility
Drilled by SWL (CME 75)

Logged by L.N. French

Dates of Drilling/Well Completion 1/10/85

Elevations: Land Surface 617.45 Messuring Point 618.55

Total Depth 35 ft.

Drilling, Sampling Methods Hollow-stem auger: split-spoon

		Sampling	Record	_			
epth ft)	Sample Type	Blows per 6 inches	Sample I.D.	Graphic Log	Geologic Description	Notes	Well Completion
+5~							
-							
0-				7/////	CLAY; dark brown, moist, with some silt and fine sand. Grades to		
_					light brown-tan with weathered limestone pebbles, increasing silt		1
	S S	10-13	4 E l		and sand.		
5-	55	10-13	461				
					GRAVEL; fine to medium, and SAND,		' į
-					medium to coarse grained, medium brown, stratified, friable, moist.		
0~	SS	90-12	4 E2		d		
.0-					Decreasing gravel below 11 ft.		Grout
_							Grout
	SS	56	4E3				!
5-		•					1
-							1
.0-	SS	13-18	4 E 4	9 , 1 , 1 , 1 , 1 , 1 , 1 , 1 , 1 , 1 ,	· ·		
					†		
-				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			\rightarrow
_	SS	5-8	4E5			Water at 24 ft.	Seal
5-			(850800)				
_					Gravel layer at 27.5 ft.		
	SS	6-8	4 E6		0		Pack Em
0-	33	0-6	(850801)		c Increasing gravel.		Gravel Pa
				5000000	c		5 ≡ ″
-					ੀ ਰ	Air sample negative.	
35-	SS	24-26*	4E7 (850801)		LIMESTONE; dark gray, hard.	*for 1.5 in.	
			,0,0001)	*···	End of boring: 35 ft.	Refusal at 35 ft.	
-							

Log: Monitor Well 5A

ProjectCarswell AFB IRP	Dates of Drilling/Well Completion1/16/85
Location West of Landfill 5	Elevations: Land Surface 619.42 Measuring Point 623.22
Drilled bySWL (CME 75)	Total Depth32 ft.
Logged by L.N. French	Drilling, Sampling Methods Hollow-stem suger: split-spoon

	Sampling Record		_				
epth ft)	Sample Type	Blows per 6 inches	Sample I.D.	Graphic Log	Geologic Description	Notes	Well Completion
+5-							
-							
0-				•	CLAY; mottled reddish brown-tan,		
					dry, some silt, trace sand and fine gravel.		
-	SS	8-11	5 A l				!
5-		V					!
-							Grout
10-	SS	4-8	5 A2		Increasing fine sand, silt.		Groun
_							
_	SS	9–6	5 A3				
5-							Seal
-					SAND; fine to medium grained, light tan, faintly laminated.		
:0 -	SS	8-10	5 A 4				
_							Pack
:5-	SS	7-11	5A5 (050050)				Gravel Pac
.) -			(850858)		Increasing fine gravel.	Water at 24 ft.	3
-					GRAVEL; medium to coarse, rock		
0-	SS	13-29	5A6 (850859)		fragments and shell, interbedded with thin layers of medium to coarse sand.		
-					LIMESTONE (?). End of boring: 32 ft.	Refusal at 32 ft.	
5-							
-							
0-							
-							

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Log: Monitor Well 5B

Dates of Drilling/Well Completion Elevations: Land Surface 597.18 Project _ Carswell AFB IRP 1/15/85 Dates or printing, surface Elevations: Land Surface Total Benth 9 ft. Location Mortheast of Landfill 5 at Stream Measuring Point 600,48 Drilled by SWL (CME 75 Logged by L.N. French SWL (CME 75) Drilling, Sampling Methods Hollow-stem suger: split-spoon Sampling Record Depth Sample Blows per Sample Graphic Well (ft) Type 6 inches I.D. Log Geologic Description Notes Completion +5-CLAY; dark brown, with variable amounts of silt, sand and gravel; 0-SS 3-2 5B1 (850838) SAND; fine to medium grained, orange-brown, trace silt and fine gravel. SHALE; gray-blue, hard, dry. End of boring: 9 ft. Shale at 8 ft. 50 (1 in) 5 B 2 10-20-25-30-35-

SANATE DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROP

Log: Monitor Well ___5C__

Project Carswell AFB IRP Dates of Drilling/Well Completion 1/15/85
Location West of Landfill 5 at Coody Dr. Elevations: Land Surface 606,63 Measuring Point 608,73
Drilled by SWL (CME 75) Total Depth 22 ft.
Logged by L.H. French Drilling, Sampling Methods Hollow-stem suger: split-spoon

Sampling Record				-			
epth ft)	Sample Type	Blows per 6 inches	Sample I.D.	Graphic Log	Geologic Description	Notes	Well Completion
+5-							
-							
0-				V////	CLAY; medium brown; with some silt and fine to coarse sand, increasing		-
-				77777	gravel with depth.		Grout
5-	SS	3-7	501	******	SAND; fine to medium grained, orange-brown, dry; increasing mois-		Seal
-					ture, few Mn stains.		
LO-	SS	7-10	5C2				
						Water at 12 ft.	Pack
•	SS	3-2	5C3		Few layers and lenses of CLAY, red-	Air sample pega-	\O
5-			(850839)		dish-brown, mottled with light tan, plastic; some silt.	tive.	Gravel
							· 📳
20-	SS	14-11	5C4 (850840)		LIMESTONE (?).		
-					End of boring: 22 ft.		
5-							
-							
0-							
-							
5							
_							

Project Carswell AFB IRP

Location West of Waste Burisl Area

Drilled by SWL (CME 75)

Logged by L.N. French

Dates of Drilling/Well Completion 1/15/85

Elevations: Land Surface 623,98 Measuring Point 626,68

Total Depth 39 ft.

Drilling, Sampling Methods Hollow-stem suger: split-spoon

		Sampling		-			
epth (ft)	Sample Type	Blows per 6 inches	Sample I.D.	Graphic Log	Geologic Description	Notes	Well Completion
+5-				 -			
-							
0-					CLAY; medium brown, dry, some silt;		
-					few limestone gravel.		'
5	SS	15-17	10AL				
-							
10-	SS	16-29	10 A2				
_					SAND; fine to medium grained,		Grout
15-	S S	6-7	10 A 3		orange-brown, dry.		3
_							
:0-	ss	12-19	1044				
-							
.5-	\$ \$		10▲5		Increasing moisture.		Seal
-						Water at 27 ft.	
0-	ss	6-13	10A6 (850860)	00,300,000			*
_				233 0 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Increasing fine to medium gravel with shell fragments.		vel Pack
5-	SS	13-15	10A7	3 3 7 9 8 7 3 3 7 9 8 7 3 3 7 9 8 7 3 9 7 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9			Gravel
_					GRAVEL: medium to coarse grained, rock fragments and shell, inter- bedded with layers of SAND, fine		
0-	SS	N/A	10A8		to coarse grained, light tan, laminated. End of boring: 39 feet.		

Log: Monitor Well 108

Project Carswell AFB IRP Dates of Drilling/Well Completion 1/14/85

Location East of Waste Burial Area Elevations: Land Surface 620.92 Measuring Point 624.42

Drilled by SWL (CME 75) Total Depth 36 ft.

Logged by L.M. French Drilling, Sampling Methods Hollow-stem auger: split-spoon

		Sampling	Record	_			
Depth (ft)	Sample Type	Blows per 6 inches	Sample I.D.	Graphic Log	Geologic Description	Notes	Well Completion
+5-							
-							
0-							
•					CLAY; dark brown, moist; some silt; grades to increasing fine to coarse		
-					grained sand with fine gravel.		
5-	SS	10-13	10B1				
_				1751710	CAMPA 15 mm An annua annua annua		4
-	SS	5-4	1032		SAND; medium to coarse grained, tan-rust, dry; trace silt.		Grout
10-	33	<i>J</i> -4	1052				80
-							Casing
	SS	7-9	1083				
15-			(850809)				
-							Seal
20-	88	6-8	1084		Few limestone gravel.		
-							
25-	SS	12-16	10B5		Few thin lenses and layers of red silty clay.	11 16 5 5	P
_						Water at 26.5 ft.	_=
	SS	6-16	10B6				Gravel
30-			(850810)				
-					Few zones of coarse sand and		
35-	SS	38-12*	1087		fine gravel. SHALE; gray, hard.	*for l inch.	
J)-					LIMESTONE; gray. End of boring: 36 ft.		_
-					-me of foliate. As it.		
40-							

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Project Carswell AFB IRP
Location Hortheast of Waste Burial Area
Drilled by SWL (CME 75)
Logged by L.H. French

Dates of Drilling/Well Completion 1/15/85

Elevations: Land Surface 615.16 Measuring Point 617.21

Total Depth 32.5 ft.

Drilling, Sampling Methods Hollow-stem surer: split-spoon

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		Sampling	Record	_			
Depth (ft)	Sample Type	Blows per 6 inches	Sample I.D.	Graphic Log	Geologic Description	Notes	Well Completion
+5-							-
•							
0-				7/////	CLAY; dark brown, moist; some silt; trace fine to coarse sand; trace		
-					gravel grades to medium brown, dry clay.		
5-	SS	5-8	J 0C1		Increasing gravel and coarse sand.		
-					•		<u>u</u>
10-	SS	17-20	1 OC2		Gravelly zone at ll feet.		Grout
-					SAND; fine to medium grained, light tan, dry; some silt.		
15-	SS	25-25*	10C3			*for 5 1/2 in.	
-							Seal
20-	88	N.B.	1004		Increasing moisture.	Water at 22 ft.	
-							
25-	SS	8-13	10C5 (850842)				Nvel Pack
-							Gravel
30-	SS	5~7	10C6 (850837)		TARGETONE. Sand And		
-					LIMESTONE; hard, dry. End of boring: 32.5 feet.		
35~							

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Log: Monitor Well 11A

ProjectCarswell AFB IRP	Dates of Drilling/Well Completion1/15/85
Location North of FTA 1	Elevations: Land Surface 604.75 Measuring Point 608.25
Drilled by SWL (CME 75)	Total Depth 14.5 ft.
Logged by L.N. French	Drilling, Sampling Methods Hollow-stem auger: split-spoon

		Sampling		_			
Depth (ft)	Sample Type	Blows per 6 inches	Sample I.D.	Graphic Log	Geologic Description	Notes	Well Completion
+5-						(11A destroyed on 1/23/85; replaced as shown at right)	
-						Tuowa at 11gac/	
0-				<i>(2757333</i>)	1		
-					GRAVEL; limestone, coarse; and CLAY, dry, light brown; with some salt and fine to coarse grained sand.		Seal S
5-	SS	4-7	1141				
-					SAND; medium to coarse grained, medium brown, stratified with thin gravel and shell layers.	Water at 8 ft.	Pack British
10-	58	3-4	11A2 (850841)			nater at 0 It.	Gravel
-							
15-	SS	13-28	1143		SHALE; blue-gray, massive, hard. End of boring: 14.5 feet.		
-							
20-							
-		·					
25-							
-							
30-							
-							
35-							
-							
40~							

Log: Monitor Well 118

Project <u>Carsvell AFB IRP</u> Location South of FTA 1	Dates of Drilling/Well Completion 1/16/85 Elevations: Land Surface 603.56 Measuring Point 608.11
Drilled by SWL (CME 75) Logged by L.N. French	Total Depth 15 ft. Drilling, Sampling Methods <u>Hollow-stem suger: split-spoon</u>

		Sampling	Record	,			
epth ft)	Sample Type	Blows per 6 inches	Sample I.D.	Graphic Log	Geologic Description	Notes	Well Completion
+5-							
-							
0-				1867372	CLAY; dark brown to tan; with		Grout
-					silt and fine sand. Trace fine gravel.		Grout Seal
5-	SS	4-5	1181		SAND; medium brown, medium to coarse grained; little silt.	Water at 7 ft.	
-						Air sample negative.	Gravel Pack
10-	SS	4–7	11 32 (850861)				Grave
-							
15-	58	13-25	1183		SHALE, blue-gray, massive, hard. End of boring: 15 ft.		
-							
20-							
-							
25-							
-							
30-							
-							
35-							
-							
40-							

Project Carsvell AVB IRP	Dates of Drilling/Well Completion
Location Southwest of FTA 2	Elevations: Land Surface 631.76 Measuring Point 635.66
Drilled bySWL (CME 75)	Total Depth 25 ft.
Logged by L.N. French	Drilling, Sampling Methods Hollow-stem auger: split-spoon

		Sampling		_			
epth ft)	Sample Type	Blows per 6 inches	Sample I.D.	Graphic Log	Geologic Description	Notes	Well Completion
+5-							-
-							
0-				V/////	1		
_					CLAY; tan-brown, dry; trace to some silt with depth; little fine sand.		
5-	SS	6-8	12 A l				Grout
_					Increasing coarse sand and fine gravel.		Casing
.0-	SS	24-26	12 A2				Seal
U -					SAND; tan, fine to coarse grained, very moist; little silt; few fine		
-	SS	6-7	12 A3		gravel and pebbles.		
5-						Water at 16 ft.	Pack
-	38	10.10	14.4				Gravel
0-	38	10-12	12A4 (850869)		SRALE; weathered, mottled gray and brown.		° E
-					Increasing stiffness with depth.		
5-	SS	12-32	12 A 5		End of boring: 25 ft.		
-							
0-							
-							
5-							
-							

Log: Monitor Well 128

Project Caravell AFB IRP
Location Horth of FTA 2
Drilled by SWL (CME 75)
Logged by L.N. French

	Sampling Record			-				
Depth (ft)	Sample Type	Blows per 6 inches	Sample I.D.	Graphic Log	Geologic Description	Notes	Well Completion	
+5-					***************************************		-	
_								
-								
0-				7/////	CLAY; dark brown to gray, organic			
-					fragments, slightly moist; some silt; trace fine sand.			
_	ss	3-7	1281					
5-					Few gravel, color change to yellow- ish tan at 7 ft.			
-					Thu tan at / it.			
10-	SS	7-9	12B2 (850870)		Increasing gravel at 9 ft.		!	
-				111111	SAND; fine to medium grained, light		Grout	
15-	SS	8-10	12B3 (850871)		brown dry, friable; little silt.		Gro Casing	
_								
	SS	5-7	1284			Hydrocarbon odor		
20-						at 19 ft.		
-								
25-	ss	13-18	1285		Few gravel lenses with coarse sand at 24 ft.			
2)-				1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	46. 24 IE.		Seal	
-						Air sample reaction		
30-	SS	27-33*	1286		GRAVEL; shells and rock fragments, medium to coarse grained; and	at 29 ft. *for 3 inches.		
					SAND; tan, fine to coarse, satu- rated, some silt and clay.			
-	ss	12-19	1287	, , , , , , , ,	December of the and along			
35-	33	12-19	(850872)		Decreasing silt and clay.		Cravel	
_								
					LIMESTONE; hard.	Auger refusal at		
40-					End of boring: 40 ft.	40 ft.		

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Log: Monitor Well 12C

Project <u>Carswell AFB IRP</u> Location <u>East of PTA 2</u> Dates of Drilling/Well Completion 1/17/85

Elevations: Land Surface 625.44 Measuring Point Total Depth 38 ft.

Drilling, Sampling Methods Hollow-stem suger: split-spoon 628.07 Drilled by SWL (CHE 75)
Logged by L.N. French Sampling Record
Sample Blows per Samp
Type 6 inches I.I Depth Sample I.D. Graphic Well (ft) Type Log Geologic Description Notes Completion +5-CLAY; dark brown, grading to medium brown; with silt; trace to few fine to coarse grained sand; trace gravel; dry. SS 7-11 12C1 5-Increasing gravel from 8 to 10 ft. SS 7-10 12C2 10-Grades to SILT; tan, gravelly, with lenses of fine sand. SS 5-7 12C3 15-SAND; light tan to orange, medium to coarse grained, slightly moist; and GRAVEL in layers and lenses, medium to coarse, dominantly lime-SS 6-7 12C4 stone fragments. 20-SS 31-19* 12C5 Seal *for 3 inches. 25-(850873) SS 12-10 12C6 Water at 29 ft. 30-SHALE; weathered, light brown to tan mottled, grades to gray-blue unweathered shale. SS 12-14 12C7 35-End of boring: 38 ft.

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Log: Monitor Well 15A

Drille	on <u>No</u>	SWL (CME 75	Bldg. 1337)		Elevations: Land Surface 570.62 Measuring Point 570.24 Total Depth 15 ft. Drilling, Sampling Methods Hollow-stem auger: split-spoon				
Depth (ft)	Sample Type	Sampling Blows per 6 inches	Record Sample I.D.	- Graphic Log	Geologic Description	N	Well		
+5-	-, pe	O INCLUS			Geologic Description	Notes	Completion		
-							-		
0-					FILL; gravelly sand, clay.		Grout		
-				"""	ē		Seal -		
5~	SS	5-5	15 A1		SAND; fine to medium grained, brown-gray, dry; little silt and clay; trace fine gravel.		-		
-							Pack Screen		
10-	SS	7-10	15A2 (850875)		Interbedded sand and gravel with rounded rock fragments.	Water at 9 ft.	Gravel B		
-) (
15-	SS	50*	15 A3		SHALE; gray, weathered near upper contact; few limestone layers. End of boring: 15 ft.	*for 6 inches.			
-							_		
20-									
							-		
-							-		
25-							-		
-							-		
30-							-		
-							_		
							-		
35-							-		
-							-		
40-							-		

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Log: Monitor Well ___15B__

Project Carswell AFS IRP

Location South of Bldg. 1337

Drilled by SWL (CME 75)

Logged by L.M. French

Dates of Drilling/Well Completion 1/18/85

Elevations: Land Surface 564.14 Measuring Point 568.09

Total Depth 9 ft.

Drilling, Sampling Methods Hollow-stem auger: split-spoon

		Sampling	Record	_			
Depth (ft)	Sample Type	Blows per 6 inches	Sample I.D.	Graphic Log	Geologic Description	Notes	Well Completion
+5-				····			
-							
0-				11111111	FILL; tan, sandy clay, dry.		Grout
-							Seal
5	SS	11-7	15B1	3,10,100,200,1	SAND; fine to coarse grained, orange-brown, moist; with silt and variable amount of fine to coarse		Gravel Pack
-				TITE TEAL	gravel. Increasing gravel in clayey matrix.		- N
10-	SS	50*	15B2 (850874)	ज्यसम्बद्धाः	LIMESTONE; gray, hard, dry. End of boring: 9 ft.	Water at 9 feet. *for 3/4 inch.	
-							
15-							
-							
20-							
-							
25-							
-							
30-							
-							
35-							
-							
40-							
_							

Log: Monitor Well 15C

Project Carswell AFB IRP Dates of Drilling/Well Completion 1/18/85
Location South of Bidg. 1337 Elevations: Land Surface 564.17 Measuring Point 567.87
Drilled by SWI, (CHE 75) Total Depth 12 ft.
Logged by L.N. French Drilling, Sampling Methods Hollow-stem auger: split-spoon

		Sampling	Record	_			
Depth (ft)	Sample Type	Blows per 6 inches	Sample I.D.	Graphic Log	Geologic Description	Notes	Well Completion
+5-	-77-						
.,							
-							
0-							
0-				FII FII	L; asphalt, concrete, sandy		Grout
-				H H H H H BEA	vei, diy.		Grout
5-	SS	2-2	15C1				Seal
-				1111111 s.r.	T; dark brown, moist; with D; fine to medium grained;		# =
-					ce fine gravel and clay.	Hard drilling at 8 ft.	avel Pack
10-	SS	20-28	15C2	SHA	LE; light gray, dry, with Mn eaks and slightly mottled.	11.	Gravel
				End	of boring: 12 ft.		
-							
15-							
-							
20-							
-							
25-							
-							
30-							
-							
35-							
_							
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Log: Boring 16A

Locati	on No	rewell AFB I ear Abandone SWL (CME 75 J.B. Chapman	d Gas Statio	on	Dates of Drilling/Well Comple Elevations: Land Surface Total Depth <u>13.5 feet</u> Drilling, Sampling Methods _	1/19/85 568.44 Measuring Ponis	
Depth (ft)	Sample Type	Sampling Blows per 6 inches	Record Sample I.D.	Graphic Log	Geologic Description	n Notes	Well Completion
+5~							Borehole - filled in with grout.
0-					CLAY; silty, black.		
5-	ss	6-8	16 A 1		CLAY; sandy, gray to black.	Drager reaction.	
- 10-	SS	8-13	16 A2		SAND and GRAVEL.	Strong Drager	
-	BW		16A (850889)		LIMESTONE.	reaction. Water sample. Lime- stone at 12.5 feet.	
15-					End of boring: 13.5 ft.		
20-							
- 25-							
-							
30-							
-							

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pyrical transfers systemment terminates disposition converse statistics and provides preserved accounts.

Log: Boring 16B

Drille	ed by	O ft. West SWL (CME 75 J.B. Chapman)	37E	lates of Drilling/Well Completion Completions: Land Surface 5 Cotal Depth 13 feet Trilling, Sampling Methods <u>Ho</u>	69.67 Measuring Point	
		Sampling	Record				
Depth (ft)	Sample Type	Blows per 6 inches	Sample I.D.	Graphic Log	Geologic Description	Notes	Well Completion
+5-			_				Borehole filled in
-							with grout.
0-					CLAY; sandy, brown; contains		
-					asphalt near the surface.		
5-	SS	1-2	1681			Drager reaction.	
-					SAND; fine-grained, gray; grade	_	
10-	SS	11-13	1682		downward into a GRAVEL lens, an then a CLAY containing many peb bles and sand.	d Drager reaction.	
-	BW		16B (850890)		GRAVEL; sandy. End of boring: 13 feet.	Water sample. Lime- stone at 13 feet.	
15-							
-							
20-							
-							
25-							
-							
30-							
-							
35-							
-							
40-							
_							

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Log: Boring 16C

Locati Drille	on10 d by	swell AFS II O ft. SW of SWL (CME 75 .B. Chapman	Bldg. 1337		Dates of Drilling/Well Completerations: Land Surface Total Depth <u>8 fact</u> Drilling, Sampling Methods	etion 1/19/85 565,35 Measuring Point Hollow-stem auger: split-spoo	
Depth (ft)	Sample Type	Sampling Blows per 6 inches	Record Sample I.D.	- Graphic Log	Geologic Description	n Notes	Well Completion
+5-							Borehole - filled in with grout.
0-				V////	CLAY; silty, black.		
-	SS	3-3	1601		SAND; brown to gray, coarses	ning	
5-					downward.	Water sample has	
-	BW		16C (850891)		End of boring: 8 feet.	fuel odor. Lime- stone at 8 feet.	
10-							
-							
15-							
-							
20-							
-							
25-							
-							
30-							
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35-							

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Log: Boring ____17A__

ProjectCarswell AFB IRP	Dates of Drilling/Well Completion
Location West of Tank 1156	Elevations: Land Surface 580.13 Measuring Point 580.13
Drilled by SWL (CME 75)	Total Depth 20 ft.
Logged by	Drilling, Sampling Methods Hollow-stem suger: split-spoon and bailer

_		Sampling		-			
Depth (ft)	Sample Type	Blows per 6 inches	Sample I.D.	Graphic Log	Geologic Description	Notes	Well Completion
+5-				<u> </u>		*****	Borehole - filled with grout.
_							
0-					CLAY; black.		
-					HARDPAN LAYER; possibly cement.		
5-	SS	6-6	17 A 1		CLAY; reddish brown.		
-							
17-	SS	2-1	17A2 (850905)		SAND; fine-grained, clayey and silty; tan to pink.	Water at 9.5 ft.	
-							
15-	SS	See notes	17A3 (850906)		SAND; fine-grained matrix with medium-grained sand suspended.	Weight of hammer pushed sample.	
-							
20-	ss Bw	See notes	17A3 17A (850908)		SAND; increasing clay with depth. CLAY; tan to pink. End of boring: 20 feet.	Weight of hammer pushed sample. Water sample.	
-							
25-							
-							
30-							
-							
35-							
-							
40-							
_							

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Log: Boring 17B

		Sampling	Record	-			
Depth (ft)	Sample Type	Blows per 6 inches	Sample I.D.	Graphic Log	Geologic Description	Notes	Well Completion
+5-							Borehole filled with
-							grout.
0-				7 = 1 A	SPHALT; gray clay fill.		
_				7,7,7,7	Simul, gray clay IIII.		
5	SS	6-8	17 B 1		LAY; sandy; gray and brown.		
-							
10-	SS	2-2	17 82 (850889)	CI CI	LAY; sandy; tan with a pink tint; oist.		
-							
15-	SS	4-5	1783	C1	LAY; dark gray; increasing sand ith depth; damp.	Water at 16 feet.	
-							
20-	SS	2-5	1784 (850890)		AND; gray; contains fragments of imestone; wet.		
_	BW		17B (850896)	E	nd of boring: 20 feet.	Water sample.	
25-							
-							
30-							
_							
35-							
-							
40-							

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Log: Boring ___17C

		Sampling	Record	_			
Depth (ft)	Sample Type	Blows per 6 inches	Sample I.D.	Graphic Log	Geologic Description	Notes	Well Completion
+5-			-	-		2.2	Borehole filled with grout.
0-					CLAY; black to brown.		
-	ss	2-2	17 C 1		CLAY; gray; contains minor shell		
5-					fragments.		
10-	SS	2-3	17C2 (850891)		CLAY; gray with limonite staining; shells and pebbles increasing down- ward; moist.		
-	SS	5-8	17 C 3		SAND; gray; contains decayed wood; wet.	Water at 12 feet.	
15-	33	J -0	(850892)		GRAVEL and SAND.		
-	SS BW		1704			Small soil sample	
20-	₽₩		17C (850897)		End of boring: 20 feet.	recovery (too wet). Water sample had an oil sheen.	
25-							
-							
30-							
-							
35-							
40							
40-							

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Log: Boring 17D

Project Carswell AFS IRP

Detes of Drilling/Well Completion 1/21/85

Location Inside Berm of tank 1157

Drilled by SWL (CME 75)

Total Depth 18 ft.

Logged by J.B. Chapman

Drilling, Sampling Methods Hollow-stem auger: split-spoon and bailer

			Sampling	Record	_			
SS 2-3 17D1 CLAY; gray, featureless. CLAY; gray with limonite staining; Drager reaction. Contains minor shell fragments, increasing in abundance downward. SS 7-13 17D3 (850893) CRAVEL; pea size, fining downward. SS 7-13 16D3 (850898) End of boring: 18 feet. Water sample. Limerations at 18 feet.	Depth (ft)	Sample Type	Blows per 6 inches	Sæple I.D.	Graphic Log	Geologic Description	Notes	Well Completion
CLAY; black/gray. CLAY; gray, featureless. CLAY; gray with limonite staining; Drager reaction. contains winor shell fragments, increasing in abundance downward. SS 7-13 17D3 (850893) SRAVEL; pea size, fining downward. Water ammple. Liments stone at 18 feet. Physical Research Stone at 18 feet. Solution of boring: 18 feet. Solution of boring: 18 feet. Solution of boring: 18 feet.	+5-		" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " 					
O- SS 2-3 17D1 CLAY; gray, featureless. CLAY; gray with limonite staining; Drager reaction. contains winor shell fragments, increasing in abundance downward. SS 7-13 17D3 (850893) SS 7-13 17D3 (850898) End of boring: 18 feet. Water sample. Liments stone at 18 feet. Water sample. Liments stone at 18 feet.	•							filled
O SS 2-3 17D1 CLAY; plack/gray. - SS 3-4 17D2 CLAY; gray with limonite staining; Drager reaction CLAY; gray with limonite staining; Drager reaction.	_							
CLAY; gray, featureless. CLAY; gray with limonite staining; Drager reaction. CLAY; gray with limonite staining; Contains minor shell fragments, increasing in abundance downward. SS 7-13 17D3 (850898) SS 7-13 (850898) End of boring: 18 feet. Water stmple. Limerating for the staining downward. Water stmple. Limerating for the staining downward. Find of boring: 18 feet. 40-								8
SS 2-3 17D1 CLAY; gray, featureless. CLAY; gray with limonite staining; Drager reaction. Contains minor shell fragments, increasing in abundance downward. Vater at 13 feet.	0-					1		
CLAY; gray with limonite staining; Contains minor shell fragments, increasing in abundance downward. SS 7-13 17D3 GRAVEL; pea size, fining downward. BW 17D (850898) End of boring: 18 feet. Water sample. Limenstone at 18 feet. 20 30 35 40-						CLAY; black/gray.		
SS 3-4 17D2 CLAY; gray with limonite staining; Coutains minor shell fragments, increasing in abundance downward. SS 7-13 17D3 (850893) SS 7-13 (850893) SS 7-13 (850898) End of boring: 18 feet. Water sample. Limenstone at 18 feet. 20- 25- - 30- 40-	-							
SS 3-4 17D2 CLAY; gray with limonite staining; contains minor shell fragments, increasing in abundance downward. SS 7-13 17D3 (850893) CAY: pea size, fining downward. BW 17D (850898) End of boring: 18 feet. Water sample, Lime-stone at 18 feet. 25 30 31 40-		SS	2-3	1701		CLAY; gray, featureless.		
Contains minor shell fragments, increasing in abundance downward. SS 7-13 17D3 (850893) SS 7-13 (850893) CRAVEL; pes size, fining downward. Water at 13 feet. BW 17D (850898) End of boring: 18 feet. Stone at 18 feet. 25- 30- 30- 40-	5-				<i>\\\\\\\</i>			
Contains minor shell fragments, increasing in abundance downward. SS 7-13 17D3 (850893) SS 7-13 (850893) CRAVEL; pes size, fining downward. Water at 13 feet. BW 17D (850898) End of boring: 18 feet. Stone at 18 feet. 25- 30- 30- 40-								
Contains minor shell fragments, increasing in abundance downward. SS 7-13 17D3 (850893) SS 7-13 (850893) CRAVEL; pes size, fining downward. Water at 13 feet. BW 17D (850898) End of boring: 18 feet. Stone at 18 feet. 25- 30- 30- 40-	-					1		
Increasing in abundance downward. Water at 13 feet.		SS	3-4	17D2		CLAY; gray with limonite staining;	Drager reaction.	
SS 7-13 17D3 (850893) GRAVEL; pes size, fining downward. - BW 17D (850898) End of boring: 18 feet. Water sample, Lime-stone at 18 feet. 20 30 35 40-	10-					contains minor shell fragments, increasing in abundance downward.		
15- (850893) (850893) (850893) (850898)	_						Wasan as 12 6	
15- (850893) (850893) (850898) End of boring: 18 feet. Water sample. Lime-stone at 18 feet. 20 (850898) End of boring: 18 feet. 30							water at 15 reet.	
- BW 17D (850898) End of boring: 18 feet. Water sample. Lime-stone at 18 feet. 25 30 40-	15-	SS	7-13		່ ຄິວຸດິວຸດ '	GRAVEL; pes size, fining downward.		
BW 17D (850898) End of boring: 18 feet. Stone at 18 feet. 20 30 35 40-				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
20- (850898) End of boring: 18 feet. stone at 18 feet. 25 30 40-	-							
20 25 30 40-		BW				Find of howings 18 feet		
- 30 35 40-	20-			(0,00,0)		End of porting. To reet.	stone at 10 feet.	
- 30 35 40-								
- 30 35 40-	-							
- 30 35 40-								
- 35- - 40-	25-							
- 35- - 40-	_							
- 35- - 40-	_							
- 35- - 40-	30-							
- 40-	-							
- 40-	-							
- 40-								
	35-							
	-							
	40-							

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Log: Boring 17E

ProjectCarswell AFB IRP	Dates of Drilling/Well Completion
Location South of POL Tank Farm by Culvert	Elevations: Land Surface 574.99 Measuring Point 574.99
Drilled by SWL (CMR 75)	Total Depth 20 ft.
Logged by	Drilling, Sampling Methods Hollow-stem suger: split-spoon and bailer

		Sampling F	lecord	_			
Depth (ft)	Sample Type	Blows per 6 inches	Sample I.D.	Graphic Log	Geologic Description	Notes	Well Completion
+5-							Borehole filled with
-							grout.
0-					CLAY; black/brown.		
- 5-	SS	2-3	17 E l		SAND; silty, tan. Increasing clay content downward.		
10-	88	3-5	17 <u>E2</u> (850900)		CLAY; gray; contains minor sand and shell fragments.	Drager reaction.	
-	SS	8– 11	17 E3		SAND; fine-grained; gray; wet. SAND; fine-grained; brown; contains pebbles.	Water at 12.5 feet.	
15 - -			(850901)	3 3 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8			
20-	SS BW	50 for 3.5"	17E4 17E (850903)		GRAVEL; 3 mm in diameter; contains limestone fragments. End of boring: 20 feet.	Water sample. Lime- stone at 20 feet.	
-							
25-							
-							
30~							
-							
35-							
-							
40-							

RADIAN
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Log: Boring 17F

Project Carswell AFB IRP	Dates of Drilling/Well Completion1/22/85
Location Between RR Track and Bldg, 1172 Drilled by SWL (CMB 75)	Elevations: Land Surface 572.87 Measuring Point 572.87 Total Depth 17.5 ft.
Logged by J.B. Chapman	Drilling, Sampling Methods <u>Hollow-stem auger: split-spoon and bailer</u>

n		Sampling	Record	-			
Depth (ft)	Sample Type	Blows per 6 inches	Sample I.D.	Graphic Log	Geologic Description	Notes	Well Completion
+5-							Borehole filled with
							grout.
0-				C1	AY; black.		
-							
5-	SS	6-9	17 F 1	CI	AY; gray; contains minor pebbles dd shell fragments.		
-							
10-	SS	4-6				No sample recovery.	
-				SA	ND; fine-grained; brown; wet.	Water at 12.5 feet.	
15-	38	10-16	17F2 (850907)	GR	AVEL; some pebbles up to 2.5 cm.		
-	BW		17F (850909)	2000000	d of boring: 17.5 feet.	Water sample. Lime- stone at 17.5 feet.	
20-							
-							
25-							
-							
30-							
-							
35-							
_							
40-							

RADIAN	
CORPORATION	

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Log: Boring 17G

Project Carswell AFB IRP	Dates of Drilling/Well Completion 1/21/85
Location Inside Pumping Station	Elevations: Land Surface 573.20 Measuring Point 573.20
Drilled by SWL (CME 75)	Total Depth 17 ft.
Logged by J.B. Chapman	Drilling, Sampling Methods Hollow-stem auger: split-spoon and bailer

		Sampling	Record	_			
Depth (ft)	Sample Type	Blows per 6 inches	Sample I.D.	Graphic Log	Geologic Description	Notes	Well Completion
+5-				<u> </u>			Borehole
							filled
_							with
_							grout.
0-				9777777	1		
					CLAY; black.		
-					3		
	SS	4-4	17G1		CY AV. damb cman		
5	33		1701		CLAY; dark gray.		
-					CLAY; dark gray; contains a 1 cm		
	SS	3-5	17 G2		thick gravel band stained with an organic black to dark brown oily	Drager reaction.	
10-			(850894)		material.	_	
						Water at 12 feet.	
-					SAND; gravelly, increasing gravel		
	SS	5-6	17 G3		with depth.		
15-	•••		(850895)				
	BW		17G (850899)		GRAVEL; pebbles over 2.5 cm in dismeter.	Water sample. Lime- stone at 17 feet.	
-				`	End of boring: 17 feet.		
20-							
-							
25-							
-							
30-							
30-							
_							
35-							
_							
40-							
_							

RADIAN
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Log: Boring ___ 17H

Project Carswell AFB IRP

Location S. of POL tanks by Knights Lake Rd.

Drilled by SHL (CHE 75)

Logged by J.B. Chapman

Dates of Drilling/Well Completion 1/22/85

Elevations: Land Surface 573.66 Measuring Point 573,66

Total Depth 18.5 ft.

Drilling, Sampling Methods Hollow-stem surer; split-spoon and bailer

		Sampling	Record	_			
Depth (ft)	Sample Type	Blows per 6 inches	Sample I.D.	Graphic Log	Geologic Description	Notes	Well Completion
+5-							Borehole filled with grout.
							•
0-					CLAY; black/brown.		
_							
5-	ss	3-4	17 H 1		CLAY; sandy; tan.		
-							
10-	SS	46	17 H2		CLAY; tan to light gray with limo- nite staining; contains minor shells.		
-				#1171111			
15-	SS	6-6	17H3 (850902)		SAND; silty; gray. CLAY; 10 cm thick lens. SAND; tan.	Water at 13 feet.	
-	BW		17H (850904)		End of boring: 18.5 feet.	Water sample. Lime- stone at 18.5 feet.	
20-							
-							
•							
25-							
-							
30-							
-							
35-							
-							
40-							
-							

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Log: Monitor Well Paluxy #1

Project ___Carswell AFB IRP Dates of Drilling/Well Completion 2/26/85 - 3/1/85 Location 100 yds. west of Bldg, 4127
Drilled by URM (Gardner Denver 1500)
Logged by L.N. French/J.B. Chapman 625.59 Measuring Point _ 628.19 Drilling, Sampling Methods Air/Mud Rotary: Air/Mud Cuttings Sampling Record Depth Sample Blows per (ft) Type 6 inches Sample I.D. Graphic Well Type Geologic Description Notes Completion Log +5-0-CLAY; medium to dark brown; some silt; few small gravel. (Periodic grab samples) 6-in. pilot hole with tricone bit to 39 ft; reamed to 14-in. Install 10-in. steel casing and grout annular space. 10-15-SAND; fine to medium grained, trace Increased drilling coarse sand, light brown to tan. speed. 20-25-Increasing gravel with depth. 30-35-40-LIMESTONE; medium gray; fossili-Goodland/Walnut For-

ferous.

mation.

Drilling with 6-in. tricone bit.

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Log: Monitor Well Paluxy #1

Project Carswell AFB IRP Dates of Drilling/Well Completion 2/25/85 - 3/1/85

Location 100 vards West of Bldg, 4127 Elevations: Land Surface 625.59 Measuring Point 628.19

Drilled by URM (Gardner Denver 1500) Total Depth 109.4 feet

Logged by L.N. French/J.B. Chapman Drilling, Sampling Methods Air/Mud Rotary: Air/Mud Cuttings

		Sampline F							
Depth (ft)	Sample Type	Blows per 6 inches	Sample I.D.	Graphic Log	Geologic	Description	Notes		ll etion
45-		· · · · · ·							T -
-					SHALE lens.		Increase in drilling speed at 47 ft; de-		
50-							crease in drilling speed below 49 ft. Water noted in dis- charge to 60 ft;	4	
-							grout hole and redrill. Subsequent drilling under dry	Grout	
55-							conditions to Paluxy Formation.		Casing
-									3
60-								-	
-					SHALE; dark gray	carbonaceous,		Seal	
65-					soft.				
-									
70-									
-					SAND; white, med	ium to fine, dry.	Paluxy Formation.		
75-								Pack HIIIIII	
-							Water noted in dis-	Gravel	
80-						of cemented fine-			Screen
-						e composed of clean, ernate with softer,			š
85-									
-									
90-					Lignite and pyri	e in clayey sand.			
-									

gassal issessors reverses all poporor describes services.

Log: Monitor Well Paluxy #1

Project Carswell AFB IRP	Dates of Drilling/Well Completion
Location 100 vds. West of Bldg. 4127 Drilled by URM (Gardner Denver 1500)	Elevations: Land Surface 625,59 Measuring Point 628,19 Total Depth 109.4 feet
Logged byL.N. French/J.B. Chapman	Drilling, Sampling Methods Air/Mud Rotary: Air/Mud Cuttings

	Sampling Record epth Sample Blows per Sample						
Depth (ft)	Sample Type	Blows per 6 inches	Sample I.D.	Graphic Log	Geologic Description	Notes	Well Completion
95-						 	
-							
100-					Increasing clay content.		
							Gravel Pack
-							i s
105-					CLAY; light gray, soft.		
-							
110-					Total depth = 109.4 feet.		
-							-
115-							-
_							
_							•
120-							•
_							_
125-							-
_							_
130-							•
_							_
135-							-
-							-
140-							-
_							

Log: Monitor Well Paluxy #2

locati Drille	on Between Radar Sta d byURM (Gardner byJ.B. Chapman	tion & Golf Denver 150	Course	Dates of Drilling/Well Completion 3/2/85 - 3/4/85 Elevations: Land Surface 615.79 Measuring Point 618.4 Total Depth 109.6 feet Drilling, Sampling Methods Air/Mud Rotary: Air/Mud Cuttings				
Depth (ft)	Sampling R Sample Blows per Type 6 inches	Sample I.D.	Graphic Log	Geologic Description	Notes	Well Completion		
+5-								
-								
0-	(Periodic grab samp	oles)		CLAY; red to brown; contains pubbles.	6-in. pilot hole with tricone bit to 43 ft;			
- 5-					reamed to 14-in. In- stall 10-in. steel casing and grout annular space.			
_					amutat space.			
10-				SAND; coarse sand and gravel mix; grains between 2 mm and 1 cm diam- eter. Individual grains are flat-				
-				tened and disc-shaped.				
15-								
-								
20-				SAND; fine-grained and silty;				
-				brown; composed of quartz grains. Increasing gravel with depth.		Grout		
25-				GRAVEL; fine to coarse (some pieces				
-				up to 2 cm in diameter); contains pelecypod shell fragments and gastropod shells.		-		
30~				SAND; as above.				
-								
35-				SHALE; medium gray; cohesive (weathered limestone).	Goodland/Walnut Formation.			
40-				LIMESTONE; light to medium gray; fossiliferous (pelycypod shell				
-				fragmenta).	Drilling with 6-in. tricone bit.			

Log: Monitor Well Paluxy #2

Project Carswell AFB IRP

Location Retween Radar Station & Golf Course

Drilled by URM (Gardner Denver 1500)

Logged by J.B. Chapman

Dates of Drilling/Well Completion 3/2/85 - 3/4/85

Elevations: Land Surface 615.79 Measuring Point 618.42

Total Depth 109.6 feet

Drilling, Sampling Methods Air/Mud Rotary: Air/Mud Cuttings

.		Sampling	GCOTO				
epth ft)	Sample Type	Blows per 6 inches	Sample I.D.	Graphic Log	Geologic Description	Notes	Well Completion
45-							
4 ,5-							1 1
					Increased shale content for 1 ft.	Increased drilling	1 1
-					LIMESTONE; light gray; composed	speed between 46	1 1
					of 1 to 2 mm diameter shell frag- ments.	and 47 ft.	1 1
50-					menra.		1 1
					Between 50 and 57 ft., small shale	Periodic increases	1 1
_					stringers (1/2 to 1 ft. thick) abundant.	and decreases in	Grout
-					abundant.	drilling speed.	ž;
)
55-							1 1
							Casing
-							
							1 1
50-							((
-0.					SHALE; dark gray, carbonaceous,		1 1
					soft.		
-							_1 1
							Seal
5-							"
-							1 1
							1 1
70-							
					SAND; tan to gray; fine-grained, well-sorted quartz.	Paluxy Formation.	
-					Astr-sorted doster.		
75-							
<i>,</i> –						Water noted in	
						discharge.	
-						•	
				I de la companya de			<u>, = </u>
30-							₹ a
					į		——————————————————————————————————————
					1		Gravel .
-							5 □ ″
				No.	Lignite pieces in sand.		
35-				TRANSPORT	•		
_							
					Increase in shale content.		
90-							
-							
					•		

genesi terecese, sobopopoli tebobosa tracesta tebobosa di osobosa de consessi. Si

Log: Monitor Well Palury #2

Project Carswell AFB IRP

Location Between Radar Station & Golf Course
Drilled by URM (Gardner Denver 1500)

Logged by J.B. Chapman

Dates of Drilling/Well Completion 3/2/85 - 3/4/85

Elevations: Land Surface 615.79 Measuring Point 618.42

Total Depth 109.6 feet
Drilling, Sampling Methods Air/Mud Rotary: Air/Mud Cuttings

		Sampling P	ecord	cord				
Depth	Sample	Blows per	Sample	Graphic	Garlania Barret etc	W	Well	
(ft)	Type	6 inches	I.D.	Log	Geologic Description	Notes	Completion	
95-					4		= -	
-					SANDSTONE; cemented, fine-grained, clean, quartz sand. Soft white,			
					weathered shell fragments in the		# 🗐	
100-					sand.			
_							Gravel Pack	
-					Increasing clay content.		5 □ .	
105					CLAY; medium gray; soft.			
-03-					dear, medium gray, soit.			
_								
110-					Total depth = 109.6 feet.			
-							-	
115-							-	
-							-	
120-							_	
							·	
-								
125-							-	
-							-	
130-							-	
-							-	
135-								
135-							-	
-							-	
140-							-	
_							_	



APPENDIX F
Raw Field Data



TABLE F-1. SUMMARY OF SOIL AND WATER FIELD SAMPLES

COMMENT	•	4EG Sample composited with 0801 for chemical analysis.		
DATE	1-10-85	1-10-85	1-10-85 1-11-85 1-11-85 1-11-85	1-14-85 1-14-85 1-14-85 1-14-85 1-14-85 1-14-85 1-14-85 1-14-85
DEPTH (FEET)	4-5 9-10 14-15 19-20 24-25	29-30 34-35 4-5 9-10 14-15 19-20	29-30 4-5 9-10 14-15 19-20 24-25 29-30	4-5 14-15 19-20 4-5 9-10 14-15 19-20 14-15 19-20 24-25
WELL/ BORING	ម្រាស់ក្នា	я м с с с с	A00000	人人人名英马马马马马马马马
SITE	44444	44444 4	বিববববব	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
SAMPLE TYPE	လ လ လ လ လ လ လ လ လ လ လ လ	N N N N N N N N	ა ა ა ა ა ა ა ა ა ა ა ა ა ა ა	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
SAMPLE	4E1 4E2 4E3 4E4 GS-85-0800	486 GS-85-0801 4D1 4D2 4D3 GS-85-0802 4D5	GS-85-0803 4C1 4C2 4C3 GS-85-0804 4C5 GS-85-0805	4A1 GS-85-0806 4A3 4B1 4B2 GS-85-0807 GS-85-0808 10B1 10B2 GS-85-0809 10B4



TABLE F-1

RA	DIAN									int	int int																1
	COMMENT										Bottom sediment																[continued]
	DATE	1-14-85	1-14-85	1-14-85	1-14-85	1-14-85	1-14-85	1-14-85	1-14-85	1-15-85	1-15-85	1-15-85	1-15-85	1-15-85	1-15-85	1-15-85	1-13-85	1-15-85	1-15-85	1-15-85	1=15=65	1-15-85	1-15-85	1-15-85			100]
inued]	DEPTH (FEET)	29-30	34-35	• •	7	40	~	14	9	0 (-	• •	7	4	0	. 2	4 v C	· œ	0	o •	7 4	r v o	• ••		4-5	9-10	
TABLE F-l [continued]	WELL/ BORING	æ í	×2 ≪	t #2	æ	ø c	. C	ပ	ဎ	ს :	≖ ⊢	+ ≪	ļ . •	A	Α,	A (9 6	a A	Q	Pa l	ع بع	ų Pe	, [2 ,	¥	ပ	ပ	
- 4	SITE	01) T	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	1 1	::1	11	13	13	13 13 13	13	13	13	13	13	13	11	01	10	
	SAMPLE	SS	% ¤	H H	HA	HA NA	H H	HA	нА	S S	დ <u>ი</u>	HA HA	HA	НА	HA	HA	HA H	HA	нА	HA :	HA HA	HA	H	НА	SS	SS	
****	SAMPLE NUMBER	68-85-0810	108/ GS-85-0811	GS-85-0811 GS-85-0812	GS-85-0813	GS-85-0814	68-85-0816	GS-85-0817	GS-85-0818	GS-85-0819	GS-85-0820 GS-85-082	GS-85-0822	GS-85-0823	GS-85-0824	GS-85-0825	GS-85-0826	GS-85-082/	GS-85-0829	GS-85-0830	GS-85-0831	68-85-0832	GS-85-0834	GS-85-0835	GS-85-0836	10C1	1002	
										I	F-4																



TABLE F-1 [continued]

COMMENT																														
DATE		1-15-85	1-15-85	1-15-85	1-15-85	1-15-85	1-15-85	1-15-85	1-15-85	1-15-85	1-16-85	1-16-85	1-16-85	1-15-85	1-16-85	1-16-85	1-16-85	1-16-85	1-16-85	1-16-85	1-16-85	1-16-85	1-16-85	1-16-85	1-16-85	1-16-85	1-16-85			
DEPTH (FEET)	14-15	29-30	4-5	9-10	45	9-10	14-15	19–20	9-10	24-25	0	0	2	2	4	0	2	4	0	7	4	9	œ	0	2	7	4-5	9-10	14-15	19–20
WELL/ BORING	ပပ	ပ	æ	æ	ပ	ပ	ပ	ပ	Ą	ပ	A	æ	æ	æ	æ	ပ	ပ	ပ	A	Q	Q	Q	A	ья	Q	Q	₹*	A	¥	⋖
SITE	10	10	\$	2	2	2	2	\$	11	10	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	2	2	5	'n
SAMPLE	လ လ လ	SS	SS	88	SS	88	SS	SS	SS	SS	HA	HA	НА	HA	НА	HA	HA	HA	HA	HA	НА	HA	НА	HA	НА	HA	SS	SS	SS	SS
SAMPLE	10C3 10C4	GS-85-0837	GS-85-0838	5B2	501	502	GS-85-0839	GS-85-0840	GS-85-0841	GS-85-0842	GS-85-0843	GS-85-0844	GS-85-0845	GS-85-0846	GS-85-0847	GS-85-0848	GS-85-0849	GS-85-0850	GS-85-0851	GS-85-0852	GS-85-0853	GS-85-0854	CS-85-0855	GS-85-0856	GS-85-0857	GS-85-0858	5A1	5A2	5A3	5 A 4



TABLE F-1 [continued]

SAMPLE SAMPLE SAMPLE WELL/ GS-85-0858 8S 5 A GS-85-0858 8S 5 A 10A1 8S 10 A 10A2 8S 10 A 10A2 8S 10 A 10A3 8S 10 A 10A4 8S 10 A 10A5 8S 10 A 10A7 8S 11 B 11B1 8S 11 B 6S-85-0860 8W 4 C 6S-85-0864 8W 16 A 6S-85-0866 8W 16 A 12A1 8S 12 A	[continued]	
GS-85-0858 SS 5 GS-85-0859 SS 10 10A1 SS 10 10A2 SS 10 10A3 SS 10 10A4 SS 10 10A4 SS 10 10A7 SS 10 10A8 SS 10 10A7 SS 10 10A8 SS 10 10A7 SS 10 10B1 SS 10 11B1 SS 11 GS-85-0861 SS 11 GS-85-0863 HA 13 GS-85-0864 SW 4 GS-85-0865 SW 4 GS-85-0866 SW 16 GS-85-0867 SW 12 12A3 SS 12 GS-85-0869 SS 12	DEPTH (FEET)	DATE
GS-85-0859 SS 5 10A1 SS 10 10A2 SS 10 10A3 SS 10 10A4 SS 10 10A5 SS 10 10A6 SS 10 10A7 SS 10 10A8 SS 10 10A7 SS 10 10A8 SS 10 10A9 SS 10 10A7 SS 10 10A8 SS 10 10A9 SS 11 11B1 SS 11 GS-85-0861 SW 4 GS-85-0865 SW 4 GS-85-0865 SW 16 GS-85-0865 SW 16 GS-85-0866 SW 16 GS-85-0868 SW 16 GS-85-0868 SW 16 GS-85-0869 SS 12 12A1 SS 12 12A2 SS 12 GS-85-0869 <td>24-25</td> <td>1-16-85</td>	24-25	1-16-85
10A1 SS 10 10A2 SS 10 10A3 SS 10 10A4 SS 10 10A5 SS 10 10A6 SS 10 10A7 SS 10 10A8 SS 10 10A8 SS 10 10A8 SS 10 10A9 SS 11 11B1 SS 11 GS-85-0861 SW 4 GS-85-0863 HA 13 GS-85-0864 SW 4 GS-85-0865 SW 4 GS-85-0865 SW 16 GS-85-0866 SW 16 GS-85-0868 SW 16 GS-85-0869 SS 12 12A1 SS 12 12A2 SS 12 GS-85-0869 SS 12 12A3 SS 12 GS-85-0869 SS 12 GS-85-0869 SS 12 GS	29-30	1-16-85
10A2 10A3 10A4 10A4 10A5 10A6 10A5 10A6 10A7 10A8 11B1 11B1 11B1 11B3 11B3 11B3 11B3 11B	4-5	
10A3 10A4 SS 10A4 SS 10A6 10A5 SS 10 10A7 SS 10 10A8 SS 11 10A8 SS 11 CS-85-0861 SS 11 CS-85-0864 SW CS-85-0865 SW CS-85-0865 SW CS-85-0866 SW CS-85-0867 SW CS-85-0868 SW SS 112 12A1 SS 12A2 SS 12A3 CS-85-0869 SS 12A3 CS-85-0869 SS 12 CS-85-0870 SS 12 CS-85-0871 SS 12	9-10	
10A4 SS 10 10A5 SS 10 GS-85-0860 SS 10 10A8 SS 10 10A8 SS 10 11B1 SS 10 GS-85-0861 SS 11 GS-85-0864 SW 4 GS-85-0864 SW 4 GS-85-0865 SW 12 GS-85-0866 SW 12 GS-85-0866 SW 16 GS-85-0868 SW 16 GS-85-0867 SS 12 GS-85-0870 SS 12 GS-85-0871 SS 12	14-15	
10A5 10A5 10A6 10A7 10A8 10A8 10A8 11B1 11B1 11B1 11B3 11B3 11B3 11B3 11B	19-20	
GS-85-0860 SS 10 10A8 SS 10 11B1 GS-85-0861 SS 11 GS-85-0862 HA 13 GS-85-0864 SW 4 GS-85-0865 SW 5 GS-85-0865 SW 5 GS-85-0866 SW 5 GS-85-0866 SW 12 GS-85-0868 SW 12 GS-85-0870 SS 12 GS-85-0871 SS 12 GS-85-0871 SS 12	24-25	
10A8 11B1 5S 10 11B1 6S-85-0861 SS 11 11B3 6S-85-0861 SS 11 11B3 6S-85-0864 SW 4 6S-85-0865 SW 4 6S-85-0865 SW 12 6S-85-0866 SW 12 12A1 SS 112 12A1 SS 112 12A2 6S-85-0869 SS 112 12A3 6S-85-0869 SS 112 12A3 12A3 SS 112 12A3 12A3 SS 112 12A4 12B1 SS 112 12B1 SS 112 12B4 SS 112	29-30	1-16-85
11B1 GS-85-0861 SS 11B3 GS-85-0862 HA GS-85-0864 GS-85-0864 GS-85-0866 SW GS-85-0867 GS-85-0867 GS-85-0868 SW 12 12A1 12A1 12A2 SS 12A3 GS-85-0868 SW 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	39-40	
GS-85-0861 SS 11 11B3 SS 11 GS-85-0862 HA 13 GS-85-0864 SW 4 GS-85-0865 SW 4 GS-85-0866 SW 12 GS-85-0868 SW 16 GS-85-0868 SW 16 GS-85-0868 SW 16 12A1 SS 12 12A2 SS 12 12A3 SS 12 12A3 SS 12 12A3 SS 12 12A3 SS 12 GS-85-0869 SS 12 GS-85-0870 SS 12 GS-85-0871 SS 12 GS-85-0872 SS 12 GS-85-0873 SS 12 GS-85-0871 SS 12 GS-85-0871 SS 12 GS-85-0871 SS 12 GS-85-0871 SS 12 GS-85-0872 SS 12 GS-85-0873 SS	4-5	
11B3 GS-85-0862 HA GS-85-0864 SW GS-85-0865 SW GS-85-0865 SW GS-85-0866 SW 12 GS-85-0866 SW 12 12 12A1 12A2 12A2 12A3 12A3 12A3 12A	9-10	1-16-85
GS-85-0862 HA 13 GS-85-0864 SW 4 GS-85-0864 SW 4 GS-85-0866 SW 12 GS-85-0866 SW 12 GS-85-0868 SW 16 GS-85-0868 SW 16 12A1 SS 12 12A2 SS 12 12A3 SS 12 12A3 SS 12 GS-85-0870 SS 12 12B1 SS 12 GS-85-0870 SS 12 12B4 SS 12 12B4 SS 12 12B5 SS 12	14-15	
GS-85-0864 SW 4 GS-85-0865 SW 4 GS-85-0866 SW 12 GS-85-0866 SW 12 GS-85-0868 SW 16 GS-85-0868 SW 16 I2A1 SS 12 I2A2 SS 12 I2A3 SS 12 I2B1 SS 12 GS-85-0870 SS 12 GS-85-0871 SS 12 I2B4 SS 12 I2B4 SS 12 I2B5 SS 12 I2B6 SS I2	0	1-17-85
SW 4 SW 112 SW 16 SW 16 SS 12	2	1-17-85
SW 54 SW 12 SW 16 SS 12 SS 12		
SW 12 SW 16 SS 12 SS 12		
SW 16 SS 12 SS 12 SS 12 SS 12 SS 12 SS 12 SS 12 SS 12 SS 12		1-17-85 Drnge no. of site
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\$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$		1-17-85 Stream at bridge
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DEPTH (FEET)	34-35 4-5 9-10 14-15	24-25 29-30 34-35 4-5 9-10 4-5 14-15	9-10 14-15 19-20 20 2 4 4 6 6 6 6 6 7-10 19-20 24-25	
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COMMENT		
DATE	1-19-85 1-19-85 1-19-85 1-19-85 1-19-85 1-21-85 1-21-85 1-21-85 1-21-85 1-21-85	1-21-85
DEPTH (FEET)	29-30 34-35 19-20 14-15 14-15 14-15 19-20 19-20 19-20	17-20 4-5 9-10 14-15 4-5
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TABLE F-1 [continued]

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COND TEMP	H	DATE	(FEET)	BORING	SITE	TYPE
COMMENT			DEPTH	WELL/		SAMPLE



TABLE F-1 [continued]

SECRETARY RESISSON BUILDING STATEMENT

A	SAMPLE TYPE	SITE	WELL/ BORING	DEPTH (FEET)	DATE	HI .	COMMENT	TEM
A 2-06-85 7.1 650 C 2-06-85 6.9 680 A 2-06-85 6.9 680 A 2-06-85 6.9 680 A 2-07-85 6.9 680 C 2-07-85 7.0 420 B 2-07-85 7.1 680 C 2-07-85 7.1 680 C 2-07-85 7.2 820 D 2-07-85 7.2 820 D 2-07-85 7.2 820 C 2-08-85 6.8 880 C 2-08-85 6.8 460 A 3.25 2-19-85 B 5 2-19-85 C 2.5 2-19-85 C 2.28-85 C 2.28-85 C 2.28-85 C 2.28-85	ן נ		⋖		2-06-85 2-06-85	7.1	660	14 0
C 2-06-85 6.9 680 B 2-06-85 6.8 1000 A 2-07-85 6.7 680 C 2-07-85 7.0 420 C 2-07-85 7.1 680 C 2-07-85 7.1 680 C 2-07-85 7.2 820 C 2-07-85 7.2 820 C 2-08-85 7.2 820 C 2-08-85 7.0 640 C 2-08-85 6.8 880 C 2-08-85 6.8 880 C 2-08-85 6.8 680 C 2-08-85 6.9 610 C 2-19-85 7.0 640 C 2-19-85 6.9 610 C 2.5 2-19-85 C 2.5 690 C 2.5 690 C 2.5 2-19-85 C 2.5 690 C 2.5 2-19-85 C 2.2 2-18-85 C 2.2 8-85 C 2	5		: ∢		2-06-85	7.1	650	202
B 2-06-85 6.8 1000 A 2-07-85 6.7 680 A 2-07-85 7.0 420 B 2-07-85 6.9 610 C 2-07-85 7.4 620 C 2-07-85 7.4 620 D 2-07-85 7.4 620 D 2-07-85 7.4 620 C 2-07-85 7.2 820 C 2-08-85 6.8 880 C 2-08-85 6.8 880 C 2-08-85 6.8 880 C 2-08-85 6.9 640 C 2-08-85 6.9 640 C 2-08-85 6.9 640 C 2-08-85 6.9 640 C 2-19-85 6.9 640 C 2.5 2-19-85 B 1.5 2-19-85 C 2.19-85 C 2.29-85 C 2.28-85 C	5		၁		2-06-85	6.9	989	19
A 2-07-85 6.7 680 B 2-07-85 7.0 420 C 2-07-85 7.4 620 A 2-07-85 7.4 620 D 2-07-85 7.1 680 D 2-07-85 7.1 680 C 2-07-85 7.2 820 C 2-08-85 (no sample) C 3-19-85 (no sample) C 4-10-85 (no sample) C 3-10-85 (no sample) C 4-10-85 (no sample) C 3-10-85 (no sample) C 4-10-85 (no sample) C 4-	11		æ		2-06-85	6.8	1000	
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B 2-07-85 6.9 610 C 2-07-85 7.4 620 D 2-07-85 7.1 680 D 2-07-85 7.1 680 C 2-08-85 (no sample) C 2-08-85 6.8 880 C 2-08-85 6.9 610 C 2-19-85 6.9 610 C 2-19-85 6.9 640 C 2-19-85 C 2-19-85 C 2-19-85 C 2-19-85 C 2-19-85 C 3-19-85 C 3-19-85 C 440 Drainage north of site 2-19-85 C 2-28-85 C 3-28-85 C 3	12		A		2-07-85	7.0	420	19
C 2-07-85 7.4 620 2 A 2-07-85 7.1 680 1 B 2-07-85 7.2 820 1 C 2-08-85 (no sample) A 3.25 2-08-85 (no sample) A 3.25 2-19-85 (no sample) B 1.5 2-19-85 (no sample) C 2-08-85 (no sample) A 3.25 2-19-85 (no sample) C 2-19-85 (no sample) C 2-19-85 (no sample) C 2.5 2-19-85 (no sample) F 1 2-19-85 (no sample) F 2-19-85 (no sample) C 2.5 2-19-85 (no sample) F 3.25 2-19-85 (no sample) F 3-21-85 (no sample) F 3-221-85 (no sample) C 2-28-85 (no sa	12		m		2-07-85	6.9	610	70
A 2-07-85 7.1 680 1 B 2-07-85 7.2 820 1 C 2-08-85 (no sample) C 2-08-85 (no sample) C 2-08-85 (6.8 880 2 C 2-08-85 7.0 640 1 C 2-08-85 6.9 610 1 C 2-08-85 6.9 610 1 Z-19-85 6.8 460 1 A 3.25 2-19-85 B 5 2-19-85 C 2.5 2-19-85 C 2.2 2-18-85 C 440 C 2.2 2-28-85 C 3.2 2-28-85 C 3.2 2-28-85	12		ပ		2-07-85	7.4	620	70
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C 2-08-85 6.8 880 2 B 2-08-85 7.0 640 1 C 2-08-85 6.9 610 1 Potable Well 2-19-85 6.8 460 1 A 3.25 2-19-85 B 1.5 2-19-85 C 2.5 2-19-85 Stream north of site 2-19-85 C 2.5 2-19-85 Stream south of site 2-19-85 Drainage north of site 2-28-85 E 2 2-8-85 C 2-8-85 C 3-8-85 C 440 C 2-28-85 C 440 C 2-28-85 C 3-28-85 C 440 C 2-28-85 C 3-28-85 C 440 C 2-28-85 C 3-28-85 C 440 C 3-28-85 C 3-28-85 C 440 C 3-28-85 C 3-28-85	1		ø		2-08-85		smple)	
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2-19-85 6.8 460 I 2-19-85 1.5 2-19-85 1.5 2-19-85 1.5 2-19-85 2.5 2-19-85 2.5 2-19-85 1 of site 2-19-85 1 1 2-21-85 9 2-21-85 th of site 2-28-85 2-28-85 8 2-28-85 8 2-28-85 8 2-28-85	15		ပ		2-08-85	6.9	610	14
2-19-85 3.25 2-19-85 1.5 2-19-85 5 2-19-85 1.5 2-19-85 2-19-85 2-19-85 2-19-85 8 couth of site 2-19-85 6.0 440 genorth of site 2-28-85 2-28-85 8 2-28-85 8 2-28-85	WSA		Potable W	ell	2-19-85	8.9	460	17
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C 2.5 2-19-85 Stream north of site 2-19-85 6.5 690 1 Stream south of site 2-19-85 6.0 490 1 F 1 2-21-85 F 9 2-21-85 Drainage north of site 2-28-85 Drainage north of site 2-28-85 E 2 2-28-85 E 3 2-28-85 E 3 2-28-85 E 3 2-28-85	MSA		ပ	1.5	2-19-85			
north of site 2-19-85 6.5 690 1 south of site 2-19-85 6.0 490 1 1 2-21-85 9 2-21-85 ge north of site 2-28-85 Stream at bridge 2-28-85 0il/water sep.	MSM		ပ	•	2-19-85			
south of site 2-19-85 6.0 490 1 1 2-21-85 9 2-21-85 ge north of site 2-28-85 3tream at bridge 2-28-85 0il/water sep. 2 2-28-85 2-28-85 8 2-28-85	5		Stream no	of B	2-19-85	6.5	069	15
2-21-85 2-21-85 of site 2-28-85 440 2-28-85 Stream at bridge 2-28-85 0il/water sep. 2-28-85	4			of 8	2-19-85	0.9	490	16
of site 2-21-85 2-28-85 440 2-28-85 Stream at bridge 2-28-85 0il/water sep. 2-28-85	16		P≥ 4	_	2-21-85			
of site 2-28-85 440 2-28-85 Stream at bridge 2-28-85 0il/water sep. 2-28-85 2-28-85	16		Œ	6	2-21-85			
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TABLE F-1 [continued]

posocial información información describación decedentes esta estados.

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	Sediment	Sediment																													
핆	Š	Š																													
31	2-28-85	2-28-85	4-85	3-04-85	3-04-85	3-04-85	3-05-85	3-05-85	3-05-85	3-05-85	3-05-85	3-05-85	3-05-85	3-05-85	3-05-85	3-05-85	3-05-85	3-05-85	3-05-85	3-05-85	3-05-85	3-05-85	3-05-85	3-05-85	3-06-85	3-05-85	3-06-85	3-06-85	3-08-85	3-06-85	3-06-85
DATE	2-2	2-2	3-0	3-0	3-0	3-0	3-0	3-0	3-0	3-0	3-0	3-0	3-0	3-0	3-0	3-0	3-0	3-0	3-0	3-0	3-0	3-0	3-0	3-0	3-0	3-0	3-0	3-0	3-0	3-0	3-0
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(FEET)																															
INC INC			4	(QA)	7	(QA)		(4A)		(QA)		(QA)						(QA)													
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TYPE	GS	cs	BW	BW	BW	BW	BW	BW	BW	BW	BW	BW																			
및 종	949	950	151)52)53)54)55	956	157	928	926	09()61	962	963	964	965	996	167	896	696	970	171	37.2	73	174	175	376	9/(77	978
NUMBER	GS-85-094	GS-85-0950	GN-85-0951	GN-85-0952	GN-85-0953	GN-85-0954	GN-85-0955	GN-85-0956	GN-85-0957	GN-85-0958	GN-85-0959	GN-85-0960	GN-85-0961	GN-85-0962	GN-85-0963	CN-85-0964	GN-85-0965	GN-85-0966	GN-85-0967	GN-85-0968	GN-85-0969	GN-85-0970	GN-85-097	GN-85-0972	GN-85-0973	GN-85-0974	GN-85-0975	GN-85-0976	GN-85-0976	GN-85-097	GN-85-0978
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TABLE F-1 [continued]

COMMENT COND TEMP		18		19		20		18			18		20	21		
H																
DATE	3-06-85	3-06-85	3-06-85	3-06-85	3-06-85	3-07-85	3-07-85	3-07-85	3-07-85	3-07-85	3-07-85	3-07-85	3-07-85	3-07-85	3-26-85	3-26-85
DEPTH (<u>Peet)</u>																
WELL/ BORING	B (QA)	ပ	(Y)) 0	¥	(AQ)	¥	(AQ)	ပ	((dA)	æ	B (QA)	¥				
SITE	111	٧	2	2	5	10	10	12	12	12	12	12	PI	P2	P1	P2
SAMPLE	BW	>	>	∌	3											
SAMPLE	GN-85-0979	GN-85-0980	GN-85-0981	GN-85-0982	GN-85-0983	GN-85-0984	GN-85-0985	GN-85-0986	GN-85-0987	GN-85-0988	GN-85-0989	GN-85-0990	GN-85-0992	GN-85-0993	GN-85-0977	GN-85-0978

 $^{^{\}star}$ Previous QA/QC samples were assigned OEHL numbers identical to the original sample.

The samples must be differentiated by the date of ** Mistakenly given a previously assigned number. collection.

: ha = hand-augered soil sample	ss = split-spoon soil sample	gs = grab sample of sediment	sw = surface-water sample	<pre>bw = bailed ground-water sample</pre>	
lotes:					



TABLE F-2. SURMARY OF SURVEYING DATA

Fred A. Barnett, R.S.
David A. Watson, R.S., L.S.L.S.
Don M. Wood, R.S.
David A. White, R.S.

James W. Bartlett, R.S. Jack O. Ashworth, Jr., R.S. Louis M. Hawkins, R.S., L.S.L.S. - Consultant

March 11, 1985

Re: P.O. - H28994 (Radian Corporation)

TABLE LISTING SHOWING ELEVATION

of

MONITOR WELL INSTALLATIONS

and

SOIL BORINGS

located at

CARSWELL AIR FORCE BASE

Fort Worth, Texas

- B.M. Finished Floor Building No. 1215 (Eng. Bldg.) Elev. 576.00 (Carswell Base Datum)
- T.B.M. Finished Floor Building No. 4127 (Storage) Elev. 625.96 (Carswell Base Datum)

WELL	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>ELEVATION</u>
1-A	Existing Well Pipe	570.42
1-B	Meter Box (Flush Well)	560.24
1-C	Meter Box (Flush Well)	560.03
1-D	Existing Well Pipe	564.06
15 - A	Meter Box (Flush Well)	570.24
1.5-B	Existing Well Pipe	568.09
15 - C	Existing Well Pipe	567.87
16-A	Core Hole (Control Point)	568.44
16-B	Core Hole (Control Point)	569.67
16-C	Core Hole (Control Point)	565.35
17 - A	Core Hole (Control Point)	580.13
17-B	Core Hole (Control Point)	578.48
17-C	Core Hole (Control Point)	574.27
17-D	Core Hole (Control Point)	573.05
17-E	Core Hole (Control Point)	574.99
17-F	Core Hole (Control Point)	572.87
17 - G	Core Hole (Control Point)	573.20
17 - H	Core Hole (Control Point)	573.66

Table Listing Showing Elevation March 11, 1985 Page 2 of 2

WELL	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	ELEVATION
5-A	Existing Well Pipe	623.22
5 − B	Existing Well Pipe	600.48
5-C	Existing Well Pipe	608.73
11-A	Existing Well Pipe	608.25
11-B	Existing Well Pipe	608.11
10-A	Existing Well Pipe	626.68
10-B	Existing Well Pipe	624.42
10-C	Existing Well Pipe	617.21
12-A	Existing Well Pipe	635.66
12-B	Existing Well Pipe	627.59
12-C	Existing Well Pipe	628.07
4-A	Existing Well Pipe	625.84
4-B	Existing Well Pipe	620.02
4-C	Existing Well Pipe	613.12
4-D	Existing Well Pipe	615.40
4-E	Existing Well Pipe	618.55
P-1	Existing Well Pipe	628.19
P-2	Existing Well Pipe	618.42
		3_00.0

NOTES:

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- 1. All well pipe elevations taken on top of metal pipe, below cap.
- 2. All meter box (flush well) elevations taken on edge of box (painted).
- 3. All core hole (control point) elevations are natural ground.



TABLE F-3. PUMP TEST DATA - P1

Time, min	Water Level Below Measuring Pt.	Flow Q. GPM	Drawdown S
0	82.54	0	-
1.5	85.46	5	2.92
3	85.85		3.31
5 7	86.19		3.65
	86.38		3.84
9	86.47	5	3.93
11	86.54		4.0
13	86.63		4.09
15	86.69		4.15
20	86.79		4.25
25	86.89		4.35
30	87.01		4.47
35	87.08		4.54
40	87.13		4.59
45	87.19		4.65
50	87.20		4.66
55	87.25		4.71
65	87.31	5	4.77
70	87.34		4.80

pump off @70 min.



TABLE F-4. RECOVERY TEST DATA - PI

Time, min	Water Level Below Measuring Pt.	Residual Drawdown	<u>t/t'</u> *
0	87.34	4.80	
.25	86.21	3.68	281
.67	85.25	2.70	105
1	84.85	2.31	71
1.5	84.42	1.87	48
2	84.21	1.67	36
3	83.98	1.43	24
4	83.81	1.27	18.5
5	83.69	1.16	15
6	83.63	1.08	12.7
7	83.57	1.02	11
8	83.54	0.99	9.75
10	83.47	0.92	8
13	83.41	0.86	6.38
18			
	83.29	0.74	4.89
24	83.23	0.68	3.92
31	83.14	0.59	3.26
41	83.08	0.53	2.71
55	83.0	0.45	2.27
90	82.85	0.31	1.78

*ratio of time since pumping began time since pumping stopped

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TABLE F-5. PUMP TEST DATA - P2

Time, min	Water Level BelowMeasuring Pt.	Flow Q. GPM	Drawdown S
			
0	75.69		_
•5	77.10	5 gpm	1.41
1	77.94		2.25
2	78.33		2.64
2 3 4 5 7 9	78.56		2.87
4	78.67		2.98
5	78.76		3.07
7	79.0		3.31
9	79.10		3.41
11	79.12		3.43
13	79.18		3.49
15	79.23		3.54
20	79.31		3.62
26.5	79.45		3.76
30	79.46		3.77
35	79.51		3.82
40	79.55		3.86
50	79.63		3.94
60	79.66		3.97
70	79.71		4.02
80	79.74		4.05
85 pump off	79.74		4.05



TABLE F-6. RECOVERY TEST DATA - P2

Time, min	Water Level Below Measuring Pt.	Residual Drawdown	<u>t/t'</u> *
0	79.74	4.05	_
.25	78.90	3.21	341
.67	78.17	2.48	128
1.17	77.67	1.98	74
1.75	77.25	1.56	50
2.5	76.93	1.24	35
3.5	76.72	1.03	25
5	76.56	0.87	18
7	76.41	0.72	13.14
9	76.31	0.62	10.44
11	76.29	0.60	8.73
15	76.19	0.50	6.67
20	76.10	0.32	3.83
30	76.01	0.32	3.83
40	75.98	0.29	3.13
50	75.91	0.22	2.70
60	75.90	0.21	2.42

^{*}ratio of time since pumping began time since pumping stopped



APPENDIX G
Sampling and Analytica APPENDIX G Sampling and Analytical Procedures



CARSWELL AFB IRP PHASE II STAGE I FIELD INVESTIGATION SAMPLING QUALITY CONTROL PLAN Prepared by:

Prepared by:

Radian Corporation 8501 Mo-Pac Blvd. Austin, Texas 78766



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APPENDIX G

1.0 <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

Field investigations conducted at Carswell AFB will generate a large number of soil, sediment, and water samples for chemical analysis. The analytical results are an important source of information used to determine the impact of a disposal or spill site upon the local hydrogeologic system(s). Since the analyses form a foundation of interpretation, it is important that the samples analyzed be representative of the material.

The purpose of quality control (QC) plan is to provide guidance through which field samples can be obtained, preserved, and controlled. The QC plan helps ensure that the integrity of the sample is maintained. The QC plan for the Carswell AFB IRP Phase II Stage 1 investigation describes the general collection of soil, waste and water samples. In addition, methods of preservation, shipping and administrative controls are discussed.



2.0 QUALITY CONTROL PROCEDURES FOR SAMPLING

Based upon the sampling scheme as outlined in the Carswell IRP Description of Work, nearly 200 samples will be collected for chemical analysis. Other samples will be retained for possible future analytical work. The samples will be collected at the following sites:

- o Landfills 1, 4, 5;
- o Unnamed Stream;
- o Fire Protection Training Areas No. 1 and 2;
- o Entomology Dry Well;
- o Flightline Drainage Ditch;
- o POL Tank Farm;
- o Waste Burial Area; and
- o WSA Inspection Shop Site.

Field procedures and QC procedures using in the collection and analysis of the soil and water samples are summarized in the following paragraphs.

Collection of Soil Samples

Procedures to be used in the collection of soil samples are summarized in Table 2-1. QC procedures for soil and water sampling will be an integral part of the sampling methodology. These procedures will focus upon ensuring the collection of representative samples which are free from external contamination. Documentation and chain-of-custody procedures will also be an important part of the sample collection QC effort, which will include the following procedures:

o Split-spoon and hand auger sampling will be used to obtain representative samples from depth specific points, as opposed to sample cuttings which may originate at different points in a borehole.



TABLE 2-1	. PROCEDURES FOR SOIL SAMPLE COLLECTION
Analysis Required	Field Procedure
Purgeable Halocarbons and Aromatics	Prepare a homogeneous soil mixture an 40 ml VOA vials. (1 vial for RAS, 1 Keep samples chilled to 4°C.
Pesticides	Prepare a homogeneous soil mixture and 40 ml VOA vials. (1 vial for RAS, 1 Keep samples chilled to 4°C.
All other parameters	Prepare a homogeneous soil mixture and 1-quart glass jar (1 jar for RAS, 1 for Note: One jar provides RAS with surto perform any or all requested analysamples chilled to 4°C.



- o During the drilling, the Supervising ceologist will describe the cuttings coming to the surface on the auger flights. This will serve as a general log to be confirmed by description of split-spoon samples.
- o The split-spoon or hand auger sampler will be cleaned between each sampling to prevent cross-contamination of the samples.
- o All soil and water samples for chemical analysis will be collected in duplicate (i.e., split samples). These samples will be split with OEHL.
- Also, soil and water samples will be analyzed in duplicate at a frequency of 10% for analytical quality control.

 Duplicates will be carried through the entire analytical scheme independently, including the extraction and digestion steps as applicable.
- o After sample collection, each sample will be logged into a master sample logbook (bound, paginated, laboratory note-book) which as a minimum indicates the date and time of sample collection, sample type, and initials of the person who collected the sample.
- o Soil samples will be frozen until analysis.
- o Chain-of-custody forms (Figure 2-1) will be used to document all Radian and USAF transfers of sample possession from initial preparation of the sample container to final disposition of the sample.
- o Additional information is required for samples shipped to OEHL. Table 2-2 shows a list of information, most of which will be provided on the sample container label.



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CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

	119	nd Sample No
Company Sampled / Address		
Sample Point Description	·	
Stream Characteristics:		
Temperature	Flow	pH
Visual Observations/Comments		
Collector's Name	Date/Time Sampled	
Amount of Sample Collected		
Sample Description		
	10°C 🗆 Other	
•	☐ Return unused portion of sample ☐ Hazards	•
☐ Hazardous sample (see below)	☐ Non-hazardou	s sample
□ Toxic	☐ Skin irritant	☐ Flammable (FP< 40°C
□ Pyrophoric	☐ Lachrymator	□ Shock sensitive
□ Acidic	☐ Biological	□ Carcinogenic - suspect
☐ Caustic	☐ Peroxide	☐ Radioactive
☐ Other		
Sample Allocation/Chain of Possessic	on:	
Organization Name		
Received By	Date Received	Time
Transported By	Lab Sample No	
Inclusive Dates of Possession		
	······································	
	Date Received	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Lab Sample No	
Inclusive Dates of Possession		
Organization Name		
Received By	Date Received	Time
Transported By	Lab Sample No	
Comments		
Inclusive Dates of Possession		

Figure 2-1. Chain-Of-Custody.



TABLE 2-2. INFORMATION TO ACCOMPANY SAMPLES FORWARDED TO OFFIL

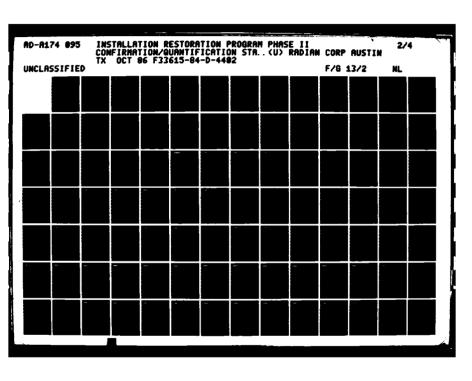
- 1. Installation name (base)
- 2. Purpose of sample (analyte)
- 3. Sample number (on containers)
- 4. Source/Location of sample
- 5. Contract Task Number and Title of Project
- Method of collection (i.e., bailer, suction pump, air-lift pump, split spoon, etc.)
- 7. Volumes removed before sampling
- 8. Special conditions (use of surrogate standard, special nonstandard preservations, etc.)

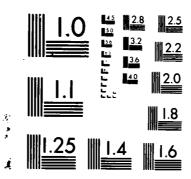
Air Force Form 2752 (see Attachment) also needs to accompany the samples. Instructions for filling out AF Form 2752 are provided.

Collection of Water Samples

Field sampling procedures for ground water and surface water are summarized in Table 2-3. QC efforts associated with ground-water sampling are primarily procedural activities. These procedures focus upon ensuring that the samples are representative of ground water and as free as possible from external and/or cross-contamination. The QC steps for ground-water sampling include the following:

- o Ground-water levels will be measured and recorded before sampling work begins.
- o All wells will be developed by pumping or bailing in order to remove all fine sediment within the well.





Second register controls supplied advance resident

MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART
NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS:1963-A



TABLE 2-3. PROCEDURES FOR WATER SAMPLE COLLECTION

Analysis Required	Field Procedure
TOC and/or phenol	Collect sufficient water and fill 2 each 500 ml glass jars. Add 2 ml (1 plastic pipet full) of Sulfuric Acid to each jar. (1 jar for RAS, 1 for OEHL.) Keep samples chilled to 4°C.
Purgeable Halocarbons and Aromatics	Collect sufficient water and fill 4 each 40 ml VOA vials to the top (no air bubbles present). Cap and seal the vials. No air bubbles should be present. (2 vials for RAS, 2 for OEHL.) Keep samples chilled.
Lead, Primary Heavy Metals	Collect sufficient water and fill 2 each 500 ml plastic bottles. Add 2 ml (1 plastic pipet full) of Nitric Acid to each bottle (1 bottle for Ras, 1 for OEHL). Keep samples chilled.
Oil and Grease	Collect sufficient water and fill 2 each 1-quart glass bottle nearly to the top. Add 2 ml (1 plastic pipet full) of Sulfuric Acid to each bottle (1 bottle for RAS, 1 for OEHL). Keep samples chilled to 4°C.
TOX	Collect sufficient water and fill 2 each 500 ml glass bottles (1 bottle for RAS, 1 for OHEL). Keep samples chilled to 4°C.
Pesticides	Collect sufficient water and fill 2 each 1-liter glass bottles with teflon liners (1 bottle for RAS, 1 for OEHL). Keep samples chilled to 4°C.
Radiochemical	Collect sufficient water and fill 2 each 1-liter glass bottles (1 bottle for RAS, 1 for OEHL). Keep samples chilled to 4°C.



- o All sampling equipment will be thoroughly cleaned before the start of work and between wells.
- O Upgradient wells will be sampled first in order to further minimize possible transfer of contaminants, if present, among the wells.
- o All wells will be purged with a PVC or Teflon bailer or a submersible bladder pump prior to sampling. Purging will continue until the pH and specific conductance of the water stabilizes or until at least three well volumes of water have been removed.
- o Following purging, wells will be allowed to recover prior to sampling.
- o Samples will be transferred to containers with a minimum of agitation and disturbance.
- o A sufficient volume of ground water will be collected so that samples can be split with OEHL and a replicate of each retained for Radian Analytical Services.
- All samples will be refrigerated (i.e. iced) during transportation and storage.
- o Blind duplicate samples will be prepared and submitted for analysis at a frequency of 20% to provide a measure of sampling and analytical variability (precision).



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In addition to these procedures, chain of custody documentation (Figure 2-1) will accompany all samples. The chain of custody records will contain, at a minimum, the following information:

- o Time, date, and location of sampling, and name of person performing sampling;
- Number, depth, and type of sample;
- o Conditions encountered during well evacuation and water sample collection;
- o The signature of the responsible on-site hydrogeologist and the time and date he relinquished the samples to either the field laboratory technician or the transporter who will deliver samples to the analytical laboratory.



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3.0 QUALITY CONTROL PROCEDURES FOR ANALYSES

In addition to the sampling QC procedures described in Section 2.0, specific QC procedures and criteria will be associated with the various analyses. These QC procedures are project-specific and complement the ongoing QC program conducted routinely in the laboratory.

3.1 Analysis of Metals

Heavy metals will be determined after acid extraction in accordance with EPA methods. Determination for these metals will involve both inductively coupled plasma emission spectrometry (ICPES) and atomic absorption spectroscopy (AAS). The metals to be analyzed, the analytical method for each metal, and EPA method references are presented in Table 3-1. Calibration and QC procedures for metals analyses are discussed below. These procedures are based upon EPA recommended procedures for the 200 Series Methods.

Calibration curves will be generated daily for each metal species using a reagent blank and a minimum of three upscale concentrations. A calibration curve will be considered acceptable if the correlation coefficient is ≥ 0.995 . A new calibration curve will be generated after analysis of no more than 20 samples. The new curve will be acceptable if it meets the linearity criterion above, and if the slope agrees with that of the previous curve within $\pm 10\%$.

3.2 Analysis of Purgeable Organics

Purgeable organics in water will be determined by EPA Methods 601 and 602 (Methods 8010 and 8020 for soil). Detection limits and holding times are provided in Table 3-1. QC procedures for these methods involve quadruplicate analyses of reagent water spiked with a "quality control check sample concentrate" and a "surrogate standard". Average percent recoveries and standard deviations are then calculated for each compound and compared to EPA values to determine acceptability. These data should be available for inspection, but the acceptability test need not be repeated specifically for this project.



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TABLE 3-1. ANALYTICAL METHODS AND DETECTION LIMITS

Peremeter	EPA Method	Detection Limit* [Water]	Detection Limit* (Soil)	Holding Time
COD .	410.1/410.2	1.0 mg/L	NA NA	28 day a
Oil and Grease	413.2	1.0 mg/L	10.0 u/g	28 days
Phenols	420.2	0.005 mg/L	0.1 ug/g	28 day s
TOC	415.1	1.0 mg/L	NA	28 days
тох	9020	0.01 mg/L	NA	14 days
Primary Heavy Metals				
Armic .	200.7	0.060 mg/L	3.0 ug/g	8 months
Seri um	200,7	ND	NO	6 months
Cin die 1 um	200.7	0.002 mg/L	0.40 ug/g	6 months
Chromi um	200.7	0.005 mg/L	NO	24 hours
Lead	200,7	0.080 mg/l.	4.0 ug/g	6 months
Hercury	24.51	0.0002 mg/L	0.05 ug/g	28 days
Seleni un	200.7	0.080 mg/L	4.0 ug/g	6 months
Silver	200.7	0.002 mg/L	0.020 ug/g	6 months
EP Toxicity: 1310				
Armento		NA	0.060 ug/ml	
Bari um		NA	ND	
Codetus		NA	0.002 ug/ml	
Chront un		NA	0.005 ug/ml	
Leed		NA	0.080 ug/ml	
Hercury		NA	0.0002 ug/ml	
Set ent un		NA	0.080 ug/ml	
Silver		NA	0.002 ug/ml	
Pesticides: 808				7 days
Lindene		0.1 ug/L	0.1 ug/L	(extrection)
Endrin		0.1 ug/L	0.1 ug/L	40 days
Hethoxychlor		1.0 ug/L	1.0 ug/L	(analysis)
Toxephene		1.0 ug/L	1.0 ug/L	
ChLordane		1.0 ug/L	1.0 ug/L	
Herbicides: Standard Hethod 5098				
2,4-0		5.0 ug/L	0.2 ug/L	
2,4,5-TP (Silvex)		5.0 ug/L	0.2 ug/L	
2,4,5-T		5,0 ug/L	0.2 ug/L	

(Continued)

TABLE 3-1. (Continued)

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		TABLE 3	-1. (Continued	1)	
:	Peremeter	EPA Method	Detection Limit* (Water)	Detection Limit ^e (Sail)	HoLd1ng T
	Purgeable Arcmatics: 602	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	Benz ens		0.2 ug/L		14 days
	Toluene Ethy I Benzene		0,2 ug/L 0,2 ug/L		14 days 14 days
	1,3-01 chlorobenzene		0.4 ug/L		14 days
	1 ,2-01 chil orobenzene		0.4 ug/L		14 days
	1,4-D1 chl orobenzene		0.3 ug/L		14 days
	Punnahia Haisusas and				
•	Purgeable Halogens: 601 Chloromethene		0.08 ug/L		14 days
	Branae thene		1.18 ug/L		14 days
	Viny L Chlorida		0.18 ug/L		14 days
	Chi, or on the ne		0.52 ug/L		14 days
	Hethy Lene Chieride		0.25 ug/L		14 days
	Tri chi orofi vorame thene 1 ,1-Di chi oroe thene		NO 0.13 ug/L		14 days
	1 -1-Di chi oros thene		0.07 ug/L		14 days
	trens-1 ,2-01 chL orce thens		0.10 ug/L		14 days
	Chioroform		0.05 ug/L		14 days
	1,2-D1 chlords thens		0.03 ug/L		14 days
	1,1,1-Trichtoroethane		0.03 ug/L		14 days
	Carbon Tetrachi ori de Bronodi chi oromethene		0.12 ug/L 0.10 ug/L		14 days
	1 ,2-01 cht oropropene		0.04 ug/L		14 days
	trane-1 -3Di chi ara propene		0.34 ug/L		14 days
	Tri chLoraethene		0.12 ug/L		14 days
	Di bromochi orome thene		0.09 ug/L		14 days
	1,1,2—Tri chi creathans ci =-1,3—Di chi crepropana		0.02 ug/L 0.20 ug/L		14 days
	2-Chloraethylvinyl Ether		0.13 ug/L		14 days
	Brandform		0.20 ug/L		14 days
	1,1,2,2—Tetrechlorcethene		0.03 ug/L		14 days
	Tetrachi or cethy Lene		0.03 ug/L		14 days
	Ch Larobenzene		0.25 ug/L		14 days
	1 ,3-01 chlorobenzene 1 ,2-01 chlorobenzene		0.32 ug/L 0.15 ug/L		14 days
	1,4-01 cht orobenzene		0.15 ug/L 0.24 ug/L		14 days
					ueye
ſ	Redicohemical:				
	gross A	900 .0	ND		6 month
	gross 8	900 .0	ND		6 month
f	Total Redium		ND .		6 month
•					
•	* Detection Limits can v	very upwards if the	sample is diluted.		
	ND = Not determined				
	NA = Not applicable				
f	SOURCES:				
	EPA, June 1982, "Test Me EPA-600/4-82-057.	ithods for Organic	Chamaical Analysis of H	unicipel and Industri	el Vestewate
	EPA, March 1983, "Method	Je for Chemical Ana	Lysis of Water and Wes	tes", EPA-800/4-79-02	o.
	Carawell RAS Reports, Fe	ıbMay 1985.			
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Duplicate samples will be analyzed at a frequency of 30% to provide a measure of samling and analytical variability. These will be blind duplicates submitted by the field sample custodian and will be subject to the complete analytical scheme.

Second gas chromatographic columns for Methods 601 and 602 are required for confirmation whenever the following values are exceeded:

Compound	Concentration (ug/L)
Benzene	0.7
Carbon Tetrachloride	4.0
Chloroform	10.0
Dichlorethane	0.1
Methylene Chloride	4.0
Tetrachloroethylene	4.0
Toluene	10.0
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	10.0
Trichloroethylene	1.0
Vinyl Chloride	1.0
Dichlorobenzene isomers	>10
Other organics	10

Tables 3-2 and 3-3 provide information on second column confirmation data for these methods.

RADIAN

TABLE 3-2. SECOND COLUMN CONFIRMATION DATA FOR EPA METHOD 601

Compound	Retention Times	
	lst Column*	2nd Column**
Chlorome thane	2.09	4.58
Bromomethane	3.37	5.98
Vinyl chloride	4.14	4.58
Chloroethane	5.24	7.82
Methylene chloride	7.39	9.40
Trichlorofluoromethane	9.39	5.15
l,l-Dichloroethene	10.09	6.53
l,1-Dichloroethane	11.30	11.88
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	12.08	8.44
Chloroform	12.54	11.40
l,2-Dichloroethane	13.32	15.37
l,l,l-Trichloroethane	14.59	12.17
Carbon tetrachloride	14.97	9.66
Bromodichloromethane	15.46	14.04
l,2-Dichloropropane	16.88	17.04
Trichloroethene	17.73	12.17
Dibromochlormethane	18.28	16.68
2-Chloroethylvinyl ether	19.56	ND
Bromoform	21.03	19.21
Tetrachloroethylene	23.52	14.04
Chlorobenzene	26.15	18.91
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	39.44	22.58
l,2-Dichlorobenzene	40.65	23.87
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	41.42	22.58

*1st Column: Packing: Carbopack B 60/80 mesh w/1% SP-1000 8' x 1/4" OD

glass column

Carrier Gas: Helium @ 40 ml/min

Initial Temp: 45°C
Initial Hold: 3 min
Program rate: 8°C/min
Final temp: 200°C
Final hold: 15 min

**2nd Column: Packing: Porpak-C 1 w/120 mesh w/N-octane 6' x 1/4: OD glass

column

Carrier Gas: Helium @ 40 ml/min

Initial Temp: 50°C Initial Hold: 3 min Program rate: 6°C/min Final temp: 170°C Final hold: 4 min



TABLE 3-3. SECOND COLUMN CONFIRMATION DATA FOR EPA METHOD 601

	Reten	Retention Times		
Compound	1st Column*	2nd Column**		
Benzene	4.72	6.04		
Toluene	7.54	8.93		
Ethyl benzene	11.04	12.12		
l,4-Dichlorobenzene	17.47	25.25		
l,3-Dichlorobenzene	18.31	23.77		
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	23.17	28.91		

*1st Column: Packing: Supelcoport 100/120 mesh w/5% SR 1200 and 1.75

Bentone-34 6' x 1/4" glass column

Carrier Gas: Nitrogen @ 40 mL/min

Initial Temp: 50°C
Initial Hold: 5 min
Program rate: 8°C/min

Final temp: 90°C

**2nd Column: Packing: Chromasorb W-AW 60/80 mesh w/5% 1,2,3-tris(2-

Cyanoethyoxy) propane 6' x 1/4" OD glass column

Carrier Gas: Nitrogen @ 40 mL/min

Initial Temp: 40°C
Initial Hold: 2 min
Program rate: 2°C/min
Final temp: 100°C



ATTACHMENT

AF Form 2752 - Environmental Sampling Data

ENVIRONMENTAL	SAMPLING DATA	OEHL USE ONLY	
(Use this space for mechanical imprint)			
		BASE WHERE SAMPLE COLLECTED	
		·	
		SAMPLING SITE DESCRIPTION	
DATE COLLECTION BEGAN (YYMMDD)	TIME COLLECTION JEGAN (24 hour clock)	COLLECTION METHOD	
	120 1100 1000	GRAB COMPOSITE	HOURS
MAIL ORIGINAL REPORTS			
TO COPY 1			
changed) COPY 2			
SAMPLE COLLECTED BY (Name,	Grade,AFSC)	SIGNATURE	AUTOVON
REASON FOR	A-ACCIDENT/INCIDENT	C-COMPLAINT F-FOLLOWUP/C	LEANUP
SUBMISSION	R-ROUTINE/PERIODIC	N-NPDES O-OTHER (epeci	
BASE SAMPLE NUMBER		OEHL PID	
	ANALYSES REQUESTS	D (check appropriate blocks)	
GROUP A	000	50086	GROUP T
00610	Hardness 010	Residue.Settleable 00505	32104
Ammonia 00340 Chemical Oxygen Demand	Iron 010	Residue. Volatile 00955	Bromoform
1 ! 00023	Lead 009	Silica 00095	Bromodichloromethane
Kjeldahl Nitrogen 00620	Magnesium 010	Specific Conductance	Carbon Tetraculonde
Nitrate 00615	Manganese 719		Chloroform 34418
Nitrite	Mercury	Suinte 39260	1 CTIOLOGECTAME
Oil & Grease 00580	Pricket	Surfactants -MBAS	Dibromochloromethane 32105
Organic Carbon	Potassium	iurbidity	memviede Calonde
Orthophosphate	Selenium	077	1 euscatoroematene
Phosphorus, Total 00065	Pilver	929 GROUP H	70100
GROUP D	Sodium	303401	Themore myrene
00720	Inattion	DOC ISOMETS	PCBs 39516
Cvanide, Tot	2100	Chlordane 39370	PCBS
Cyanide, Free 00722	 	DDT Isomers	
GROUP E	GROUP	Dieldrin	
20770	20	509 30410	
Phenois 32/30	Acidity, Iotal	Heptachlor	
GROUP F	Alkalinity, Total Alkalinity, Bicarbonate 00	Hebtachtor Epoxide	
01097	71	270	
Anumony	Bromde	Methoxychlor 405 Toxaphene 39400	
Aisente	200	940 2,4-D 39730	
Baildui	Cintorial		ON SITE ANALYSES
01022	000	251	Parameter Value
01027	71	2,4,5-1	Flow 50050 mgd
Cadmium	160106	086	Chlorine, Total mg/
01034	10001	500	Dissolved Crysen me
Chromium, Lotal	Residue, Total		pH 00400 units
Chromium VI 01032	00	530 007451	Temperature 00010 oC
Copper COMMENTS	Residue, Nonfilterable	Sulfides 00/43	
		<u> </u>	

AF FORM 2752

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING AF FORM 2752, ENVIRONMENTAL SAMPLING DATA

The purpose of this form is to record environmental and drinking water sampling information. The form will be used for submitting environmental and drinking water samples (except radiological samples) to the USAF Occupational and Environmental Health Laboratory (USAF OEHL). Use AF Form 2753 for radiological sampling data.

- 1. Identification Data. Plastic embossed cards for recording identification data may be used in lieu of the following handwritten entries:
- a. Sampling Site Identifier. Enter code for Sampling Site Identifier (see page 3).
 - b. Base. Enter name of base where sample is collected.
 - c. Sampling Site Description. Enter name of sampling site.
- 2. Date Collection Began. Enter date sample collection began (e.g., if Jan 14, 1981, enter 81/01/14).
- 3. Time Collection Began. Enter time (24-hour clock) sample collection began.
- 4. Collection Method. Check whether sample was a grab sample or a composite sample. If a composite sample, enter number of hours from beginning to the completion of compositing.
- 5. Mail Reports To. Enter four-digit base code in small boxes (same code as first four digits of environmental identifier if same base). Enter mailing addresses where analysis results will be sent. Include unit designation, office symbol, base, state, and ZIP code.
- 6. Sample Collected By. Enter name (last name only), grade and AFSC of individual collecting sample.
- 7. Signature. Enter signature of individual collecting sample.
- 8. AUTOVON. Enter AUTOVON number of responsible individual who can answer questions from the laboratory concerning the sample.
- 9. Reasons for Submission. Enter code (in the box to the right of shaded "E") indicating reason for submitting sample.
- 10. Base Sample Number. Enter eight-digit coded base sample number for each sample. See pages 4-5.
- 11. OEHL PID. Leave blank.

- 12. Analysis Requested. Check the block to the left of the analyses desired. For parameters not listed, enter parameter name and number in the blank spaces provided under the appropriate preservation group. Continue in the Comments Section if required.
- 13. On-Site Analyses. Enter results of any on-site analyses. For parameters not listed, enter parameter name, number, value and unit in the blank spaces provided.
- 14. Preserve a one liter (one quart) sample as shown in page 7 for each group in which an analysis is requested.
- 15. Submit one copy of the completed form in a waterproof envelope with the sample to USAF OEHL/SA, Building 140, Brooks AFB TX 78235.

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THE SAMPLING SITE IDENTIFIER

- 1. All environmental monitoring and drinking water sampling sites must be identified in a standardized manner. The sampling site identifier will be used for local identification purposes and will be the primary identifier for environmental data stored in a central Automatic Data Processing (ADP) repository.
- 2. The sampling site identifier is nine alphanumeric characters made up of the installation code, followed by the sampling site type code and the sampling location number.
- a. Installation Code. The four-digit number now used for the film dosimetry program with a zero prefix (available from project monitor or base bioenvironmental engineer).
- b. Sampling Site Type. A two-letter code to identify the source of the sample (see para 5 of this attachment for the complete list).
 - c. Sample Location Number. A three-digit number assigned locally.
- 3. The code formed when the three elements are combined is unique for a particular sampling point. If the sampling location is taken out of service, destroyed or no longer used, the code will not be reassigned to another sampling site nor used again.
- 4. The new code will look like this:

Installation	Sample	Sample	
Code	Type	Location	
0 1 2 3	AB	456	

5. Sample Type Codes:

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Sampling Site Type	<u>Code</u>
Air	AO
Nonpotable water, source (effluent) Nonpotable water, process	NS NP
Nonpotable water, ambient	N P N A
Potable water, distribution system	PD
Potable water, ground water (untreated)	PG
Potable water, surface water (untreated)	PS
Potable water, other	PO
Solid	SO

CODED BASE SAMPLE NUMBER

This section contains accepted environmental sampling methods recommended by the USAF OEHL. The basis for any monitoring program rests upon information obtained from sampling. Improper sampling can negate even the most careful and accurate work performed by the remainder of the monitoring team. Therefore, the proper selection, collection, identification and shipment of environmental samples are paramount for a successful monitoring program. (General instructions for packaging and shipping samples are contained in Section V). Additional information can be obtained from:

USAF OEHL/ECA AUTOVON 240-2891 or (512) 536-2891 USAF OEHL/ECW AUTOVON 240-3305 or (512) 536-3305 USAF OEHL/ECE AUTOVON 240-3667 or (512) 536-3667

ASSIGNMENT OF BASE SAMPLE NUMBERS

Environmental samples that are collected at base level must be assigned a sample number, regardless of whether they are analyzed locally or at a central laboratory such as the USAF OEHL. This coded sample number will enable the analysis results to be ultimately stored in and retrieved from a central data repository. A sample number code consists of eight digits. The first two digits classify the sample as to the method and type of sample. The next two digits identify the calendar year that the sample was taken and the last four digits identify the locally assigned sample number, progressing in numerical sequence from sample number 0001 to sample number 9999. Sample number codes follow:

a. First 2 digits

(1) Digit #1 -

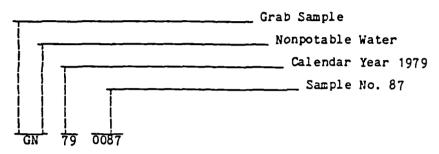
Sample Method	<u>Code</u>
Grab Sample	G
Composite Sample	С

(2) Digit #2 -

Sample Type	Code
Nonpotable	N
Potable Water	P
Residue (Incinerator Ash)	ח
Sludge (Wet or Dry)	L
Soil	S
Unclassified	С
Vegetation	V

- b. Next 2 digits Code for sample year using last two numbers of calendar year in which sample was taken. Example: Code for CY 1981 is 81.
- c. Last 4 digits Code for locally assigned, numerically sequenced sample number. Example: Code for thirteenth sample taken during a calendar year is 0013.

Completed Base Sample Number. To illustrate a completed code, consider an environmental water sample taken to characterize storm water runoff. The sample was a grab sample taken from a storm drain. Eighty-six other samples had already been taken at the base that year (CY 1979). The sample would be:



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USAF OEHL WORK CENTER CODES

	Analysis of Industrial Hygiene Samples
1XX	Liquid Media or Eluent for Tube Analysis
2XX	Liquid Media or Eluent for Pesticide Type Analysis
3XX	Eluent or Solvent for Metals Analysis
4XX	Collection Media Colorimetric Analysis
5XX	Media for Gravimetric/Physical Observations
6XX	Media for Volumetric/Electrometric AN
7XX	Media for Liquid Chromatography
9XX	Special Modification
1XXX	Special Analysis (Bulk Industrial Products)
9XXX	Analysis of Biological Materials
1XXXX	Analysis of Water or Soil (Environmental) Samples
	10100-10199 A Preservation Group
	10300-10399 D Preservation Group (Cyanides)
	10400-10499 E Preservation Group (Phenols)
	10500-10599 F Preservation Group (Metals)
	10600-10699 G Preservation Group (Unpreserved)
	10600 J Preservation Group (Sulfides)
	10700-10799 H Preservation Group (Pesticides)
	10800-10899 T Preservation Group (Trace Organics)
2XXXX	Radioassay of Materials

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PRESERVATION METHODS*

NOTE: A preservative must be added immediately after collection unless the sample is to be analyzed for dissolved materials. For dissolved materials analysis, filter as soon as possible, and then add the preservative.

GROUP		DESCRIPTION
A	(A1XX) (A2XX)	Cool to 4°C; add sulfuric acid to pH <2; submit 1 liter in a polyethylene or glass container. Same as Group A1XX except that a separate 1 liter individual sample must be submitted in a glass container.
D	(D1XX)	Cool to 4°C; add sodium hydroxide to pH >12; add sodium thiosulfate if residual chlorine exists in the sample. Submit 1 liter in a polyethylene or glass container.
E	(E1XX)	Cool to 4°C; add sulfuric acid to pH <2; submit 1 liter in a polyethylene or glass container.
F	(F1XX)	Add nitric acid to pH <2; submit 1 liter in a polyethylene or glass container.
	(F2XX)	This group is for boron. Do not add nitric acid to this groupno preservative is necessary. Do not, under any circumstances, submit sample in a glass container.
G	(G1XX)	Cool to 4°C; add no other preservative; submit 1 liter in a glass or polyethylene container.
	(G3XX)	This group is for asbestos. No other preservative is necessary.
H	(H1XX)	Cool to 4° C; add sodium thiosulfate if residual chlorine exists in sample; submit 1 liter in glass container with Teflon ^R lined cap.
	(H2XX)	These analytes degrade rapidly and it is generally not feasible to submit samples for this analyte. If it is necesary call USAF OEHL/SAN [AUTOVON 240-3626 or (512) . 536-3626/Mr Nishioka].
J	(J1XX)	This sample is for sulfides. Cool to 4°C; add 2 ml of a 22% zinc acetate solution per liter of sample. Submit 1 liter in a glass or polyethylene container.
T	(T1XX)	Submit only in special containers obtained from USAF OEHL/SAN [AUTOVON 240-3626 or (512) 536-3626/Mr Roariguez].
	(T4XX)	Cool to 4°C; add sodium thiosulfate if residual chlorine exists in sample; submit ! liter in glass container with Teflon lined cap.

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^{*}These instructions supersede all previously issued preservation instructions.

STORET #	N A ME	PRESERVATIVE WORK CENTER	NOTES	REF.
34205	ACENAPHTHENE	T4XX-10820	С	E6 10
34200	ACEN A PH TH YLENE	T4XX-10820	С	E610
1001462AD	ACID EXTRACT. PRIORITY POLLUTANT	T4XX-10810	С	E625
00436	ACIDITY (MINERAL)	G1XX-10610	A	E305
70508	ACIDITY (TOTAL)	G1XX-10610	A	E305
34210	ACROLEIN	T4XX-10820	С	E603
34215	ACRYLONITRILE	T4XX-10820	С	E603
70312 "	AGGRESSIVE INDEX	G1XX-10000		
39330	ALDRIN	H1XX-10700	С	E6 08
00425	ALKALINITY (BICARBONATE)	G1XX-10610	A	A403
00430	ALKALINITY (CARBONATE)	G1XX-10610	A	A403
00420	ALKALINITY (HYDROXIDE)	G1XX-10610	A	A403
00415	ALKALINITY (PHENOLTHALEIN)	G1XX-10610	A	A403
00410	ALKALINITY (TOTAL)	G1XX-10610	A	A403
01106	ALUMINUM (DISSOLVED)	F1XX-10500	A	E202
01105	ALUMINUM (TOTAL)	F1XX-10500	A	£202
00610	AMMONIA (NITROGEN)	A1XX-10110	A	E350
34420	AN THRACENE	T4XX-10820	С	E610
34556	DIBENZO(a, h) ANTHRACENE	T4XX-10820	С	E610
01095	ANTIMONY (DISSOLVED)	F1XX-10520	A	E204
01097	ANTIMONY (TOTAL)	F1XX-10510	A	E204
01000	ARSENIC (DISSOLVED)	F1XX-10520	A	E206

STORET #	NAME	PRESERVATIVE WORK CENTER	NOTES	REF.
01002	ARSENIC (TOTAL)	F1XX-10510	A	E206
34225	ASBESTOS	G3XX-10000	С	С
01005	BARIUM (DISSOLVED)	F1XX-10520	A	E208
01007	BARIUM (TOTAL)	F1XX-10510	A	E208
1001463BE	BASE/NEUTRAL EXTR. PRI. POLLUT.	T4XX-10820	С	E625
34030	BENZENE (OBTAIN SPECIAL CONTAINER FROM LAB)	T1XX-10850	F	E503
39120	BENZIDINE	T4XX-10820	С	E605
34526	BENZO(a)ANTHRACENE	T4XX-10820	С	E6 10
34230	BENZO(b)FLUORANTHENE	T4XX-10820	С	E6 10
34242	BENZO(k)FLUORANTHENE	T4XX-10820	С	E6 10
34247	BENZO(a)PYRENE	T4XX-10820	С	E6 10
34521	BENZO(ghi)PERYLENE	T4XX-10820	С	E6 10
01010	BERYLLIUM (DISSOLVED) .	F1XX-10520	A	E210
01012	BERYLLIUM (TOTAL)	F1XX-10510	A	E210
39340	BHC ISOMERS	H1XX-10700	С	E6 08
39337	a-BHC	H1XX-10700	С	E6 08
39338	b-BHC	H1XX-10700	С	E6 08
34259	d-BHC	H1XX-10700	С	E6 08
00310	*BOD (BIOCHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND)	G1XX-10000	AX	
01020	BORON (DISSOLVED)	F1XX-10500	В	A404B
01022	BORON (TOTAL)	F1XX-10500	В	A404B

STORET #	NAME	PRESERVATIVE WORK CENTER	NOTES	REF.
7 1870	BROMIDES	G1XX-10630	A	A405
32101	BROMODICHLOROMETHANE (OBTAIN SPECIAL CONTAINER FROM LAB)	T1XX-10860	D	E501
32104	BROMOFORM (OBTAIN SPECIAL CONTAINER FROM LAB)	T1XX-10860	D	E501
34413	BROMOMETHANE (OBTAIN SPECIAL CONTAINER FROM LAB)	T1XX-10860	D	E501
01025	CADMIUM (DISSOLVED)	F1XX-10520	A	E213
01027	CADMIUM (TOTAL)	F1XX-10510	A	E213
00915	CALCIUM (DISSOLVED)	F1XX-10520	A	E215
00916	CALCIUM (TOTAL)	F1XX-10510	A	E215
00405	CARBON DIOXIDE (CALCULATED)	G1XX-10610	A	A406
32102	CARBON TETRACHLORIDE (OBTAIN SPECIAL CONTAINER FROM LAB)	T1XX-10860	D	E601
00340	CHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND (COD)	A1XX-10130	A	A508 A
39350	CHLORDANE	H1XX-10700	С	A509
00940	CHLORIDES	G1XX-10630	A	E325
50064	*CHLORINE (FREE AVAILABLE)	G1XX-10000	X	•
50066	*CHLORINE (COMBINED AVAILABLE)	G1XX-10000	x	
50060	*CHLORINE (TOTAL RESIDUAL)	G1XX-10000	x	
34301	CHLOROBENZENE (OBTAIN SPECIAL CONTAINER FROM LAB)	T1XX-10850	F	E601
32106	CHLOROFORM (OBTAIN SPECIAL CONTAINER FROM LAB)	T1XX-10800	D	E601

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STORET #	NAME	PRESERVATIVE WORK CENTER	NOTES	REF.
34311	CHLOROETHANE (OBTAIN SPECIAL CONTAINER FROM LAB)	T1XX-10860	D	E601
34273	BIS(2-CHLOROETHYL) ETHER	T4XX-10820	С	E611
34278	BIS(2-CHLOROETHOXY)METHANE	T4XX-10820	С	E611
34283	BIS(2-CHLOROISOPROPYL)ETHER	T4XX-10820	С	E611
34576	CHLOROETHYLVINYL ETHER (OBTAIN SPECIAL CONTAINER FROM LAB)	T1XX-10860	D	E602
34418	CHLOROMETHANE (OBTAIN SPECIAL CONTAINER FROM LAB)	T1XX-10860	D	E602
34518	2-CHLORON A PHTH ALENE	T4XX-10820	С	E612
01030	CHROMIUM (DISSOLVED)	F1XX-10520	A	E218
01032	CHROMIUM (HEXAVALENT)	F1XX-10510	AX	A312B
01034	CHROMIUM (TOTAL)	F1XX-10510	A	E218
34320	CHRYSENE	T4XX-10820	С	E610
01035	COBALT (DISSOLVED)	F1XX-10500	A	E219
01037	COBALT (TOTAL)	F1XX-10500	A	E219
31501	*COLIFORM (TOTAL)	G1XX-10000	x	
08000	COLOR	G1XX-10620	A	E110
01040	COPPER (DISSOLVED)	F1XX-10520	A	E220
01042	COPPER (TOTAL)	F1XX-10510	A	E220
00720	CYANIDES (TOTAL)	D1XX-10300	A	A4 1 2D
00722	CYANIDES (AMENABLE TO CHLORINE)	D1XX-10300	A	A4 1 2D
39730	2,4-D	H1XX-10700	С	A509

STORET #	n a me	PRESERVATIVE WORK CENTER	NOTES	REF.
39310	4,4'-DDD	H1XX-10700	С	E6 08
39320	4,4'-DDE	H1XX-10700	С	E608
39300	4,4'-DDT	H1XX-10700	С	E608
39370	DDT ISOMERS	H1XX-10700	С	A509
39570	DIAZINON	H2XX-10700	С	A509
32105	DIBROMO CHLOROMETHANE (OBTAIN SPECIAL CONTAINER FROM LAB	T1XX-10860	D	E501
34536	1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE (ORTHO) (OBTAIN SPECIAL CONTAINER FROM LAB	T1XX-10850	F	E602
34566	1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE (META) (OBTAIN SPECIAL CONTAINER FROM LAB	T1XX-10850	F	E602
34571	1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE (PARA) (OBTAIN SPECIAL CONTAINER FROM LAB	T1XX-10850	F	E602
34631	3,3'-DICHLOROBENZIDENE	T4XX-10820	С	E605
34668	DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE (OBTAIN SPECIAL CONTAINER FROM LAB	T1XX-10860	D	E601
34496	1,1-DICHLOROETHANE (OBTAIN SPECIAL CONTAINER FROM LAB	T1XX-10860	D	E601
32103	1,2-DICHLOROETHANE (OBTAIN SPECIAL CONTAINER FROM LAB	T1XX-10860	D	£601
34501	1,1-DICHLOROETHENE (OBTAIN SPECIAL CONTAINER FROM LAB	T1XX-10860	D	E601
34546	1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE (OBTAIN SPECIAL CONTAINER FROM LAB	T1XX-10860	D	E601
34423	DICHLOROMETHANE (OBTAIN SPECIAL CONTAINER FROM LAB	T1XX-10860	D	E601

	RECOMMENDED ENVIRONMENTAL SAMPLI	NG METHODS		
STORET #	N AME	PRESERVATIVE WORK CENTER	NOTES	REF.
34451	1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE (OBTAIN SPECIAL CONTAINER FROM LAB)	T1XX-10860	D	E60
34704	CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE (OBTAIN SPECIAL CONTAINER FROM LAB)	T1XX-10860	D	E60
34699	TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE (OBTAIN SPECIAL CONTAINER FROM LAB)	T1XX-10860	D	E60
39380	DIELDRIN	H1XX-10700	С	E608
34611	2,4-DINITROTOLUERE	T4XX-10820	С	E609
34626	2,6-DINITROTOLUENE	T4XX-10820	С	E609
00300 *	*DISSOLVED OXYGEN	G1XX-10000	CX	
34641	DURSBAN	H1XX-10700	С	E6 11
34361	ENDOSULFAN I	H1XX-10700	С	E608
34356	ENDOSULFAN II	H1XX-10700	С	E608
34351	ENDOSULFAN SULFATE	H1XX-10700	С	E608
39390	ENDRIN	H1XX-10700	С	E608
34366	ENDRIN ALDEHYDE	H1XX-10700	С	E608
34371	ETHYLBENZENE (OBTAIN SPECIAL CONTAINER FROM LAB)	T1XX-10850	F	E602
31613	*FECAL COLIFORM	G1XX-10000	X	
31673	*FECAL STREPTOCOCCI	G1XX-10000	x	
34376	FLUOROANTHENE	T4XX-10820	С	E6 10
34381	FLUORENE	T4XX-10820	С	E6 10
00951	FLUORIDES	G1XX-10630	В	E340
38260	FOAMING AGENTS (SEE SURFACTANTS)	G1XX-10620	ΑX	E425

STORET #	N A ME	PRESERVATIVE WORK CENTER	NOTES	REF.
00901	HARDNESS (CARBONATE)	G1XX-10600	A	A314A
00902	HARDNESS (NONCARBONATE)	G1XX-10600		
00900	HARDNESS (TOTAL)	F1XX-10510	A	A3 14A
39410	HEPTACHLOR	H1XX-10700	С	A509
39420	HEPTACHLOR EPOXIDE	H1XX-10700	С	E6 C8
39700	HE XA CHLOROBENZ EN E	T4XX-10820	С	E608
34391	HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE	T4XX-10820	С	E6 12
34386	HEXACHLOROCYCLOPENTADIENE	T4XX-10820	С	E6 12
34396	HEXACHLOROETHANE	T4XX-10820	С	E612
00400	*HYDROGEN ION (pH)	G1XX-10000	AX	E150
34403	INDENO(1,3-CD)PYRENE	T4XX-10820	С	E6 10
7 1865	IODIDES	G1XX-10630	AX	E345
01046	IRON (DISSOLVED)	F1XX-10520	A	E236
01045	IRON (TOTAL)	F1XX-10510	A	E236
34408	ISOPHORONE	T4XX-10820	С	E609
00625	KJELDAHL NITROGEN (TOTAL)	A1XX-10110	A	.E351
70311	LANGLIER INDEX	G1XX-10000	A	A203
01049	LEAD (DISSOLVED)	F1XX-10520	A	E239
01051	LEAD (TOTAL)	F1XX-10510	A	E239
39782	LINDANE	H1XX-10700	С	E6 C8
00925	MAGNESIUM (DISSOLVED)	F1XX-10520	A	E242
00927	MAGNESIUM (TOTAL)	F1XX-10510	A	E242

STORET #	N A ME	PRESERVATIVE WORK CENTER	NOTES	REF.
01056	MANGANESE (DISSOLVED)	F1XX-10520	A	E243
01055	MANGANESE (TOTAL)	F1XX-10510	A	E243
1001465MT	MAXIMUM TRIHALOMETHANE POTENTIAL (OBTAIN SPECIAL CONTAINER FROM LAB)	T1XX-10830	E	E501
38260	MBAS (SEE SURFACTANTS)	G1XX-10620	AX	E425
7 18 9 0	MERCURY (DISSOLVED)	F1XX-10520	A	E245
7 1900	MERCURY (TOTAL)	F1XX-10510	A	E245
39480	ME THOXY CHLOR	H1XX-10700	С	E608
34423	METHYLENE CHLORIDE (OBTAIN SPECIAL CONTAINER FROM LAB)	T1XX-10800	D	E601
81595	METHYL ETHYL KETONE (OBTAIN SPECIAL CONTAINER FROM LAB)	T1XX-10850	D	E503
81596	METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE (OBTAIN SPECIAL CONTAINER FROM LAB)	T1XX-10850	D	E503
01060	MOLYBDENUM (DISSOLVED)	F1XX-10500	A	E246
01062	MOLYBDENUM (TOTAL)	F1XX-10500	A	E246
34301	MONOCHLOROBENZENE (OBTAIN SPECIAL CONTAINER FROM LAB)	T1XX-10800	F	E602
34696	NA PHTHAL EN E	T4XX-10820	С	E6 10
01065	NICKEL (DISSOLVED)	F1XX-10520	A	E249
01067	NICKEL (TOTAL)	F1XX-10510	A	E249
00620	NITRATES (AS NITROGEN)	A1XX-10110	AX	E353
00630	NITRATES-NITRITES	A1XX-10100	AX	E353
00615	NITRITES (AS NITROGEN)	A1XX-10110	AX	E353

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STORET #	N AME	PRESERVATIVE WORK CENTER	NOTES	HEF.
34447	NITROBENZENE	T4XX-10820	С	E609
00625	NITROGEN (TOTAL KJELDAHL)	A1XX-10110	A	E351
34438	N-NITROSODIMETHYLAMINE	T4XX-10820	С	E607
34428	N-NITROSODI-N-PROPYLAMINE	T4XX-10820	С	E607
34433	N-NITROSODIPHENYL AMINE	T4XX-10820	С	E607
00086	#ODOR	G1XX-10620	X	
00560	OIL & GREASE	A2XX-10120	CJ	E413
00680 🦼	ORGANIC CARBON	A1XX-10130	A	E415
00671	ORTHO PHOSPHATE (DISSOLVED)	A1XX-10110	AX	E365
00300	*OXYGEN (DISSOLVED)	G1XX-10000	x	
39516	PCB (POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS)	T4XX-10850	С	E608
00400	*pH (HYDROGEN ION)	G1XX-10000	X	
34461	PHENANTHRENE	T4XX-10820	С	E6 10
32730	PHENOLS	E1XX-10400	A	E420
34452	4-CHLORO-3-METHYLPHENOL	T4XX-10810	С	E604
34586	2-CHLOROPHENOL	T4XX-10810	С	E604
34601	2,4-DICHLOROPHENOL	T4XX-10810	С	E604
34606	2,4-DIMETHYLPHENOL	T4XX-10810	С	E604
34606	2,4-DINITROPHENOL	T4XX-10810	С	E 604
34657	2-METHYL-4,6-DINITROPHENOL	T4XX-10810	С	E604
34591	2-NITROPHENOL	T4XX-10810	С	E604
34646	4-NITROPHENOL	T4XX-10810	С	E604

STORET #	N A ME	PRESERVATIVE WORK CENTER	NOTES	REF.
34694	PENTACHLOROPHENOL	T4XX-10810	С	E604
34621	2,4,6-TRICHLOROPHENOL	T4XX-10810	С	E604
34636	4-BROMO PHEN YL PHEN YLETHER	T4XX-10820	С	E611
34641	4-CHLOROPHENYL PHENYLETHER	T4XX-10820	С	E6 11
00671	PHOSPHATES ORTHO (DISSOLVED)	A1XX-10110	AX	E365
70507	PHOSPHATES ORTHO (TOTAL)	A1XX-10100	A	E365
00665	PHOSPHORUS (TOTAL)	A1XX-10110	A	E365
1000069PH	PHTHALATE ESTER SCREEN	T4XX-10820	С	E6 C6
39100	BIS(2-ETHYLHEXYL)PHTHALATE	T4XX-10820	С	E606
34292	BUTYLBENZYL PHTHALATE	T4XX-10820	С	E606
39110	DI-N-BUTYL PHTHALATE	T4XX-10820	С	E606
34336	DIETHYL PHTHALATE	T4XX-10820	С	E606
34341	DIMETHYL PHTHALATE	T4XX-10820	С	E606
34596	DI-N-OCTYL PHTHALATE	T4XX-10820	С	E606
31751	*PLATE COUNT, TOTAL	G1XX-10000	x	
00935	POTASSIUM (DISSOLVED)	F1XX-10520	A	E 258
00937	POTASSIUM (TOTAL)	F1XX-10510	A	E258
1001462AE	PRIORITY POLLUTANT-ACID EXTR.	T4XX-10810	С	E625
1001463BE	PRIORITY POLLUTANT - BASE/NEUT. EXT	T4XX-10820	С	E625
1001465MT	PRIORITY POLLUTANT - MAX.TRIHALO.PO (OBTAIN SPECIAL CONTAINER FROM LAB)	T1XX-10830	E	E501
82080	PRIORITY POLLUTANT - TOT. TRIHALOMET (OBTAIN SPECIAL CONTAINER FROM LAB)	T1XX-10840	D	E501

	RECOMMENDED ENVIRONMENTAL SAMPLIN	IG ME THODS	
STORET #	NAME	PRESERVATIVE WORK CENTER	NOTE
100146 1PA	PRIORITY POLLUTANT - VOL. AROMATICS (OBTAIN SPECIAL CONTAINER FROM LAB)	T1XX-10850	F
1001460PH	PRIORITY POLLUTANT-VOLATILE HALOCAR (OBTAIN SPECIAL CONTAINER FROM LAB)	T1XX-10860	D
71220	*PSEUDOMONAS, AERUGINOSA	G1XX-10000	X
34469	PYRENE	T4XX-10820	С
00500	RESIDUE (TOTAL)	G1XX-10642	A
70300	RESIDUE FILTERABLE (S)	G1XX-10640	AX
00530	RESIDUE NON-FILTERABLE (SS)	G1XX-10640	AX
50086	RESIDUE (SETTLEABLE)	G1XX-10600	A
00520	RESIDUE (VOLATILE FILTERABLE)	G1XX-10600	AX
00535	RESIDUE (VOLATILE NON-FILTERABLE)	G1XX-10600	AX
00505	RESIDUE VOLATILE (TOTAL)	G1XX-10642	AX
00480	SALINITY	G1XX-10600	A
01145	SELENIUM (DISSOLVED)	F1XX-10520	A
01147	SELENIUM (TOTAL)	F1XX-10510	A
39750	SEVIN	H2XX-10700	С
00955	SILICA	G1XX-10600	В
01075	SILVER (DISSOLVED)	F1XX-10520	A
01077	SILVER (TOTAL)	F1XX-10510	A
39760	SILVEX (2,4,5-TP)	H1XX-10700	С
00930	SODIUM (DISSOLVED)	F1XX-10520	A
00929	SODIUM (TOTAL)	F1XX-10510	A
	G-41		

RECOMMENDED ENVIRONMENTAL SAMPLING METHODS						
STORET #	NAME	PRESERVATIVE WORK CENTER	NOTE			
00095	SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE	G1XX-10620	A			
80110	SPECIFIC GRAVITY	G1XX-10600	A			
00945	SULFATES	G1XX-10630	A			
00745	SULFIDES	J1XX-10600	AX			
00740	SULFITES	G1XX-10600	AX			
38260	SURFACTANTS (MBAS AS LAS)	G1XX-10620	AX			
39740	2,4,5-T	H1XX-10700	С			
32240	TANNINS & LIGNINS	G1XX-10600	A			
00010	*TEMPERATURE (°C)	G1XX-10000	x			
34516	TETRACHLOROETHANE (OBTAIN SPECIAL CONTAINER FROM LAB)	T1XX-10860	D			
34475	TETRACHLOROETHYLENE (OBTAIN SPECIAL CONTAINER FROM LAB)	T1XX-10860	D			
00730	THIOCYANATES	D1XX-10300	A			
01057	THALLIUM (DISSOLVED)	F1XX-10520	A			
01059	THALLIUM (TOTAL)	F1XX-10510	A			
01100	TIN (DISSOLVED)	F1XX-10500	A			
01102	TIN (TOTAL)	F1XX-10500	A			
01150	TITANIUM (DISSOLVED)	F1XX-10500	A			
34506	1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE (OBTAIN SPECIAL CONTAINER FROM LAB)	T1XX-1086	D			
34511	1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE- (OBTAIN SPECIAL CONTAINER FROM LAB)	T1XX-10360	D			
	G-42					

STORET #	N A ME	PRESERVATIVE WORK CENTER	NOTES	REF.
39180	TRICHLOROETHYLENE (OBTAIN SPECIAL CONTAINER FROM LAB)	T1XX-10860	D	E601
34488	TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE (OBTAIN SPECIAL CONTAINER FROM LAB)	T1XX-10860	D	E601
82080	TRIHALOMETHANES (TOTAL) (OBTAIN SPECIAL CONTAINER FROM LAB)	T1XX-10840	D	E501
00076	TURBIDITY	G1XX-10620	AX	E180
39175	VINYL CHLORIDE (OBTAIN SPECIAL CONTAINER FROM LAB)	T1XX-10860	D	E601
81710	M-XYLENE (OBTAIN SPECIAL CONTAINER FROM LAB)	T1XX-10850	F	E503
81711	O-XYLENE (OBTAIN SPECIAL CONTAINER FROM LAB)	T1XX-10850	F	E503
78132	P-XYLENE (OBTAIN SPECIAL CONTAINER FORM LAB)	T1XX-10850	F	E503
01090	ZINC (DISSOLVED)	F1XX-10500	A	E289
01092	ZINC (TOTAL)	F1XX-10510	A	E289

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Quality Assurance/Quality Control Program for Radian Analytical Services



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THE QUALITY ASSURANCE/QUALITY CONTROL PROGRAM FOR RADIAN ANALYTICAL SERVICES

Radian Analytical Services' (RAS) objective is to provide high quality chemical analyses to all clients regardless of the size of the analytical task. To aid in achieving this goal, a strong quality assurance program and rigid quality control practices are integral parts of all analyses. This document describes these quality assurance/quality control protocols for the Radian Analytical Services laboratories.

The basic quality control program includes procedures for sample handling, calibration, spiking and replicate analyses, analysis of QC test samples, equipment maintenance, and supplies control. These procedures can be integrated with a client's additional requirements, such as spiking studies, analysis of replicate samples, linearity determinations, and stability studies.

The quality assurance program consists of the frequent submission of blind QA samples, duplicates, and spiked sample splits. Also included are personnel training, analytical methodologies, sample control procedures, data handling, and equipment maintenance and calibrations.



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1.0 QA Organization/Policy

The objective of Radian's quality assurance/quality control program is to assure, assess, and document the precision, accuracy, and adequacy of data obtained from chemical analysis and to assure the technical accuracy of the results obtained for all samples.

Radian has organized the quality assurance function within the company to allow complete independence of program review. Radian's Quality Assurance Director reports directly to the Vice President of the Technical Staff. This position provides independent reviews at all levels of the technical staff and laboratory organization and allows immediate access to Radian's top management on QA-related matters.

The QA Director's involvement may be limited to a review of quality control practices or as extensive as active development and implementation of quality control procedures and statistical data analysis. The QA Director may be asked to contribute expertise and assistance when a need is perceived by either the client, the technical staff, or the management staff.

Because of the large number of samples analyzed by RAS, a OA coordinator has been assigned to monitor and maintain an effective QA/QC program for these laboratories. The RAS Quality Assurance Coordinator, directly responsible to the Corporate QA Director, serves as an independent auditor of all RAS laboratories. The responsibilities of the RAS QA Coordinator are as follows:

- Monitor QA/QC within RAS laboratories,
- Supervise the preparation of blind audit samples,



- inform the Director of RAS and the corporate QA Director of quality assurance problems,
- summarize and report QA activities in the laboratories,
- document all QA and QC procedures within RAS,
- act as liaison between the corporate QA Director and RAS,
- provide QA data to the corporate QA Director for inclusion in the corporate QA reports.

The RAS laboratory managers function as the quality control coordinators in each particular analytical area. Their efforts are coordinated and monitored by the QA Coordinator.

Quality control coordinators serve as a focal point for all QC activities pertaining to each RAS laboratory. They work as a committee coordinated by the RAS Quality Assurance Coordinator. Their activities include the following:

- monitor the QA/QC activities of the laboratory area,
- inform the Director of Analytical Services and the QA coordinator of QC problems and needs.
- summarize, document, and report quality control activities and data generated in the laboratory,

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- provide documentation of all QC procedures in the laboratory,
- maintains summaries of QC activities and data in a form suitable for client review upon request.

2.0 Quality Control for Laboratory Analyses

Radian Analytical Services has developed and implemented quality control procedures for all of the analyses performed in the laboratory. The laboratory quality control program provides an effective and efficient laboratory protocol for QC regardless of the size or scope of the analytical requirements. Approved analytical methods are used whenever available. When approved methods are not available, a method is developed by the Radian technical staff, and a technical note written describing the method. The quality control procedures are designed to insure that the standard operating procedures and quality control protocols are being followed and accurate results are obtained.

The general quality control program utilized in each laboratory includes consideration of the following areas:

- personnel training and certification,
- analytical methodology documentation,
- sample handling and control,
- laboratory facilities and equipment,
- calibration and standards,
- data handling and documentation,
- quality control check samples,

The general approach to quality control in each of these areas is discussed in the remainder of this section.



2.1 Personnel Training and Certification

The successful implementation of any QA/QC program is determined by the training and dedication of the laboratory personnel. The quality and consistency of data should be independent of the analyst. With the proper training and supervision, an analyst will be able to obtain quality data by the use of proven methodology. Periodic assessment of training requirements and certification are performed to maintain a high level of laboratory awareness.

The training and certification methods employed in the RAS laboratories are briefly described below:

- study of laboratory standard operating procedures,
- study of QA manual,
- observation of experienced operators/analysts,
- study of operating manuals,
- instruction by the laboratory manager on all aspects of the analysis,
- perform the analysis under the direct supervision of the laboratory manager,
- perform analysis under supervision of experienced personnel,
- analysis of blind QC samples prepared by laboratory QC coordinator,
- participation in in-house seminars on laboratory methods and procedures.



PERSONNEL TRAINING RECORD

		PERSO	NNEL T	RAINING RECO	<u>ORD</u>	
Employee	_					
Employee N	Number _					
Date of En	mployment _					
Laboratory	y Orientatio	n:				
and Labora	Upon comple atory Manage			se of person		
		S laborato ead and un		ndard Operat	ing Proced	lures hav
				Employee I	Lab Mgr.	Date
		have been				Date
						Data
	• • •	. ,		Employee I	_	
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Test Specific Training:

Each specific test performed in the RAS laboratories involves procedures which may be unique. The steps involved in training an employee are:

- <u>Instruction</u> by the Laboratory Manager on all aspects of the analysis,
- Observation of experienced operators/analysts,
- Perform the analysis under supervision of the laboratory manager,
- Perform analysis of QA samples submitted by the QA coordinator, and
- Participation in in-house <u>seminars</u> on laboratory methods and procedures.

The following table is to be completed by dating and initialing by the employee and Laboratory Manager upon completion of each step.

Method	Instruction	<u>Observation</u>	Perform the Analysis	Analysis of QA samples	Seminars
				<u>-</u>	
	-				
					



All RAS personnel must complete a quality control training program. This system includes motivation toward producing data of acceptable quality and involves "practice work" by new employees. New personnel are made aware of the quality standards established by RAS and the reasons for those standards. They are made aware of the various ways of achieving and maintaining quality data. After an employee has been trained to use a method and the work validated by the laboratory manager, the employee is certified to perform the analysis. As these people progress to higher degrees of proficiency, their accomplishments are reviewed and then documented. Documentation of proficiency training is maintained by the QC Coordinator for each laboratory technician using the two-page form shown in Figure 2-1.

2.2 <u>Analytical Methodologies</u>

All analytical procedures followed in the RAS laboratories are documented in a methods manual for the specific laboratory. A set of standard operating procedures (SOP) has been established for each analysis to insure consistency. Most methods used are directly from an approved analytical manual, e.g., EPA methods, APHA Standard Methods for Water and Wastewater, ASTM, etc.

Methodologies may contain the following information:

- method title,
- scope of method,
- summary of interferences, and applications,
- concentration ranges and detection limits,
- safety precautions,
- required equipment and materials,
- standardization directions,
- detailed analytical procedure,
- calculations, with examples,
- reporting method,
- precision and accuracy statement,
- references.



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2.3 Sample Control and Record Keeping

The Radian Analytical Services Sample Control Center is a controlled access area. Only employees of the Sample Control Center have access to sample receiving, sample storage, documentation files, and the computer terminals. Analysts check out samples under the supervision of the sample control personnel. All samples are stored in locked storage areas. Sample tracking is maintained by a computerized laboratory management system and a sample checkout logbook. The RAS Sacramento laboratory is linked to the central processing unit of the computer in Austin via a dedicated phone line. This insures that the laboratories are in constant communication. All sample information and data entries can be immediately accessed at either location.

Detailed record keeping and control of samples are essential for effective laboratory operation. All samples received for analysis in the Radian Analytical Service laboratories are processed through the Sample and Analysis Management System (SAM). Radian Corporation's SAM is a software and hardware system for controlling and handling information for the analytical laboratory. SAM provides a dynamic, easy-to-use method for tracking, scheduling, reporting, and laboratory management. The system has been designed to accommodate and promote good laboratory management practices by providing high visibility of the information laboratory managers need to make good decisions regarding schedules and priority. The system is designed around a Data General Nova-IV computer with a 64K-byte memory. It also includes a 65M-byte disk drive and a line printer with plotting capabilities. Data is entered via a TEC terminal and CRT. All data stored on the disk is backed up on magnetic tape to prevent loss in the event of a system malfunction. The system is designed so that an individual designated as the principal operator can process the required paperwork for a large laboratory with little difficulty. The approach centralizes information input and data retrieval, and provides the mechanism for organized, up-to-date laboratory performance monitoring.



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SAM maintains complete client information files, generates laboratory status reports, flags sampl analyses which are overdue, accepts analysis results manually or automatically, and generates reports and invoices.

The Sample Control Center and SAM have six basic functions:

- sample receipt and logging,
- sample storage and maintenance of sample integrity,
- laboratory status reporting,
- document control,
- data compilation and reporting, and
- invoicing

In order to assure the integrity of a sample and the accompanying documentation, a security plan has been established. This plan consists of three parts:

- chain or custody,
- secured refrigerated storage, and
- document control.

The progression of samples and documentation through the Sample Control Center and the analytical laboratories is presented in Figure 2-2. Detailed descriptions of each sample control function are presented below:

- Samples are received from the commercial carrier at Radian's shipping and receiving facilities by the receiving clerk.
- Within one hour of arrival, the samples are accepted by RAS sample control personnel.



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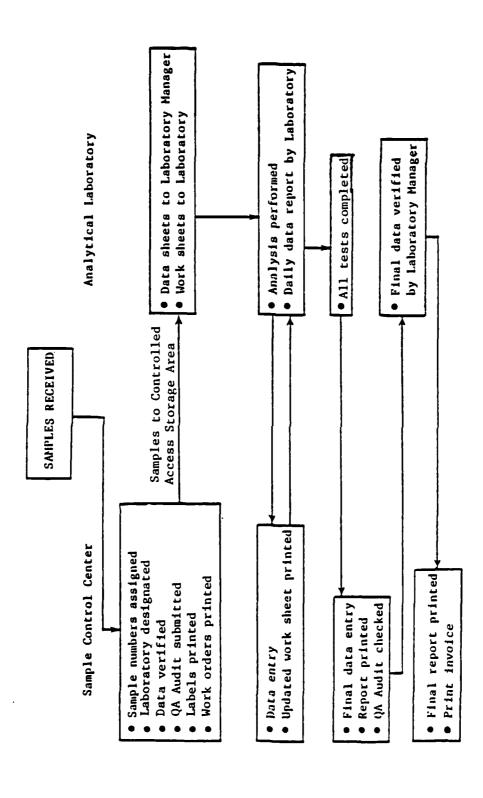


Figure 2-2. SAM Laboratory Management System



- All shipping containers and security seals, when appropriate, are inspected for physical damage or evidence of tampering.
- The samples are unpacked in the sample receiving area by the RAS sample custodian. The method of shipment, shipping container integrity, condition of samples, the number of samples/container, integrity of the security seal, and accompanying documentation are noted. Sample identification is verified against custody documents. The enclosed chain-of-custody forms, Figure 2-3, when required, are completed and filed with the shipping and receiving documentation. In the event that peculiarities are noted, the project officer or client is immediately advised of the irregularity.
- Samples are logged into a bound sample logbook, Figure 2-4.
 Again, sample identity is verified. All discrepancies are noted in the logbook.
- The handwritten logbook and all documentation are transferred to the Sample Control Center.
- The samples are logged into the SAM system. Each batch of samples is assigned a consecutive work order number by the system. Analytical requirements for each sample are entered into the computer.
- Hard copy of the work order and other information is printed and filed with the received documentation in the Sample Control Center.
- Labels are printed and secured to each sample. Label information includes sample number, identification, storage location, and analytical requirements.



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CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

	Fiel	d Sample No
Company Sampled / Address		
• •		
Stream Characteristics:		
	Flow	pH
•		•
Collector's Name	Date/Time Sampled	
Amount of Sample Collected		
Sample Description		
	10°C	
Caution - No more sample available	☐ Return unused portion of sample ☐	Discard unused portions
,	Hazards	
T Harardana sample (see below)	☐ Non harraria.	
☐ Hazardous sample (see below)	☐ Non-hazardou:	·
_ Toxic	☐ Skin irritant	☐ Flammable (FP< 40°C)
☐ Pyrophoric		Shock sensitive
☐ Acidic	☐ Biological	□ Carcinogenic · suspect
☐ Caustic		☐ Radioactive
		
Sample Allocation/Chain of Possessio	n:	
Organization Name		
•	Date Received	
Transported By	Lab Sample No.	
Comments		
Inclusive Dates of Possession		
Organization Name		
	Date Received	
Transported By	Lab Sample No	
Comments		
Inclusive Dates of Possession		
Received By	Date Received	Time
Transported By	Lab Sample No	
Comments		
Inclusive Dates of Possession		



Lab	No.	

			Contact	
Facility	S	ample \$	Received	
		Misc \$	Date Due	
Rep		Total \$	Samples	
Phone	I	nv by (CPR)	_ Keep for	
Report		Surcharge Disc: All	Keep til _	
to	%	Disc: All	Disp (RD)	
<u> </u>		Reports	# Invoices	
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Figure 2-4. Sample Log Sheet



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- Data sheets and work sheets are printed for each batch of samples and distributed to the appropriate laboratory managers. The work sheets list sample numbers, sample identification, storage location, and analytical requirements. Data sheets are for results and contain only the parameters to be determined by a given laboratory.
- Following sample logging, the samples are placed in the designated locked storage area.
- Subsequent sample custody is documented and all transactions witnessed by sample control personnel.
- The analyst retrieves the samples from the Sample Control Center by sample number and storage location.
- The Sample checkout log (Figure 2-5) is completed by the analyst, noting the laboratory to which the sample is being removed.
- After analysis, or when the required aliquot is removed, the sample is returned to the Sample Control Center and return is noted in the sample checkout log.
- The sample is returned to the designated storage location.
- When requested, addition chain-of-custody documentation can be provided using a SAM-generated document (Figure 2-6). This document can be retained by sample control to provide a more easily retrievable record of sample custody within the analytical laboratory.
- The sample is stored until the assigned time or written permission is given to either properly dispose of or return the sample to the client.

RAS SAMPLE CHECK OUT LOG

		7S/196 (Water and	Prep. Labs)	78/194	(Extraction & Water Labs)	78/180	(ICP and AA Labs)	/S/191 (TOX, TOC)	78/195	(Technician)	12/171		
MATION	INITIALS												
RETURN INFORMATION	TIME										,		
RE	DATE						-						
	INITIALS												
INFORMATION	TIME DESTINATION												
CHECK-OUT	TIME	_						<u> </u>					
	DATE												
	SPLITS REMOVED												
	WORK ORDER	•											

Figure 2-5. Sample Checkout Log

PACE		Contrastion	Analutical Sorv		CHAIN	CHAIN OF CUSTODY		74A-CO-FR # 8A I	74A-C	
RCVD:	02/26/83	RCVD: 02/26/83 DUE: 03/19/83		04/21/83 09:56:49	56: 49	5		KEEP: 05/0	05/09/83	DISP. D
DASH		SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION	LOCATION	TESTS						
01A-B	Number 001	0.1	Ref 2	CAUSTY PO4_B	CO3_A SO3_TA	HARD_B TANNIN	HCO3_A MHO_A	MHO_A	ONG_A	PH_A
02A	Number 002	02	Ref 2	ACFS	# \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$, 1 , 2 , 3 , 4 , 5 , 6 , 7 , 6 , 7 , 7 , 8 , 9 , 9 , 9 , 9 , 9 , 9 , 9 , 9 , 9 , 9				
02B	Number OC	002	Ref 2	ICP_40	• • • • • • • •	· · · · · · · ·	•	• • • • • • • • • • • •	•	•
03A	Super soil	il	Ref 2 :	ANFS	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0					
04A	Boiler scale	cale 222	Ref 2	CA P_EE	CL_TA SO4_NA	CO3_A S_E	FE_E ZN_E	HC03_A	MG_E	NA_E
05A	Sample A	AV56	Shelf 13	B_MET	C_MET					
06A	Water #1	#164	Ref. 023	AC E	AS_HA NA_E	BA_E PB_GA	CD_E SE_HA	CR_E	FE_E	HG_CA
990	Water #1	164	Ref. 023	CL_TA	F_SIEA	MHO_A	NO3_A	PH_A	S04 NA	TDS_A
. 09C	Water #1	164	Ref. 023	HIRCRA	PIRCRA	•				
090	Water #	164	Ref. 023 1	ALPHA	BETA	RA_TOT				
	RECEIVED BY	Y DATE	RETURNED TO		DATE	نعا	FRACT	FRACTION NUMBERS.	ERS.	
						-				

Figure 2-6. Laboratory Chain of Custody

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• All documentation, including shipping documents, field sampling documents, computer-generated log sheets, chain-of-custody forms, laboratory data sheets, final computer reports, and other documents, are maintained in the sample control area. All reports are kept in locked filing cabinets. As with the sample storage area, the document storage area is limited-access.

All storage areas are within the Sample Control Center and are locked when not in use. Access to the storage area is limited to sample control personnel or other RAS employees accompanied by sample control personnel. There are four storage locations that are used depending on the sample and the required analyses. They are:

- ambient storage for samples that do not require refrigeration,
- 4°C storage for most samples requiring water quality analysis and extractable organics,
- 4°C storage for samples requiring volatile organic analysis, and
- -20°C storage for extracts and samples that require freezing.

A temperature log is maintained to monitor the cold storage facilities.

2.4 Laboratory Facilities and Equipment

A clean well-lighted, and well maintained laboratory is essential for accurate analytical results. Each laboratory is well-lighted, air conditioned and equipped with chemical fume hoods. Instrumentation that may emit noxious odors is vented externally.



Quality Control of Equipment and Supplies

Each laboratory QC program includes detailed requirements for equipment and supplies. Reagents, solvents, and standards with specific levels of purity are used as specified by the analytical protocol. Specific GC column materials, glassware and sample handling equipment are also specified. The quality control procedures for equipment and supplies generally include the following items:

- operator checklists for required supplies,
- documentation and reporting of all deviations from specified instrument performance,
- procedures for testing for purity of reagents,
- tolerances for calibrated glassware where applicable,
- monitoring of refrigerated storage space,
- maintenance logbooks,
- service contracts on analytical instrumentation.

Quality control procedures during sample preparation include the preparation of reagent or solvent blanks. Additional quality control techniques implemented in sample preparation include:

- deionized water piped into all laboratories, monitored daily,
- purchasing high purity distilled-in-glass solvents in large quantities from a single lot,



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- use of Ultrex acids in trace metal digestion,
- cleaning of organic glassware with chromic acid or firing in a kiln at 450° C,
- cleaning of trace metal glassware with nitric acid,
- use of organic-free water prepared at Radian by distillation over alkaline permanganate under nitrogen atomsphere in allglass still,
- use of volatile-free water prepared by purging organic-free water with nitrogen,
- sample preparation performed by experienced technical personnel under the supervision of senior level analysts.

2.5 Quality Control for Standards and Calibration

The quality of all test results is greatly impacted by the calibration procedures used. Calibration procedures and standards should be specified for all equipment and supplies used in the test procedure. Traceability to common standards is essential for test procedures to be used in multiple laboratories. Quality control procedures for standards and calibrations include the following considerations:

- written, detailed calibration instructions,
- preparation procedures for secondary standards, when applicable,
- requirements for frequency of calibration,
- recordkeeping of all calibrations and standards used,



- quality control charts for recording results from multiple calibrations,
- evaluation of internal standards, and
- tolerances for calibration requirements.

All calibration standards are prepared from NBS-traceable, EPA certified, or primary standard materials. Daily logs are maintained to monitor instrument response to a given standard.

Quality Control Test Samples

Routine quality control samples to be analyzed concurrently with client samples are a significant portion of the RAS laboratory quality control programs. The purpose of these checks is twofold: 1) to assure that samples being analyzed satisfy predetermined standards of accuracy, and 2) to measure and document achieved levels of accuracy and precision.

There are many different types of quality control samples which could be used for these purposes. The correct combination of these will depend on the complexity of the test method and the desired degree of accuracy. The following quality control parameters are general considerations for Radian's quality control for test methods.

Interferences

parameter recommend bosopon strawners assesses assesses and according

The analytical results of a test method might be affected by interferences from the glassware, solvents, reagents, or the sample matrix. Blank samples which are subjected to conditions similar to samples being analyzed are used to evaluate the purity of laboratory reagents. The frequency of blank analysis is method dependent. For example, a laboratory or field blank is analyzed after each GC/MS volatile organic analysis with high levels for any of the pollutants. Ten percent of the samples from a



given sample batch are spiked with a known standard. Spike recovery data are calculated to determine matrix interference.

Precision

The precision or repeatability of a test method is required for proper interpretation and weighting of the data. Replicate samples or standards are used to determine the precision on a regular basis. The precision of multiple analyses are compared against predetermined precision limits to determine their acceptability. The precision is usually reported as a standard deviation or repeatability statistic and often depends on the concentration of the parameters analyzed. Replicate analyses are defined as separate digestions or extractions of the same sample, when possible. The percentage difference or range between replicate analyses is also used to monitor precision.

Reproducibility

The reproducibility of a test method refers to the repeatability over a period of time. How well will analytical results repeated a month later agree with today's results? Reproducibility can be measured by the repeated analysis of samples from a previous time period or by analysis by more than one laboratory or laboratory technician.

Qualitative Specificity

In the analysis of complex sample matrices containing multiple components, the use of a single method can lead to misidentification of compounds. The misidentification can be detected by repeated analysis of standards containing the compounds of interest or by independent analysis by a more specific method. For example, mass spectral confirmation can be used to evaluate misidentification problems in the GC laboratory.



2.6 Documentation and Data Handling

Documentation of methods, procedures, and results is an essential aspect of a QA/QC program.

Adequate documentation is required for an instrument maintenance system. RAS laboratories use an individual logbook, which is kept at each instrument, to record all calibration and maintenance activities. This logbook gives a chronology of that instrument's installation, operation, calibrations, maintenance, malfunction, and repairs. An accompanying binder includes all pertinent manufacturing information, service manuals, and similar reference materials.

Directions for calibrations and maintenance, along with appropriate forms and checklists, are maintained in a manual accompanying the logbook. The directions specify the required frequency for calibrations and maintenance, the tolerances for calibrations, and the action to be taken when calibration requirements are not met.

In this system, there is a single source for reference purposes as well as record keeping. All the instrument logbooks are reviewed periodically by the quality assurance coordinator and laboratory manager. A record of these logbook checks is maintained by the QA coordinator.

Work sheets have been developed to insure consistent laboratory data entry for most parameters determined in the laboratories. These sheets are designed to organize the data in a clear and logical manner, and to simplify calculations. The work sheets are divided into various sections including a section for reporting calibration standards and blank values and a section for plotting calibration curves. These work sheets are usually a standard data entry form which the laboratory technician enters in his/her bound lab notebook. When automated calibration is not applicable, electronic calculators are available in the laboratories to generate calibration curves by the method of least squates. Thus errors in reading calibration curves and calculating data are minimized. After an analysis



is completed and a data sheet filled out, the laboratory manager checks the data for completeness and approves the data sheet. After the data have been entered into the SAM system, an updated data sheet is issued to the laboratory manager. When the work is complete, a preliminary report is printed and distributed to the contributing laboratory managers for the final data check and approval. A final report is printed, certified by the laboratory manager, and forwarded to the client.

Proper documentation of quality assurance and quality control activities is an essential requirement. Documentation is needed to demonstrate that quality control activities were completed as scheduled and to communicate the results of the QC tests to laboratory managers and clients. Documentation of QA results is required to provide feedback for improvement of quality control programs.

Quality control documentation should be timely in order for feed-back to occur. Daily reporting to laboratory managers is mandatory. Forms are designed to organize the QC data in a clear and logical manner, and to simplify calculations. Control charts are another excellent tool for summarizing quality control test results.

As part of Radian's QA audit program weekly reports summarizing audit results in the laboratories are prepared and distributed to QC coordinators.

3.0 Quality Assurance Audits

The quality assurance audit program of the RAS laboratories is conducted by the RAS QA Coordinator in conjunction with the corporate QA Director. The program consists of the following:

• QA standards are prepared using EPA certified standards, NBS standards, primary standard materials, and NBS-traceable compounds. All standards preparations are recorded in the QA Sample logbook (Figure 3-1).



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		Standard No. QAS
QA type		
Prep date	Prepared by	Verified bv
Standard source		
		
°arameters		·
		
	•	
Preparation method		Final wal

Figure 3-1. Standards preparation logbook

RA	DI	AN

QAS			-
	Prep	method	(con't)

Calculations

		Sample Distr	ibution	
Date	SAM No.	Client	Remarks	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
<u> </u>				
<u>.</u>				

Figure 3-1. (Cont.)



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 An inventory of stock standards is maintained within the limits of published stability data. This decreases the time required for daily standard preparation.

- Duplicate samples are requested from clients. These are blind to the laboratory and the client is not billed for the duplicate.
- Blind QA samples are submitted through the Sample Control
 Center to all laboratories. The parameters and concentration
 levels are selected by the RAS Quality Assurance Coordinator.
- Laboratory managers submit, via a "QA Alert Form" (Figure 3-2). a list of the types of QA samples needed the following week. This insures that the parameters with which there have been problems are included in the sample.
- Monthly reports are issued from the RAS QA Coordinator (Fig. 3-3). These are submitted to the corporate QA Director, laboratory managers and Director of RAS. Managers are notified immediately of major problems with the results of analysis of a QA sample.
- The results of the program are summarized on a quarterly basis for Radian's management.

In addition to the continuous audit program, provisions for third party review are made with each client's work. Radian Analytical Services welcomes onsite audits, performance samples, and independent evaluations.



QA ALERT FORM

	QA ALERT FORM
	QA standard for the week of
NPDES Form A water Form B water metals	RCRA metals pesticide occupied occu
Form C water metals organics	EPA 601 624 625
T00 T0V	B/N Acids A/N _
TOC TOX	MS VOA GC VOA
Matrix requirements:	PCB
Concentration requiremen	ts:
Special Stan	dards/Instructions Individual Parameter
•	
	<u>_</u>
Date	Mgr
	Figure 3-2. QA alert form
	G-74



ANALYTICAL SERVICES MONTHLY QA REPORT

QA prep report for the month of

Order No.	Lab	Parameter	Certified Value	Analyzed Value	% Recovery	Date Reported
						-
						<u> </u>
			· .			

Figure 3-3. Monthly QA Report



3.1 Data Review and Validation

All analysis results are entered into the SAM computer system. Following completion of the analyses, a preliminary report is printed and returned to the appropriate laboratory manager for review and validation. A final report is printed after the certification by the manager. This report is signed and approved by the laboratory manager before being forwarded to the client. The following diagram (Fig. 3-4) illustrates the data flow for a typical sample analysis.

Upon completion of the analysis and before the final data are issued, the results of the QA audit samples are compared to the certified values. These results are plotted on control charts. Separate control charts are maintained for each analysis. If results are outside the accepted control limits, the analytical results are held until the problem is resolved.

3.2 Control Charts

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Quality control charts are maintained for both accuracy and precision. Both charts are structured as shown in Figure 3-5. The main portions of the chart are the center line and the two control limits. The center line is the 100% or total recovery/total agreement of analytical results. The upper and lower control limits are calculated from historical data.

Control charts for accuracy are constructed as follows:

Precent recovery of standards (P_{ST}) :

P_{ST} = 100 x analyzed value certified value

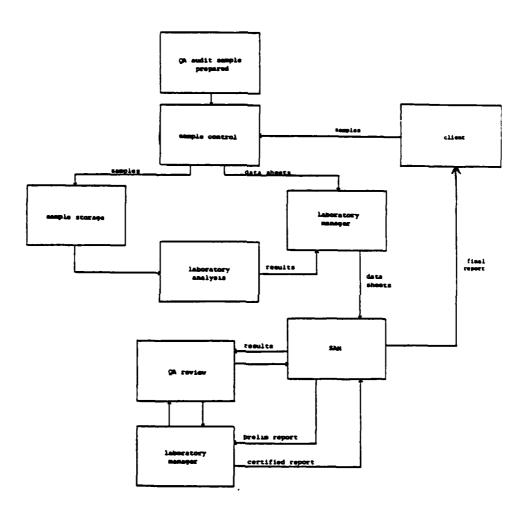


Figure 3-4. Data Flow

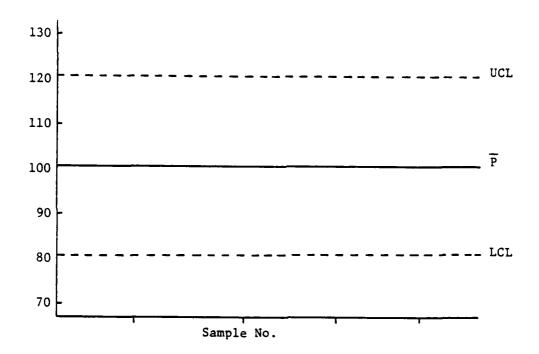


Figure 3-5. Control Chart



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Percent recovery of spikes in samples (PSP):

From a set of analyses, the average percent recovery (F):

$$\overline{P} = \underbrace{\sum_{i=1}^{n} P_{i}}_{p}$$

The standard deviation for percent recovery (S_R) :

$$S_{R} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} P_{i}^{2} - \left(\sum_{i=1}^{n} P_{i}\right)^{2}/n}{n-1}}$$

The upper and lower control limits are therefore

$$UCL = \overline{P} + 3S_R$$

$$LCL = \overline{P} - 3S_R$$

An analysis is out of control when either of the two conditions apply:

- 1) Any results outside the control limits
- 2) Seven successive results on the same side of the control line.

Control charts for precision are also constructed. Precision is a function of the concentration range of the analyte. The closer the result is to the analytical detection limit, the more imprecise the data become on a percentage scale. Figure 3-6 illustrates the relationship between detection limit and precision for a typical methodology. Because of this concentration dependence, precision control charts need to be developed for specific concentration ranges for each analyte. For duplicate samples A and B, the ratio of the values of A and B are plotted.

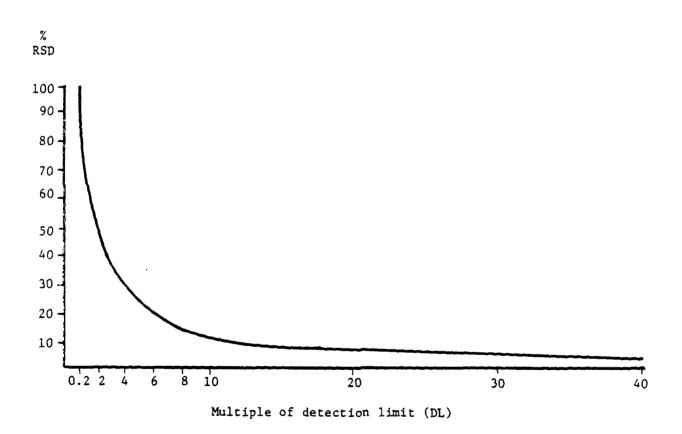


Figure 3-6. Relationship between Detection Limit and Precision



3.3 Concurrent Review

Upon review of analytical results of QA audit samples, the QA Coordinator will schedule a meeting with the laboratory manager if there are any tests out of control or which are deviant from an expected precision/accuracy norm. The purpose of this meeting is to:

- review raw data and determine if there is an explanation for the deviance.
- outline analyses of quality control and/or quality assurance samples to further define the problem and its solution.
- establish a schedule for monitoring the analysis after a solution is implemented, to assure that the problem does not recur.

Involvement of the laboratory manager in the problem assessment and solution is essential to a mutual committment to a quality analytical laboratory.



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APPENDIX H
Chain-of-Custody Forms

H-1



850800 - 850802, 850804 - 850810

		Field Sample No
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Carswell AFB	
Company Sampled / Address Sample Point Description	Monitor Well Boring	at Site 4,10
Stream Characteristics:		/
Temperature	Flow	pH
Visual Observations/Comments		
Collector's Name LNE.	rend Date/Time Sample	ed //v.1/11 , 1/14
Amount of Sample Collected		
Sample Description Sec	<i>(</i>	
Store at: ☐ Ambient ☐ 5°C	□-10°C □ Other	<u> </u>
The Caution . No more cample available	ilable 🔲 Return unused portion of sampi	e □ Discard unused portions
Croadion - 140 more sample ava	illing · Hazards de Progra	en dustauctions
Other Instructions - Special Hand	Iling · Hazards	m some shing it was
Stoll house	tale, phonol site 10: 0	+6 TOX Puraciple
Ill 4 . hong me	the promot - a 10. 0	Praamis
Hazardous sample (see below) □ Non-haza	ordous sample
Ď Toxic	☐ Skin irritant	☐ Fiammable (FP< 40°C)
☐ Pyrophoric	☐ Lachrymator	□ Shock sensitive
□ Acidic \	☐ Biological	☐ Carcinogenic - suspect
□ Caustic \	r , □ Peroxide , · · , _ ∠	Radioactive
Other mcsu	med due to presing to	landfills
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Sample Allocation/Chain of Poss		
Organization Name		
-	Date Received	
•	Lab Sample No	
Inclusive Dates of Possession		
Organization Name		
Received By	Date Received	d Time
•	Lab Sample No	
inclusive Dates of Possession		
Organization Name		
	Date Received	
Transported By	Lab Sample No	
Comments		
Inclusive Dates of Possession		



CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

850803 AND 850811 -

		Field Sample Nos 850818
Company Sampled / Address	ELL AFB	
Sample Point Description <u>HAND AL</u>	IGER SITE 13	
Stream Characteristics: N/A		
Temperature	Flow	pH
Visual Observations/Comments		
Collector's Name PETER WATER	Date/Time Sample	1/14/85
Amount of Sample Collected		
Sample Description SOIZ		
Store at: 日 Ambient 日 5°C 区—	I0°C 🗆 Other	
Scartier Newscapula evallable	□ Datum unused portion of comple	☐ Discard unused portions
Caution - No more sample available		
Other Instructions - Special Handling -		
ORGANIC HALOGEN, EP	FOXICITY	
🗷 Hazardous sample (see below)	☐ Non-hazar	dous sample
□ Toxic	☐ Skin irritant	☐ Flammable (FP< 40°C)
☐ Pyrophoric	☐ Lachrymator	□ Shock sensitive
☐ Acidic	☐ Biological	☐ Carcinogenic · suspect
□ Caustic	☐ Peroxide	☐ Radioactive
□ Other		
Sample Allocation/Chain of Possessio	n:	
Organization Name		11000
Received By 7 Mudiu	Date Received	1-15-35 Time 1100
Transported By 91d W	Lab Sample No. 45	(1057 350,182)
Comments	<u></u>	
Inclusive Dates of Possession	<u></u>	
Organization Name		
Received By	Date Received	Time
Transported By	Lab Sample No	
Comments		
Inclusive Dates of Possession		
Organization Name		
Received By		
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Comments	·	
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	on 11 aca Ho	Field Sample No
Company Sampled / Address	arscell ASB the	!
		en Allina, to Set 13
Stream Characteristics:	Flow ~ 0.05 cfs	((500))
Temperature	Flow ~ 0.05 cfs	5 (5,74(3) -
Visual Observations/Comments		Pri
Collector's Name JL MI	achin Date/Time Sample	1-15-85,
Sample Description $\frac{5c//}{}$		
	x - 10°C □ Other	
∠ Caution - No more sample availa	ible 🗆 Return unused portion of sample	☐ Discard unused portions
Other Instructions - Special Handli	ng · Hazards tireless: Site 11:- TOX.	0+6, proticis phones
ay heavy wretel purgeable	ng. Hazards tiny lefts: Six 11: 70X.	0+6 EP TOVING
	/	7
√		
Hazardous sample (see below)	☐ Non-hazard	ious sample
Toxic	☐ Skin irritant	☐ Flammable (FP< 40°
☐ Pyrophoric	☐ Lachrymator	☐ Shock sensitive
□ Acidic	☐ Biological	☐ Carcinogenic · suspe
□ Caustic	☐ Peroxide	☐ Radioactive
Other fresumed		
Comple Allega March 1966		
Sample Allocation/Chain of Posse Organization Name		
Pageined By	11/10	1:11:50 Time 1.10
Received By 700 To 100 Transported By 700	Date Received _	
		· · _ · _ · _ · _ · _ · _ · _ · _ ·
Comments	Lab Sample No.	
Comments	Lab Sample No.	
Comments Inclusive Dates of Possession	Lao Sample No.	
Comments Inclusive Dates of Possession Organization Name		
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Comments	Date Received Lab Sample No	Time



850837-850857

	Fie	ld Sample No
	iswell AFB	
Sample Point Description	5 5,10,11,15	
Stream Characteristics:		
Temperature	Flow	pH
Visual Observations/Comments		
INF PAIN	7/ 1/4	11.0100 - 111/185
	,JUM Date/Time Sampled	1/13/83 - 1/16/03
Amount of Sample Collected		<u> </u>
Sample Description Sol		
Store at: Ambient 5°C -	10°C Dother	
Caution - No more sample available	☐ Return unused portion of sample ☐	Discard unused portions
•	Hazards	
Other instructions - Special Handling -	Hazards	
Hazardous sample (see below)	☐ Non-hazardou	s sample
E-Toxic	☐ Skin irritant	☐ Flammable (FP< 40°C)
□ Pyrophoric	☐ Lachrymator	☐ Shock sensitive
□ Acidic	☐ Biological	☐ Carcinogenic · suspect
□ Caustic	☐ Peroxide	☐ Radioactive
□ Other		
Sample Allocation / Chain of Possession	n:	
Organization Name		17-45
	Date Received	
Transported By	Lab Sample No	
Inclusive Dates of Possession		
Organization Name		
-	Date Received	
• -	Lab Sample No	
Inclusive Dates of Possession		
Organization Name		
	Date Received	
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850858-850863 850869-850873

		rieid Sample No
Company Sampled / Address	rswell AFB	
Sample Point Description 500 Bc		A, 12B, 12C, 13F
Stream Characteristics:		
Temperature	Flow	N H
Visual Observations/Comments		Pri
Collector's Name JLMachin, L	N French Date/Time Sam	pled 1/16 1/17/85
Amount of Sample Collected		
Sample Description <u>Soil</u>		
Store at: ☐ Ambient ☐ 5°C 📐 –	10°C 🗆 Other	
Housing No many and the Market		
Caution · No more sample available		
Other Instructions - Special Handling -	Hazards	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Hazardous sample (see below)	□ Non-ha	zardous sample
⊠ Toxic	☐ Skin irritant	☐ Flammable (FP< 40°C)
□ Pyrophoric	☐ Lachrymator	☐ Shock sensitive
□ Acidic	☐ Biological	☐ Carcinogenic - suspect
□ Caustic	□ Peroxide	☐ Radioactive
□ Other	·	
Sample Allocation/Chain of Possessio	n·	
Organization Name	•••	
Received By AW MANNE	Date Receive	d HANGE TIME WOLD
Transported By 724 94	Lab Sample No.	
Comments	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
nclusive Dates of Possession		
Organization Name		
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Comments		
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Organization Name		
Received By		
Comments		
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Company Sampled / Address Sample Point Description 46, 5	D. 12E. 16A. 16B	
	7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 -	
Stream Characteristics: Temperature	Flow	au.
Visual Observations/Comments		• •
Collector's Name	Date/Time Sample	ed /-/7-85
Amount of Sample Collected		
Sample Description		
Store at: Ambient \(\overline{\pi} 5°C -	10°C Other	
Caution · No more sample available	☐ Return unused portion of sample	e 🗆 Discard unused portions
- ,		
Other Instructions - Special Handling	Hazards	
Hazardous sample (see below)	☐ Non-haza	rdous sample
X Toxic	☐ Skin irritant	☐ Flammable (FP< 40°C)
☐ Pyrophoric	☐ Lachrymator	☐ Shock sensitive
□ Acidic \	☐ Biological	☐ Carcinogenic - suspect
□ Caustic \	☐ Peroxide	☐ Radioactive
Other	Peroxide RP fr. Egran	
	•	
Sample Allocation/Chain of Possessic	on:	
Organization Name Received By Transported By	△ Date Received	Time
Transported By ANGY C	Lab Samole No	12/10/04
Comments		
Organization Name		
Received By		Time
Transported By		
Comments		
Inclusive Dates of Possession		
Organization Name		
Received By		
Transported By		
Comments		
Inclusive Dates of Possession		



Inclusive Dates of Possession _____

CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

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and 850888 Field Sample No Company Sampled Address Carswell AFB, TX Sample Point Description 1582,15A2, 102, 104,105,12F0', 2',4',6',8', 1A1 Stream Characteristics: Temperature ___ _____ Flow ____ pH __ Visual Observations/Comments Collector's Name L. French/J. Machin/J. Chapman Date/Time Sampled 1-18-85, 1-19-85 Amount of Sample Collected _ Sample Description Soil Store at: Ambient 25 5°C - 10°C Other ⊠ Caution · No more sample available ☐ Return unused portion of sample ☐ Discard unused portions Other Instructions - Special Handling - Hazards __ A Hazardous sample (see below) ☐ Non-hazardous sample M Toxic -☐ Skin irritant ☐ Flammable (FP< 40°C) □ Pyrophoric ☐ Lachrymator □ Shock sensitive ☐ Acidic ☐ Carcinogenic · suspect □ Biological ☐ Caustic ☐ Peroxide ☐ Radioactive presumed- IRP program ☐ Other __ Sample Allocation/Chain of Possession: Organization Name ___ _ Date Received _____ Time ____ Received By Transported By ____ ___ Lab Sample No. _____ Comments ____ Inclusive Dates of Possession ___ Organization Name _____ ______ Date Received ______ Time ____ Received By _____ Transported By ______ Lab Sample No. _____ Comments ____ Inclusive Dates of Possession _____ Organization Name ___ Received By _____ Time _____ Time Transported By ______ Lab Sample No. _____ Comments



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CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

		Field Sample No.
CA:	anell AFB	
Company Sampled Address Sample Point Description	; 163,5; 1782,4; 176	2,3;17D3;1762;3
Stream Characteristics:		•
	Flow	pH
Visual Observations/Comments		
Collector's Name JB Chapma	Date/Time San	npled 1/19/85 + 1/31/85
Sample Description 50.		
Store at: Ambient 125°C	-10°C	
☑ Caution · No more sample availa	ble 🔲 Return unused portion of sar	nple Discard unused portions
•		
Mazardous sample (see below)		azardous sample
Stoxic - presumed-IRP	Skin irritant	☐ Flammable (FP< 40°C
□ Pyrophoric	☐ Lachrymator	□ Shock sensitive
□ Acidic	☐ Biological	☐ Carcinogenic - suspect
□ Caustic	☐ Peroxide	☐ Radioactive
□ Other		
Sample Allocation/Chain of Posses	ssion:	
Organization Name		ved 133.65 Time
Received By	11/ Date Recei	ved Time
Transported By	Lab Sample No	
Comments		
Inclusive Dates of Possession		
Organization Name		
Received By	Date Recei	ived Time
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Comments		
Inclusive Dates of Possession		
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Inclusive Dates of Possession		



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CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

	Fie	old Sample No
Company Sampled / Address	ell AFB	
Sample Point Description $\frac{\mathcal{TB}}{\mathcal{C}}$	10,6	
Stream Characteristics:		
Temperature	Flow	pH
Visual Observations/Comments		
Collector's Name JB Chapma	Date/Time Sampled	1-21-55
Amount of Sample Collected		
Sample Description	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Store at: ☐ Ambient 🗯 5°C 🗆 — 1	0°C	
즈 Caution - No more sample available	☐ Return unused portion of sample ☐	Discard unused portions
Other Instructions - Special Handling - I	lazards	•
	····	
⊠ Hazardous sample (see below)	□ Non-hazardou	s sample
Bloxic - assumed-IRP prayram	☐ Skin irritant	☐ Flammable (FP< 40°C)
□ Pyrophoric	☐ Lachrymator	☐ Shock sensitive
Acidic - treated samples	☐ Biological	☐ Carcinogenic - suspect
□ Caustic	☐ Peroxide	☐ Radioactive
□ Other		
Sample Allocation/Chain of Possession	n:	
Organization Name	Date Received Lab Sample No	
Received By	Date Received	Time
Transported By	Lab Sample No	
comments	 	
nclusive Dates of Possession		
Organization Name		
	Date Received	
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Organization Name		
Received By	Date Received	Time
	Lab Sample No	
Comments		
nclusive Dates of Possession		



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	1	Field Sample No
Company Sampled / Address	A	
Sample Point Description 16 A.B.		
Temperature	Flow	DH 6-7
Visual Observations/Comments		
Collector's Name J Chapman	Date/Time Sampled	1-19-85
Sample Description Wites		
Store at: ☐ Ambient ☑ 5°C ☐ — 10°C	Other	
💢 Caution - No more sample available 🔲	Return unused portion of sample	☐ Discard unused portions
· Other Instructions - Special Handling - Haz		•
		
(See below)	□ Non-hazard	ous sample
M Toxic - presumed, IRP program □ Pyrophoric	☐ Skin irritant	☐ Flammable (FP< 40°C)
□ Pyrophoric	□ Lachrymator	☐ Shock sensitive
Acidic - treated samples	☐ Biological	☐ Carcinogenic · suspect
□ Caustic	☐ Peroxide	☐ Radioactive
□ Other		
Sample Allocation/Chain of Possession:		·
Organization Name Received By Transported By		
Received By / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /	Date Received	Time LCC
Transported By	Lab Sample No	201037
Comments		
Inclusive Dates of Possession		
Organization Name		
Received By	Date Received	Time
Transported By	Lab Sample No	
Comments		
Inclusive Dates of Possession		
Organization Name		
Received By	Date Received	Time
Transported By	Lab Sample No	
Comments		
Inclusive Dates of Possession		

5N85-903 -904 -908

CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

			- 909
Company Sampled / Address Sample Point Description	La 11 AFR		
Sample Point Description 17 F	7H 17A 17F		
			
Stream Characteristics:	=1	-44	
Temperature		рп	
visual Observations/Comments			
Collector's Name JB Chapma	Date/Time :	Sampled 1-22-85	
Amount of Sample Collected			
Sample Description _ water			
Store at: ☐ Ambient 万5°C ☐ -	10°C		
			_
Caution - No more sample available			
Other Instructions - Special Handling -	Hazards		
A Hazardous sample (see below)	□ No	n-hazardous sample	
Broxic -was ned, IRP progra	✓ □ Skin irritant	☐ Flammable (FP<	< 40°C)
□ Pyrophoric	☐ Lachrymator	☐ Shock sensitive	
& Acidic Treated Surplus	☐ Biological	☐ Carcinogenic · s	uspect
□ Caustic	☐ Peroxide	☐ Radioactive	
□ Other			
Sample Allocation/Chain of Possession	on:		
Organization Name			
Received By Transported By ALLEY	Date Re	ceived Time	<u> </u>
Transported By	Lab Sample No	<u> </u>	
Comments			
Inclusive Dates of Possession			
Organization Name			
Received By			
Transported By			
Comments			
Inclusive Dates of Possession			
Organization Name			
Received By	Date Re	ceived Time	
Transported By	Lab Sample No		
Comments			
Inclusive Dates of Possession			



RACCAR SECOND TEXASSES CONTRACTOR DESCRIPTION DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF T

CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

65 85-0905>

		Field Sample No. 6 3 85 -0905
Company Sampled / Address	CACKWELL AFB	090
Sample Point Description	CARSWELL AFB E2, E3, H3, A2, A3, F	2
Stream Characteristics:		
	Flow	pH
•		
Collector's Name JB Cho	CMAN Date/Time Sa	mpled 1-22-85
Sample Description Sc \		
•		
☑ Caution - No more sample ava	ailable 🛘 Return unused portion of sa	mple 🗆 Discard unused portions
Other Instructions - Special Han	dling - Hazards	
☐ Hazardous sample (see below	v) □ Non-i	hazardous sample
		☐ Flammable (FP< 40°C)
B-Toxic — assured, I	Lachrymator	☐ Shock sensitive
☐ Pyrophoric ☐ Acidic	1 O Lacinymator	- · · · · · · · ·
☐ Caustic	☐ Biological ☐ Peroxide	☐ Carcinogenic · suspect☐ Radioactive
Other		□ Madioactive
Sample Allocation/Chain of Pos	session:	
Organization Name	7	
Received By 7112 711	A; 1/1 Date Rece	ived Time
Transported By	Lab Sample No.	4501161
Comments		
Organization Name		
•		vived Time
•	•	
Organization Name		
		ived Time
Transported By	Lab Sample No	



GN-85-0910 CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

		Field Sample No. 4A
Company Sampled / Address	xll AFB	•
Sample Point Description 4A		
Stream Characteristics: 15	Flow	рн
Visual Observations/Comments		
Collector's Name DHG JE	Date/Time Sample	ed 2/5/85 0930
Amount of Sample Collected		
Amount of Sample Collected Sample Description $1 \times 10^{-1} \times 500^{-4}$	1 plastic, 1× mason, 4× VOA	1 x Samplan
Store at: ☐ Ambient 🐧 5°C ☐ —	10°C 🗆 Other	
Caution - No more sample available	☐ Return unused portion of sample	e 🗆 Discard unused portions
/ Other Instructions - Special Handling -	Hazards	
AHazardous sample (see below)	□ Non-haza	rdous sample
ATOXIC ASSURED - IRP	☐ Skin irritant	☐ Flammable (FP< 40°C)
☐ Pyrophoric	☐ Lachrymator	☐ Shock sensitive
□ Acidic	☐ Biological	☐ Carcinogenic - suspect
□ Caustic	☐ Peroxide	☐ Radioactive
□ Other		
Sample Allocation/Chain of Possession	on:	
Organization Name Received By Transported By		
Received By	Date Received	34, 60 Time
Transported By	Lab Sample No	55CR LAT
Comments	<i></i>	
Inclusive Dates of Possession		
Organization Name		
Received By	Date Received	l Time
Transported By	-	
Comments		
Inclusive Dates of Possession		
Organization Name		
Received By		
Transported By	-	
Comments		
Inclusive Dates of Reseassion		

GN-85-0911

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THE CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY

		Field Sample No. 4B
Company Sampled / Address	IN AFR	·
Sample Point Description	711	
Stream Characteristics:	Flam	pH7.2
	Flow	•
Visual Observations/Comments		
Collector's Name IBC DH	Date/Time Samp	iled 2/5/85 (100)
Amount of Sample Collected		/ 1
Amount of Sample Collected	500 ml plastic, 1× mason, 4	- VOA, 1× 500 alglase
Store at: ☐ Ambient Д 5°C ☐ -	10°C	
Caution - No more sample available	☐ Return unused portion of same	ole Discard unused portions
Other Instructions - Special Handling -		
Other Instructions - Special Handling -	mazaros	
Hazardous sample (see below)	□ Non-haz	ardous sample
ATOXIC ASSUMEL - IRP	☐ Skin irritant	☐ Flammable (FP< 40°C)
□ Pyrophoric	☐ Lachrymator	☐ Shock sensitive
☐ Acidic	☐ Biological	☐ Carcinogenic · suspect
□ Caustic	☐ Peroxide	☐ Radioactive
□ Other		
Sample Allocation/Chain of Possession	ın.	
Organization Name 147		
Received By Thu This Co	Date Receive	nd R O S O Time Co
Transported By -2000	Lab Sample No.	+5c 2.27
Comments	<u> </u>	
Inclusive Dates of Possession		
Organization Name		
Received By		
Transported By	Lab Sample No	
Comments		
Inclusive Dates of Possession	·	
Organization Name		
Received By		
Transported By		
Inclusive Dates of Possession		



40

		Field Sample No. 64 - 85 - 0912
<i>C</i>	Q AFB	
7/0	Q TED	
Sample Point Description		
Stream Characteristics:		(a
Temperature	Flow	рн 6.8
Visual Observations/Comments		
		010 kg 1112
Collector's Name <u>DH6/JBC</u> Amount of Sample Collected <u>2 X 1 1</u> Sample Description	Date/Time Samp	led 2/5/85 - 1730
Amount of Sample Collected 2X11	-, 2x500 ml gl, 2x s	500 ml plantic 2x 12 mase
Sample Description		VOA
Store at: Ambient 2.5°C -1	0°C □ Other	
Courties No mars comple qualishing	□ Beturn unused portion of same	
Caution - No more sample available		
Other Instructions - Special Handling -	Hazards	
☑ Hazardous sample (see below)	□ Non-haz	ardous sample
Do Toxic Assumed - IRP progra	☐ Skin irritant	☐ Flammable (FP< 40°C)
□ Pyrophoric	☐ Lachrymator	□ Shock sensitive
□ Acidic	☐ Biological	☐ Carcinogenic · suspect
☐ Caustic	☐ Peroxide	☐ Radioactive
Other	L Feloxide	
Sample Allocation/Chain of Possessio	n:	7/ 4=
Organization Name		4-6-90
Received By Think's	Date Receive	3.6-55 d 3.6-55 Time 6.6.6
Transported By	Lab Sample No.	
Comments	$\mathcal{L}_{\mathcal{L}}$	
Inclusive Dates of Possession		
Organization Name		
Received By		d Time
Transported By		
Comments		
Inclusive Dates of Possession		
Organization Name		
Transported By		
Comments	•	
Inclusive Dates of Possession		



		Field Sample No. GN -85 -0913
Company Sampled / Address	swell AFB	
Sample Point Description 4D		
Stream Characteristics:		
Temperature19	Flow	pH7.0
Visual Observations/Comments		
Collector's Name DHG/ JBC	Date/Time Samp	an 2/5/85 — 1530
Collector's Name DHG/ JBC Amount of Sample Collected 500	ul alone 500 ml plant	ic 4×VOA
Sample Description	300-1	
Store at: ☐ Ambient	10°C ☐ Other	
Caution - No more sample available	□ Return unused portion of samp	le 🛘 Discard unused portions
Other Instructions - Special Handling	· Hazards	
⊠ Hazardous sample (see below)		ardous sample
MTOXIC Assumed - IRP program	ମ □ Skin irritant	☐ Fiammable (FP< 40°C)
□ Pyrophoric	☐ Lachrymator	☐ Shock sensitive
□ Acidic	☐ Biological	☐ Carcinogenic · suspect
□ Caustic	☐ Peroxide	☐ Radioactive
□ Other		
Sample Allocation/Chain of Possession	on:	
Organization Name		<u> </u>
Organization Name 1715 Received By	Date Received	Time 14
Transported By	Lab Sample No.	5c 3c à 1
Comments		
Inclusive Dates of Possession		
Organization Name		
Received By	Date Received	d Time
Transported By		
Comments	•	
Inclusive Dates of Possession		
Organization Name		
Received By		
Transported By		
Comments	•	
Inclusive Dates of Possession		



GN-85-0913

		Field Sample No
Company Sampled / Address	ON AFR	
Sample Point Description		
Stream Characteristics:		
Temperature	Flow	pH
Visual Observations/Comments		
Collector's Name JBC DH	G Date/Time Sam	pled 2/5/85 1530
Amount of Sample Collected		
Amount of Sample Collected	× Mason	
Store at: Ambient A5°C -	10°C Other	
Caution - No more sample available	☐ Return unused portion of sam	ple Discard unused portions
(Other Instructions - Special Handling -		
(XHazardous sample (see below)	□ Non-ha	zardous sample
B-Toxic Assured - IRP	☐ Skin irritant	☐ Flammable (FP< 40°C)
□ Pyrophoric	☐ Lachrymator	□ Shock sensitive
□ Acidic	☐ Biological	☐ Carcinogenic - suspect
□ Caustic	☐ Peroxide	□ Radioactive
□ Other		
Sample Allocation/Chain of Possessic	on:	
Organization Name KTS		31.5
Received By	Date Receive	ed 7.657 Time
Transported By	Lab Sample No.	35CaUx /
Comments		
Inclusive Dates of Possession		
Organization Name		
Received By	Date Receiv	ed Time
Transported By	Lab Sample No	
Comments		
Inclusive Dates of Possession		
Organization Name		
		ed Time
•		
Comments		
Inclusive Dates of Possession		



	CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD	. GN-85-0914
•	F	ield Sample No. #
Company Sampled / Address	ell AFB	
Sample Point Description $\frac{4E}{}$	- N1 -	
•		
Stream Characteristics:		7
•	Flow	pH
Visual Observations/Comments		
Collector's Name <u>JBC/DHG</u> Amount of Sample Collected <u>SOD A</u>	Date/Time Sampled	2/5/85/1630
Amount of Sample Collected 500 A	el alors 500 ml Plas	fic 4x VOA
samoin imscription		
Store at: ☐ Ambient Ø5°C ☐ -1	ig°C	
		•
🛱 Caution - No more sample available	☐ Return unused portion of sample [☐ Discard unused portions
Other Instructions - Special Handling - I	Hazards	
<u> </u>		
CXHazardous sample (see below)	☐ Non-hazardo	ous sample
DE TOXIC ASSUMES - IRP program	^ □ Skin irritant	☐ Fiammable (FP< 40°C)
□ Pyrophoric	□ Lachrymator	☐ Shock sensitive
□ Acidic		☐ Carcinogenic · suspect
□ Caustic	□ Peroxide	☐ Radioactive
□ Other		
		
Sample Allocation/Chain of Possession	n:	
Organization Name 1775 Received By	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	3 1 1/2
Received By	Date Received	7 6 45 Time
Transported By	Lab Sample No	20d6.45
Comments		
	``	
Inclusive Dates of Possession		
Organization Name		
Organization Name	Date Received	Time
Organization Name Received By Transported By	Date Received Lab Sample No	Time
Inclusive Dates of Possession Organization Name Received By Transported By Comments Inclusive Dates of Possession	Date Received Lab Sample No	Time
Organization Name Received By Transported By Comments Inclusive Dates of Possession	Date Received Lab Sample No	Time
Organization Name Received By Transported By Comments Inclusive Dates of Possession Organization Name	Date Received Lab Sample No	Time
Organization Name Received By Transported By Comments Inclusive Dates of Possession	Lab Sample No Date Received Lab Sample No	Time



GN-85-0914

		Field Sample No. 4
Company Sampled Address (JSA	F - Care, sell AFR	
Company Sampled / Address <u>USA</u> Sample Point Description <u>4</u>	E	
Stream Characteristics:		
Temperature	Flow	pн <u>7- δ</u>
Visual Observations/Comments		
Collector's Name DHG, JBC	Date/Time Sample	2/5/85 /630
Amount of Sample Collected		
Sample Description > 10, class 1	Macan	
Sample Description 10 glas, 1: Store at: Ambient 5°C -	10°C □ Other	
💢 Caution - No more sample available	☐ Return unused portion of sample	e 🗆 Discard unused portions
Other Instructions - Special Handling -		
		
XHazardous sample (see below)	□ Non hone	-doue comple
	□ Non-naza	rdous sample
KTOXIC ASSUMES - IRP	☐ Skin irritant	☐ Flammable (FP< 40°C)
□ Pyrophoric	☐ Lachrymator	☐ Shock sensitive
□ Acidic	☐ Biological	☐ Carcinogenic · suspect
□ Caustic	☐ Peroxide	☐ Radioactive
Other	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Sample Allocation/Chain of Possessio	n:	
Organization Name		
Organization Name	ال Date Received	Time
Transported By	Lab Sample No	45CRC315
Comments		
nclusive Dates of Possession		
Organization Name		
Received By		
ransported By		
Comments		
nclusive Dates of Possession		
Organization Name		
Received By		
ransported By		
Comments		
nclusive Dates of Possession		



GN-85-0918 GN-85-0916

		Field Sample No. 1A, 10 C
Company Sampled/Address	LII AEB	,
Company Sampled Address Sample 3x 500	1 along 2 march 2 2 10 along 15 500	Aldetic 4xVOR
Sample Point Description $\frac{1}{10} = \frac{3 \times 500}{10}$ Stream Characteristics:	see mistace is macon. He 16A	
Temperature		
Visual Observations/Comments		
Collector's Name & Chypnen, DH C	Date/Time Sample	ad 2-6-85
Amount of Sample Collected		
Sample Description water well	 -	
Store at: ☐ Ambient ☒ 5°C ☐ -		
_		
🗷 Caution - No more sample available	☐ Return unused portion of sample	□ Discard unused portions
Other Instructions - Special Handling -	Hazards	
荅Hazardous sample (see below)	☐ Non-hazar	rdous sample
Moxic - assumed, IRP progra	₩ □ Skin irritant	☐ Flammable (FP< 40°C)
□ Pyrophoric	☐ Lachrymator	☐ Shock sensitive
□ Acidic	☐ Biological	☐ Carcinogenic - suspect
□ Caustic	☐ Peroxide	□ Radioactive
□ Other		
Sample Allocation/Chain of Possessio	· m•	
/ `A /		
Organization Name 75 Received By 76 100 100 100	Nate Received	3-7 × 5 Time
Transported By 311 CX	Lab Sample No.	UR 0.34
Comments)	
Organization Name		
Received By		Time
Transported By		
Comments		
Inclusive Dates of Possession		
Organization Name		
Received By		
Transported By		
Comments	· ·	
Inclusive Dates of Deceaseign		

RADIAN

CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

GN-85-0921 GN-85-0921 GN-85-0919 GN-85-0915

Field Sample No. 11B,5C,10 A,10B

Company Sampled / Address Carsus	II NER	.
Company Sampled Address 10 A 12 - 10	KSMaller Dragon 81	VOL / 11R= 22501/19/44 1x macon 19
Sample Point Description DA & B = 15 Stream Characteristics:	a lake Heyn A Jenson 1	Kleaker 1 x 500 minutes
Stream Characteristics:	owall (words)	44
Temperature	Flow	pH
Visual Observations/Comments		
		2/695
Collector's Name The Chapman DH	Cancar 2 Date/Time Sample	d 470 03
Sample Description water well		
Store at: ☐ Ambient 전 5°C ☐ - 10°	°C 🗆 Other	
∑ Caution · No more sample available □	1 Patura unused parties of sample	
Other Instructions - Special Handling - Ha	zards	
🗷 Hazardous sample (see below)	☐ Non-hazar	dous sample
Stoxic -assumed, IRP pragram	☐ Skin irritant	☐ Flammable (FP< 40°C)
☐ Pyrophoric	☐ Lachrymator	☐ Shock sensitive
☐ Acidic	☐ Biological	☐ Carcinogenic - suspect
□ Caustic	☐ Peroxide	☐ Radioactive
□ Other		
Sample Allocation / Chain of Possession:		
Organization Name	D.A. D	3.7.35
Received By Transported By	Date Received	11me
Inclusive Dates of Possession		
inclusive Dates of Possession		
Organization Name		
Received By		
Transported By		
Comments		
Inclusive Dates of Possession		
Organization Name		
Received By		
Transported By		
Comments		
Inclusive Dates of Possession		



GN-85-0920 GN-85-0917

		Field Sample No. 27,58
Company Sampled / Address	LII AFB	•
Sample Point Description 5A: 4×500 Stream Characteristics:	Intelect 2x mason 4x VOX.	2×10 aloss 2×500Al plastic
Sample Point Description 374. 1.386	Dateless 2xmson 4x10	1. Ixlacky IxXXI alabatic
Stream Characteristics:	9-13-2, 2-111-201-3, 1-11-1	3 (11 G 263) (Oct 11 p. 31 C
Temperature	Flow	pH
Visual Observations/Comments		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Collector's Name TB Chagman DH	Gancur 2 Date/Time Samo	led 2-6-85
Amount of Sample Collected		
Sample Description Water well		
Store at: ☐ Ambient ※ 5°C ☐ -10		
Caution - No more sample available	 Return unused portion of samp 	ele 🗀 Discard unused portions
Other Instructions - Special Handling - H	lazards	
☑ Hazardous sample (see below)	□ Non-haz	ardous sample
Atoxic-asymed, IRP program	☐ Skin irritant	☐ Flammable (FP< 40°C)
□ Pyrophoric	☐ Lachrymator	☐ Shock sensitive
☐ Acidic	☐ Biological	☐ Carcinogenic · suspect
□ Caustic	☐ Peroxide	☐ Radioactive
□ Other		
Sample Allocation/Chain of Possession	:	
0		
Received By The Mill March	Date Receive	d <u>37 55</u> Time <u>CT</u>
Transported By	Lab Sample No.	350202c
Comments		
Organization Name	·	
Received By		d Time
Transported By	Lab Sample No	
Comments		
Inclusive Dates of Possession		
Organization Name		
Received By		
Transported By		
Comments		
Inclusive Dates of Reseasoion		



RESERVED PRODUCTION SEPTEMBER SESSION SESSION AND SESSION AND SESSION AND SESSION CONTRACTOR AND SESSION AND SESSI

CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

GN-85-0925 -0926 -0927 Field Sample No. (12B, C & 15A)

)	Tions outling to the state of t
Company Sampled Address Carsus	AFB.	1.500 1 1 1 1/ WA
Sample Point Description 28 Ceach F	bye 2×200-1945. 12 mason,	1×300 Al passic, TX VUM
Stream Characteristics: 15 A has 1	× 500 ml glass, 1x leglass	
Temperature	Flow	pH
Visual Observations/Comments		
Collector's Name JBC/DHG	Date/Time Sample	od 2-7-85
Amount of Sample Collected		
Sample Description Water Wall		
Store at: ☐ Ambient 15.5°C ☐ ~ 10°C	C 🗆 Other	
Caution - No more sample available Other Instructions - Special Handling - Haz	•	
		
⊠Hazardous sample (see below)	□ Non-naza	rdous sample
XToxic -assumed, IRP program	☐ Skin irritant	☐ Flammable (FP< 40°C)
□ Pyrophoric V	☐ Lachrymator	□ Shock sensitive
□ Acidic	☐ Biological	☐ Carcinogenic - suspect
□ Caustic	☐ Peroxide	☐ Radioactive
Other		
Sample Allocation/Chain of Possession:		
Organization Name 199		7 (1)
Received By Clic Milliam Transported By	Date Received	Time
	Lab Sample No	7:1170
Comments		
Inclusive Dates of Possession		
Organization Name		
Received By		
Transported By	Lab Sample No	
Comments		
Inclusive Dates of Possession		
Organization Name		
Received By		
Transported By		
Comments	·	



GN-85-0923 \$GN-85-0924 Field Sample No. (11\$12 A)

Company Sampled Address Carswel	I LFR	
Sample Point Description 11A = 3×500m 12A = 4×500	Voless 2× Maria 2×12 alass	Ir Sanlada 45VOA
12 A = 4x 500	ortaless Dragge 2× SND al ala	de UxvoA
Temperature	Flow	pH
Visual Observations/Comments		
Collector's Name	Date/Time Sampled _	2-7-85
Amount of Sample Collected		
Sample Description water well		
Store at: ☐ Ambient ☐ 5°C ☐ -10°C		
Other Instructions · Special Handling · Haze		
⊠ Hazardous sample (see below)	☐ Non-hazardo	us sample
** Toxic - assumed, IRP program	Skin irritant	☐ Flammable (FP< 40°C)
□ Pyrophoric	☐ Lachrymator	☐ Shock sensitive
☐ Acidic	☐ Biological	☐ Carcinogenic - suspect
□ Caustic	□ Peroxide	☐ Radioactive
□ Other		
Sample Allocation/Chain of Possession: Organization Name Received By Transported By Comments		2.75
Received By	Date Received	Time
Transported By	Lab Sample No.	- 50C AC70 - DT7
Comments		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Inclusive Dates of Possession		
Organization Name		
Received By		
Transported By	Lab Sample No	
Comments		
Inclusive Dates of Possession		
Organization Name		
Received By		
Transported By		
Comments		
Inclusive Dates of Possession		



GN-85-0928

	CHAIR OF COSTODI RECORD	
	Fie	old Sample No
Company Sampled / Address CASC	LAT AFB	
Sample Point Description $10 = 4 \times 5$	nell AFB Donlalass, 2× mason, 2×1e glass, 2:	500ml plastic, 4×VOA
Stream Characteristics:	0 , , - 0	
	Flow	рΗ
-		•
Collector's Name - TRC / NU /-	Date/Time Sampled	2-7-85
Amount of Sample Collected	Date/Time Sampled _	
Sample Description Water well		
	- 10°C	
Wasaking Mana		
	■ □ Return unused portion of sample □	
Other Instructions - Special Handling	· Hazards	
⊠Hazardous sample (see below)	☐ Non-hazardou	s sample
Atoxic — assured, IRP pro	Skin irritant	☐ Flammable (FP< 40°C)
☐ Pyrophoric	. □ Lachrymator	☐ Shock sensitive
☐ Acidic	☐ Biological	☐ Carcinogenic · suspect
□ Caustic	☐ Peroxide	☐ Radioactive
Other		
Sample Allocation/Chain of Possessi	on:	
Organization Name RAS =		
Received By	Date Received	<u>、ちらつ</u> Time <u> じし</u>
Transported By	Lab Sample No	19,44
Comments	<u> </u>	
Inclusive Dates of Possession		
Organization Name		
	Date Received	
	Lab Sample No	
	Date Received	
	Lab Sample No.	
Inclusive Dates of Possession		



GN-85-0930-> 0932

	CHAIN OF CUSTOUT RECORD	
		Field Sample No. (15, 158, C)
Company Sampled / Address	Carrell AFR	
Semala Daint Brandation	- 2-EM . Les Ixmains Ixle	1 des l'eson lacter Il xVAL
Sample Point Description IC	- 1250 Migrays, (Myrason), 1112	2 1 1 1 X DO XI GIAGIE , 4 X 10/C
Stream Characteristics: 156	= 2×500 m glass, 1×mason, 1×1e 3 and c each have 1=500 m/glas	is, in leg has
	Flow	
Visual Observations/Comment	ls	
Collector's Name TBC/D	₩6 Date/Time Samp	oled 2-8-8-5
Amount of Sample Collected _		
Sample Description Water	· we Il	
Store at: ☐ Ambient 💢 5°C	□ - 10°C □ Other	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
~ Caution ⋅ No more sample av	vailable 🛚 Return unused portion of samp	ole Discard unused portions
Other Instructions - Special Ha	ndling · Hazards	
X Hazardous sample (see belo	w)	ardous sample
Toxic - ASUMED TO	2 Paragram	•
Burenharia	□ Skin irritant	☐ Flammable (FP< 40°C)
☐ Pyrophoric ☐ Acidic	Lacinymator	☐ Shock sensitive
	□ Biological	☐ Carcinogenic · suspect
☐ Caustic ☐ Other	□ Peroxide	☐ Radioactive
Other		
Sample Allocation/Chain of Po	ssession:	
Organization Name	Date Receive Lab Sample No.	
Received By	Date Receive	d 3- 12 Time - 12 Time
Transported By	Lab Sample No.	(1503055
Comments		
Inclusive Dates of Possession		
Organization Name		
Received By	Date Receive	d Time
	Lab Sample No.	
Inclusive Dates of Possession		
	Date Receive	
	Lab Sample No.	
	Lab Sample No.	
Inclusive Dates of Possession		



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CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

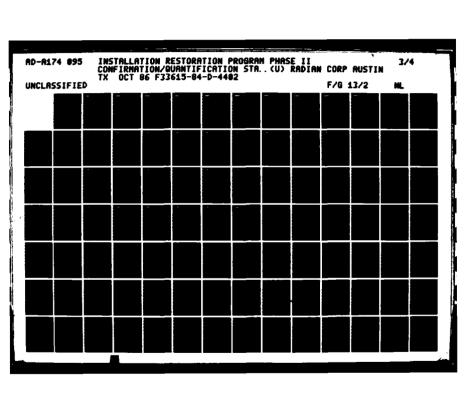
850933 850940 Field Sample No. 850944

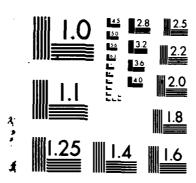
Company Sampled Address Cars	well AFB	5-0 (//
Sample Point Description	well, Streams at Site.	4,5
Stream Characteristics:		
Temperature	Flow	он
Visual Observations/Comments		
Collector's Name LN France	Date/Time Sample	d 2/19/85
Amount of Sample Collected	riable	
Sample Description		
Store at: ☐ Ambient 5°C ☐ -	10°C □ Other	
,		
Caution - No more sample available		
Other Instructions - Special Handling -	Hazards	
Hazardous sample (see below)	☐ Non-hazardous sample	
□ Toxic }	☐ Skin irritant	☐ Flammable (FP< 40°C
☐ Pyrophoric \	☐ Lachrymator	Shock sensitive
□ Acidic \	☐ Biological	Carcínogenic - suspec
□ Caustic \	☐ Peroxide	□ Radioactive
□ Other <u>VTrom</u> E	<u> </u>	
Sample Allocation/Chain of Possession	on:	
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Organization Name		
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Comments		
Inclusive Dates of Possession		, <u></u>



CS-85-0934->

Field Sample No. <u>65-85 - 07</u>42, 65-85-0743 Company Sampled/Address **Sample Point Description Stream Characteristics:** Temperature **Visual Observations/Comments** Date/Time Sampled 32/17 Collector's Name Amount of Sample Collected Sample Description _____ Store at: ☐ Ambient ☐ 5°C 💆 – 10°C ☐ Other _ ☑Caution · No more sample available ☐ Return unused portion of sample ☐ Discard unused portions Other Instructions - Special Handling - Hazards ___ ⊁Hazardous sample (see below) □ Non-hazardous sample ☐ Flammable (FP< 40°C) ☐ Skin irritant ☐ Toxic ☐ Shock sensitive ☐ Lachrymator Pyrophoric ☐ Carcinogenic · suspect _ Acidic □ Biological □ Radioactive ☐ Peroxide ☐ Caustic Other Sample Allocation/Chain of Possession: Organization Name ____K15 _____ Date Received Time _ Received By _____ Lab Sample No. ___________ Transported By ____ Comments ___ Inclusive Dates of Possession _ Organization Name _____ _____ Date Received _____ Time ____ Received By ______ Transported By _____ Lab Sample No. _____ Comments ___ Inclusive Dates of Possession ____ Organization Name ___ ______ Date Received ______ Time _____ Received By ____ Transported By ______ Lab Sample No. _____ Comments ____ Inclusive Dates of Possession _____





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EDRPORATION	CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD	GN 85-0744,	
Company Sampled/Address	Asswell AFB inface water, Sites 12+16	6N 85-0744, 0945, 0946	
Sample Point Description	uface water, Sites 12+16		
Stream Characteristics:	Flow	pH	
Visual Observations/Comments			
Sample Description Walk	TBChapica Date/Time Sampled_ Variable □ -10°C □ Other		
•	dling · Hazards		
Hazardous sample (see below	ple (see below) Non-hazardous sample		
□ Toxic	☐ Skin irritant	☐ Flammable (FP< 40°C)	
□ Pyrophoric \	☐ Lachrymator	□ Shock sensitive	
□ Acidic \	☐ Biological	☐ Carcinogenic · suspect	
□ Caustic	Site Peroxide	☐ Radioactive	
Sample Allocation/Chain of Pos Organization Name	-		
Received By	Date Received 2 Lab Sample No	1 - 7 Time	
Organization Name			
	Date Received		
•	Lab Sample No.		
Inclusive Dates of Possession _			
	Date Received		
	Lab Sample No		
Inclusive Dates of Possession _			



65-85-082
GS-85-0947

		Field Sample No. 0948
Ota A	ALAM AEA	0949,
A-1	swell AFB	
Sample Point Description	15,16	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Stream Characteristics:		
Temperature	Flow	pH
Visual Observations/Comments		
Callantaria Nama I N Falanci		. 2/20/8r
Collector's Name LN French	Date/Time Sample	<u> 2/28/83</u>
Amount of Sample Collected Sample Description		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Store at: Ambient 5°C	10°C □ Other	
,		
Caution - No more sample available	☐ Return unused portion of sample	e 🗇 Discard unused portions
Other Instructions - Special Handling -		
Hazardous sample (see below)	□ Non-hazaı	rdous sample
□ Toxic \	☐ Skin irritant	☐ Flammable (FP< 40°C)
☐ Pyrophoric \	☐ Lachrymator	☐ Shock sensitive
□ Acidic \	☐ Biological ·	□ Carcinogenic · suspect
□ Caustic D in A in	□ Peroxide	□ Radioactive
Other RY Site		
Sample Allocation/Chain of Possessio		
Organization Name 1	m.	
Received By Thu TWAY	Onto Received	3-1-5 Time
Transported By	Lab Sample No.	
Comments	cab sample No	
Inclusive Dates of Possession		
Organization Name		
Received By	Date Received	Time
Transported By		
Comments		
Inclusive Dates of Possession		
Organization Name		
Received By		
Transported By		
Comments		
Inclusive Dates of Possession		



850 967 850 970 Field Sample No. <u>850 97</u>1

Company Sampled Address CARSWELL AFB Sample Point Description HONITOR WELLS Stream Characteristics: N/A _____ Flow _____ Temperature Visual Observations/Comments _____ Collector's Name PETER A WATERREUS Date/Time Sampled 3/5/25 Amount of Sample Collected AUARTS, VOAS, 500 ml glass and plastic, 1-lite alex Sample Description ___________ Store at: ☐ Ambient ☐ 5°C ☐ -10°C ☐ Qther 4°C Other Instructions - Special Handling - Hazards SUSPECTED HAZARDOUS HATERIAL ☐ Hazardous sample (see below) ☐ Non-hazardous sample ☐ Toxic ☐ Skin irritant ☐ Flammable (FP< 40°C) ☐ Pyrophoric ☐ Lachrymator ☐ Shock sensitive ☐ Acidic ☐ Biological ☐ Carcinogenic · suspect ☐ Caustic ☐ Peroxide ☐ Radioactive ☐ Other Sample Allocation/Chain of Possession: Organization Name _______ Received By ____ ____ Date Received Transported By ___ Lab Sample No. Comments ___ Inclusive Dates of Possession _____ Organization Name _____ Received By ______ Date Received _____ Time _____ Transported By ____ ______ Lab Sample No. _____ Comments ____ ______ Inclusive Dates of Possession _____ Organization Name _____ Received By ___ ______Date Received Time Transported By _____ Lab Sample No. ____ Comments ___ Inclusive Dates of Possession _____



850958 850957 850969

Field Sample No. 850966 850956 Company Sampled / Address CARSWELL AFB 350755 Sample Point Description MONITOR WELLS Stream Characteristics: N/A ____ Flow _____ pH ____ Temperature ___ Visual Observations/Comments Collector's Name PETER A WATERREUS Date/Time Sampled 3/5/85 Amount of Sample Collected QUARTS VOAS, Soonl glass, 500 nd Plante, 1-lite Sample Description ____ WATER ___ Store at:

Ambient

5°C

-10°C

Other

4°C ☐ Hazardous sample (see below) □ Non-hazardous sample ☐ Flammable (FP< 40°C) ☐ Toxic ☐ Skin irritant ☐ Pyrophoric ☐ Lachrymator ☐ Shock sensitive ☐ Acidic ☐ Biological ☐ Carcinogenic - suspect ☐ Peroxide ☐ Radioactive ☐ Caustic ☐ Other __ Sample Allocation/Chain of Possession: Organization Name ____________ _____ Date Received 3 & S5 Time COCC Received By ______ Transported By Aid W Lab Sample No. 3503041, 350, 651 Comments ____ Inclusive Dates of Possession Organization Name Received By _____ Time ____ Time ____ Transported By ______ Lab Sample No. _____ Comments ____ _____ Inclusive Dates of Possession _____ Organization Name Received By ______ Date Received _____ Time _____ Transported By _____ Lab Sample No. _____ Comments ____ Inclusive Dates of Possession



850968 850952 850951 Field Sample No. <u>85095</u>3

Company Sampled / Address CAR S	SWELL AFB	850954
	R WELLS	
Stream Characteristics: N/A		
	Flow	
Visual Observations/Comments		рп
Collector's Name PETER A WA	TERREUS Date/Time Sampled	3/4/85-3/5/85
Amount of Sample Collected _QUAR	TS, NOAS, 500 ml glass, 500 mlp	lester 1-leter
Sample Description <i>WATER</i>		
Store at: ☐ Ambient ☐ 5°C ☐ —	10°C 2 Other 4°C	
	☐ Return unused portion of sample ☐	
		•
Other Instructions - Special Handling -	Hazards SUSPECTED HAZARI	DOUS MATERIAL
☐ Hazardous sample (see below)	☐ Non-hazardou	is sample
☐ Toxic	☐ Skin irritant	☐ Flammable (FP< 40°C)
☐ Pyrophoric	☐ Lachrymator	□ Shock sensitive
□ Acidic	☐ Biological	☐ Carcinogenic - suspect
□ Caustic	☐ Peroxide	☐ Radioactive
Other		
Sample Allocation/Chain of Possessio	in.	
Organization Name K75	•••	
Received ByALLE MULLICATION	Date Received 3	6 55 Time C/CC
Transported By	Lab Sample No. 3723	C+1 150
Comments		
Inclusive Dates of Possession		
Organization Name		
	Date Received	
	Lab Sample No.	
Inclusive Dates of Possession		
Received By	Date Received	Time
	Lab Sample No.	
Comments		
Inclusive Dates of Possession		

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CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

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850963 850965 850959

Field Sample No. 850961 350760 Company Sampled Address CARSWELL AFB Sample Point Description Monitor Wells Stream Characteristics: N/A _____ Flow ______ pH _____ Temperature Visual Observations/Comments Collector's Name PETER A WATERREUS Date/Time Sampled Amount of Sample Collected QUARTS, VOAS, 500 ml glass, 500 ml plate, 1-lite Store at:

Ambient

5°C

-10°C

Other

4°C Other Instructions - Special Handling - Hazards SUSPECTED HAZARDIUS MATERIAL ☐ Non-hazardous sample ☐ Hazardous sample (see below) ☐ Flammable (FP< 40°C) ☐ Skin irritant ☐ Toxic ☐ Shock sensitive ☐ Pyrophoric ☐ Lachrymator ☐ Acidic □ Biological ☐ Carcinogenic - suspect ☐ Radioactive ☐ Caustic ☐ Peroxide ☐ Other ___ Sample Allocation/Chain of Possession: Received By _____ _____ Date Received _ Transported By _____ Comments ____ Inclusive Dates of Possession Organization Name Received By ______ Time _____ Time _____ Transported By _____ Lab Sample No. _____ _____ Comments ____ Inclusive Dates of Possession ______ Organization Name _____ Received By ______ Date Received _____ Time _____ Transported By _____ Lab Sample No. _____ Comments

Inclusive Dates of Possession

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CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

850973 850974 850975

Field Sample No. 850981 Company Sampled / Address <u>CARS WELL</u> AFB Sample Point Description <u>MANITOR</u> WELLS Stream Characteristics: N/A _____pH _____pH _____ Temperature ___ Visual Observations/Comments ______ Collector's Name PETER A WATERREUS Date/Time Sampled 3/6/75 Amount of Sample Collected QUARTS, VOAS, 500 ml after + plante, 1-lite. Sample Description __/LATER____ Store at: ☐ Ambient ☐ 5°C ☐ -10°C ☒ Other _____ 4°C ☐ Caution · No more sample available ☐ Return unused portion of sample ☐ Discard unused portions Other Instructions · Special Handling · Hazards ______ ☐ Hazardous sample (see below) ☐ Non-hazardous sample ☐ Flammable (FP< 40°C) ☐ Skin irritant ☐ Toxic ☐ Shock sensitive ☐ Pyrophoric ☐ Lachrymator ☐ Acidic ☐ Carcinogenic - suspect ☐ Biological ☐ Radioactive ☐ Caustic ☐ Peroxide Other SUSPECTED HAZARDOUS MATERIAL Sample Allocation/Chain of Possession: Organization Name _______ _____ Date Received 3 3 5 Received By _____ Transported By 12091 Lab Sample No. 273(23 Comments ___ Inclusive Dates of Possession _____ Organization Name Received By _____ Date Received _____ Time ____ Transported By _____ Lab Sample No. _____ _____ Comments Inclusive Dates of Possession Organization Name _____ ______ Date Received ______ Time _____ Received By _____ Transported By ______ Lab Sample No. _____ Comments ___ Inclusive Dates of Possession _____



850977 850978 850979 850982

Field Sample No. <u>850983</u> 850976 Company Sampled Address <u>CARSWELL AFR</u> Sample Point Description MONITOR WELLS Stream Characteristics: MA _____ Flow _____ pH _____ Temperature __ Visual Observations/Comments _____ Collector's Name PETER A WATERREUS Date/Time Sampled 3/6/85 Amount of Sample Collected QUARTS, UDAS, 500 ml glass + plastic, 1-lites Sample Description <u>WATER</u> Store at: □ Ambient □ 5°C □ -10°C

Cother 4°C Other Instructions - Special Handling - Hazards ______ ☐ Hazaro_us sample (see below) ☐ Non-hazardous sample ☐ Toxic ☐ Skin irritant ☐ Flammable (FP< 40°C) ☐ Pyrophoric ☐ Lachrymator ☐ Shock sensitive ☐ Acidic ☐ Biological ☐ Carcinogenic · suspect ☐ Caustic ☐ Peroxide ☐ Radioactive □ Other <u>SUSPECTED HAZARDOUS MATERIAL</u> Sample Allocation/Chain of Possession: Organization Name 175 -Received By Date Received 3.7.5 Time _____ Comments ____ Inclusive Dates of Possession ______ Organization Name Received By ____ ______ Date Received ______ Time _____ Transported By ______ Lab Sample No. _____ Comments ____ Inclusive Dates of Possession ______ Organization Name _____ Received By ______ Time _____ Time _____ Transported By _____ Lab Sample No. _____ Comments

Inclusive Dates of Possession



85 0942 85 0480 85 044 3

Field Sample No. 350975 Company Sampled Address CARSWELL AFR Sample Point Description MONITOR WELLS (P1.5C.P2.15A) Stream Characteristics: N/A Flow ________ pH ______ Temperature Visual Observations/Comments _____ Collector's Name PETER A WATERREUS Date/Time Sampled 3/1/25 - 3/2/25 A. rount of Sample Collected QUARTS, VOAS, 500 rd glass + plante, 1- it Sample Description WATER Store at: Ambient 5°C - 10°C XOther 4°C ☐ Caution - No more sample available ☐ Return unused portion of sample ☐ Discard unused portions Other Instructions · Special Handling · Hazards ______ □ Non-hazardous sample ☐ Hazardous sample (see below) ☐ Flammable (FP< 40°C) ☐ Skin irritant ☐ Toxic ☐ Shock sensitive ☐ Lachrymator ☐ Pyrophoric ☐ Carcinogenic - suspect ☐ Acidic □ Biological ☐ Radioactive ☐ Peroxide ☐ Caustic Other SUSPECTED PAZARDOUS MATERIAL Sample Allocation/Chain of Possession: Organization Name _____ Date Received ______ Received By _____ Lab Sample No. Transported By ____ Comments Inclusive Dates of Possession ______ Organization Name Received By ______ Date Received _____ Time ____ Transported By ______ Lab Sample No. _____ Comments Inclusive Dates of Possession ______ Organization Name Received By ______ Date Received _____ Time _____ Transported By _____ Lab Sample No. _____ Comments

Inclusive Dates of Possession _____



Field Sample No. 350974 850940 Company Sampled / Address CARS WELL AFR 750935 Sample Point Description <u>HUNITUR</u> WELLS (12C 12 9,128,109) Stream Characteristics: N/A ______ Flow _____ pH _____ Temperature _____ Visual Observations/Comments _____ Collector's Name <u>FETER A INPTERREUS</u> Date/Time Sampled 3/7/55 Amount of Sample Collected 21AATS, VDAS, 500 ml glass + planter, 1- Viter glass Sample Description <u>ivatis</u> Store at: ☐ Ambient ☐ 5°C ☐ -10°C Ø Other _ 4°C Other Instructions - Special Handling - Hazards _____ ☐ Hazardous sample (see below) ☐ Non-hazardous sample ☐ Flammable (FP< 40°C) ☐ Skin irritant ☐ Toxic ☐ Shock sensitive □ Pyrophoric ☐ Lachrymator ☐ Carcinogenic · suspect ☐ Acidic ☐ Biological ☐ Radioactive ☐ Peroxide ☐ Caustic Other SUSCECTED HAZARDOUS MATERIAL Sample Allocation/Chain of Possession: Organization Name _____ Organization Name

Received By

Date Received 3-4-55

Time 430

Transported By

Lab Sample No. 4503(4) 450 Comments ____ Inclusive Dates of Possession Organization Name _____ Received By ______ Date Received _____ Time _____ Transported By _____ Lab Sample No. _____ Comments ____ inclusive Dates of Possession Organization Name Received By ______ Date Received _____ Time _____ Transported By ______ Lab Sample No. _____ Comments ____ Inclusive Dates of Possession



	Fic	old Sample No <i><u> </u></i>
Company Sampled / Address CARS	WELL AFB	
Sample Point Description Months	Will IB	
Stream Characteristics: N/7		
	Flow	
	FIOW	
visual Observations/Comments		
Collector's Name FEYER A LURT	TERMEUS Date/Time Sampled _	3/8/85
Amount of Sample Collected / 1/22	Interty 2 VOAS	
Sample Description		
Store at: Ambient 5°C -	10°C 25 Other 4°C	
•	☐ Return unused portion of sample ☐ Hazards	
□ Hazardous sample (see below)	☐ Non-hazardou	ıs sample
□ Toxic	☐ Skin irritant	☐ Flammable (FP< 40°C
□ Pyrophoric	☐ Lachrymator	□ Shock sensitive
□ Acidic	☐ Biological	☐ Carcinogenic · suspec
□ Caustic	☐ Peroxide	☐ Radioactive
□ Other <u>SUSPECTED HAZ</u>	ARDRUS MATERIAL	
Sample Allocation/Chain of Possessio	n:	
Organization Name		
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Fransported By	Date Received Lab Sample No	3.13
Comments	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·
nclusive Dates of Possession		
Organization Name		
Received By	Date Received	Time
	Lab Sample No.	
Comments		
	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	
Organization Name		
	Date Received	
-	Lab Sample No	



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### **CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD**

	CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD	850977
	Field	d Sample No. 850978
Company Sampled / Address Sample Point Description	rowell AFB	
Stream Characteristics: Temperature	Flow 59pm to sed or turbidity	pH
Collector's Name Figure Amount of Sample Collected Sample Description Soc	shinne	1/26/82
Caution · No more sample available	■ Return unused portion of sample □ I - Hazards	Discard unused portions
Hazardous sample (see below)	☐ Non-hazardous sample	
☐ Toxic ☐ Pyrophoric ☐ Acidic ☐ Caustic ☐ Other   RP site	☐ Skin irritant ☐ Lachrymator ☐ Biological ☐ Peroxide	☐ Flammable (FP< 40°C) ☐ Shock sensitive ☐ Carcinogenic · suspect ☐ Radioactive
Sample Allocation/Chain of Possession Organization Name Received By Transported By Comments Inclusive Dates of Possession	on:  Date Received  Lab Sample No.	
Organization Name  Received By  Transported By  Comments		Time
Organization Name	Date Received	Time



APPENDIX I References



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### APPENDIX I References

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### APPENDIX J

### Biographies of Key Personnel

Thomas W. Grimshaw - Program Manager

Lawrence N. French - Project Director

Jenny B. Chapman - Supervising Geologist

James L. Machin - Soil Sampling

Peter A. Waterreus - Soil and Monitor Well Sampiling

David H. Gancarz - Monitor Well Sampling

Doug A. Orr - Monitor Well Sampling

Jill P. Rossi - Cartographer

Kevin Zonana - Cartographer Assistant

William M. Little - Technical Review



#### THOMAS W. GRIMSHAW

#### **EDUCATION:**

Ph.D., Geology, University of Texas at Austin, 1976.

M.S., Geology, University of Texas at Austin, 1970.

B.S., Geological Engineering, South Dakota School of Mines and Technology, 1967.

#### **EXPERIENCE:**

Program Manager, Radian Corporation, Austin, TX, 1984-Present.

Division Manager, Policy and Environmental Analysis Division, Radian Corporation, 1982-1984.

Department Head, Environmental Analysis Department, Radian Corporation, 1978-1982.

Group Leader, Radian Corporation, 1976-1978.

Teaching Assistant, The University of Texas at Austin, 1974.

Captain (R&D Coordinator), U.S. Army, 1970-1972.

Geologist, Junior Grade, Amoco Production Company, 1969-1970.

Geologic Field Assistant, Amoco Production Company, 1967.

Certification: AIPG Certified Professional Geologist No. 4425

### FIELDS OF EXPERIENCE:

As Program Manager at Radian, Dr. Grimshaw has overall responsibility for the technical, fiscal, and schedule aspects of several solid/hazardous waste, ground-water, and other environmental projects. For these projects, he serves as the primary point of contact for the clients sponsoring the work. Dr. Grimshaw is also responsible for marketing and preparing proposals for Radian services in a variety of areas, including solid/hazardous waste site investigations, remedial action planning and implementation, ground-water contamination studies, multidisciplinary environmental studies, and reclamation investigations.

Most recently, Dr. Grimshaw has served as Program Manager (PM) for solid/haz-ardous waste disposal investigations at seven U.S. Air Force bases in Texas,

### RADIAN

Thomas W. Grimshaw

Oklahoma, Louisiana, and New Mexico. These projects, which are being performed for the USAF Occupational and Environmental Health Laboratory, Brooks AFB, Texas, are an integral part of the Air Force Installation Restoration Program. Each investigation includes soil sampling and analysis, monitor well installation, and surface water sampling and analysis. The resulting data are interpreted in terms of degree of soils, ground-water, and surface-water impacts, and recommendations are made for investigations for defining remedial measures to be undertaken.

Also for the Air Force, Dr. Grimshaw is PM for wastewater investigations at Kelly AFB and Laughlin AFB, Texas. The study at Kelly AFB is to detemine the source and characteristics of industrial wastewater and other inflows to the storm sewer system and to make recommendations for redirecting these flows to the industrial wastewater treatment plant. The investigation at Laughlin AFB is a comprehensive evaluation of the effectiveness of the existing wastewater treatment system accompanied by recommendations for required changes to the system.

Dr. Grimshaw is also PM for an ongoing task order contract for a large IBM manufacturing plant in Austin, Texas. This contract is for sampling, analysis, and related services for ground-water monitor wells, wastewater streams, and other sources in the plant.

For a major law firm in Kansas City, Missouri, Dr. Grimshaw is serving as PM for a program to provide Expert Witness and corollary services related to a hazardous waste disposal site in Kansas City. A lawsuit has been filed against the four largest Potentially Responsible Party generators and the owner/operator by the U.S. Department of Justice (who received the case by referral from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency). Radian is working with the law firm representing the former owner/operator of the site.

Expert support is being provided in the following areas: 1) oversight of Remedial Investigation and Feasibility Study activities by the U.S. EPA and the PRP generators; 2) review of depositions and recommendations for line of questioning by the attorneys; 3) support of automation of disposal records with the objective of developing a basis for allocation of investigation and clean-up costs; 4) prepare and give technical presentations on the case to the attorneys involved; and 5) prepare and execute work plans to on-site technical studies to be undertaken at the site.

The Western Company of North America, Fort Worth, Texas is an oil field servicing firm whose operations generate hazardous wastes. Dr. Grimshaw is PM for a program being performed for the Western Company to achieve compliance with Texas Department of Water Resources regulations at three of their sites in Kermit, Odessa, and Rankin. Activities for this program to date have included preparation of a Plan of Action for obtaining compliance and a Waste Analysis plan, both of which have been submitted to TDWR for approval.

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Dr. Grimshaw is PM for a site investigation and remediation for a pesticidecontaminated site in Arizona owned by University Financial Investors Corporation. This project has included soil sampling and analysis for pesticides, remedial plan preparation, and presentations to state and EPA regulatory authorities.

Dr. Grimshaw has served as Technical Coordinator for over 40 risk assessment surveys for Environmental Impairment Liability (EIL) insurance policies. The purpose of these surveys is to provide EIL insurance underwriters the data needed for assessing the risks involved in providing insurance coverage for the facilities surveyed. Dr. Grimshaw also personally performed six EIL surveys involving facilities at more than 30 locations around the country. These facilities included a hazardous waste landfill, numerous industrial and municipal wastewater treatment plants, a municipal landfill, an aluminum forging plant and a casting plant, a magnet wire production facility, and several paper mills.

Dr. Grimshaw was Project Director for an investigation of an unpermitted disposal site located near Dallas, Texas. This project, which was performed for a major law firm in Dallas, included extensive waste and soil sampling and analysis, delineation of specific sites of disposal, and recommendations for disposition of the waste materials found. Several meetings were held with the regulatory agency, the Texas Department of Water Resources.

In another investigation for the same law firm, Dr. Grimshaw was Project Director for a soil sampling and analysis and ground-water monitoring project at a PCB disposal site. The area of contamination was defined by surface and shallow subsurface soil sampling on a modified grid pattern, and two monitor wells were installed. A recommendation involving soil removal, redepositing, and pavement was made to address the PCB contamination at the site.

For a large program conducted for International Paper Company, Dr. Grimshaw served as Technical Coordinator for developing Closure Plans for impoundments at wood treatment plants in three states. This program included a full complement of studies to define the existing situation and prepare a plan of remedial action for each plant. The initial activity was the sampling and analysis of pond supernatant and sludge, subsoil, and ground water. Bench-scale stabilization studies were performed on the sludge using a number of candidate commercial stabilizing compounds. Several closure alternatives were developed and screened, and a set of alternatives was selected for inclusion in conceptual plans. After the conceptual plans were approved by the client and the regulatory agencies, a detailed design was prepared and specifications developed.

For Tuloma Energies, Inc., Radian performed a program directed by Dr. Grimshaw for development of a commercial Hazardous Waste Management Facility in north-

12/05/84



#### Thomas W. Grimshaw

eastern Oklahoma. During the initial phases of this project, a market analysis was performed to determine the sources at waste that could potentially use the new facility. Subsequently, a regional screening analysis was performed to identify areas most likely to have suitable sites for the new facility. This analysis included screening for several factors, including hydrologic, geologic, topographic, ecologic, and aerometric characteristics as well as population density. Dr. Grimshaw assisted Tuloma Energies in coordinating with the state regulatory agency (Oklahoma Department of Health) during the initial phases of the project.

Dr. Grimshaw was Project Director for two programs for International Paper Company to evaluate the potential risk of proposed solid waste management plans for paper mills in Arkansas and Mississippi. These programs included collection of waste, soil, and ground-water samples, analysis of the wastes, and batch extraction of the wastes followed by analysis of the leachates. In addition, leachates were generated and attenuated in waste and soil columns to evaluate the capacity of the subsoil to attenuate any leachate that might escape from the disposal site. A ground-water flow model was used to assess the rate and direction of contaminant movement if contaminants were to reach the water table.

Dr. Grimshaw was Technical Director for a generic environmental assessment of wastes from fluidized bed combustion for the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). Emphasis was placed on potential hydrologic impacts. Both laboratory studies and field lysimeter tests were conducted in the study. The objectives were to identify and investigate key variables which determine the acceptability of FBC waste disposal and to establish a reliable empirical correlation between laboratory and field results so that better conclusions on field effects can be drawn on the basis of laboratory studies. Since the regulatory situation for FBC wastes was unclear during conduct of the program, provisions were made for both the eventuality that leachate migration will be allowed in the substrate below the landfill and that leachate escape will be controlled by liners. Interactions between leachate and representative disposal media and between leachate and several candidate liner materials were investigated in laboratory studies.

Dr. Grimshaw was also Technical Director for a program to investigate the ground-water impact of a spill of a coal-distillate liquid fuel at an SRC-II (Solvent Refined Coal) pilot plant at Fort Lewis Military Reservation near Tacoma, Pierce County, Washington. The study involved detailed coring to establish the location and extent of unsaturated zone con tamination and designing and constructing a set of ground-water monitoring wells to define the extent of ground-water contamination that had occurred. Analytical chemistry support was provided for Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) Extraction Procedure testing of contaminated soils and for ground-water quality evaluation. A Remedial Measures Plan was formulated and implemented to remove

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contaminated material and to prevent the further spread of ground-water contamination. This program involved extensive coordination and interfacing with the states regulatory authority (Washington Department of Ecology).

In a follow-up program for which Dr. Grimshaw was again Technical Director, Radian evaluated the overall hydrogeologic impact of the entire SRC plant in addition to the spill area. This program again involved soil sampling, extraction, and analysis as well as water quality monitor well installation and sampling. A zone of contamination was identified, and a comprehensive Remedial Measures Plan was prepared to address the problem.

In a program for Utah International, Incorporated, Dr. Grimshaw was responsible for evaluating the implications of RCRA on the company's mining operations under various regulatory scenarios. Special reference was made to UI's proposed Springer Mine which is in Pershing County, Nevada. Several issues concerning the application of RCRA regulations to metal mines emerged, including the applicability of the procedure for classifying solid waste as hazardous or non-hazardous.

Dr. Grimshaw was Technical Director for a project to investigate the environmental feasibility of disposing of flue gas desulfurization (FGD) wastes, ash and sludge, from a mine mouth power plant by backfilling into the associated surface mine in northwestern Colorado. He also had major supervisory and hydrogeologic interpretation roles in the second phase of the program, which included extensive field studies. These field studies included infiltration tests of the mine floor and overburden, water balance investigations to estimate ground-water recharge, and emplacement of piezometers to ascertain the direction of ground-water flow. A major output of this program was a rating of the various parts of the large surface mine in terms of suitability for ash and sludge disposal.

Dr. Grimshaw was a Task Leader in a program for the EPA ground-water laboratory (Robert S. Kerr Environmental Research Laboratory) to investigate a technique for identifying sources of nitrate ions in ground waters and soils using stable nitrogen isotopes. The usefulness of nitrogen isotope ratios for differentiating sources of nitrate pollution (septic tanks, feedlots, barnyards, and lands receiving municipal waste waters) was evaluated. Standard statistical techniques were used to analyze the observed variations in nitrogen isotope values, with respect to several nitrate-ion sources and various environmental factors.

For a comprehensive environmental assessment for Shell's Milam Mine near Rock-dale, Texas in Texas, Dr. Grimshaw prepared and conducted an aquifer test program. These efforts included design of the pump wells and piezometers, layout of the well configuration in the field, oversight of well drilling operations, conduct of the two pump tests, and interpretation of the results in terms of the basic aquifer parameters. In another project related to this mine,



#### Thomas W. Grimshaw

Dr. Grimshaw was responsible for evaluating the potential effects on ground water resulting from disposal of ash and FGD solids from a power plant by emplacement of the wastes in the mine.

Dr. Grimshaw has directed or prepared parts of numerous multidisciplinary environmental investigations. The major projects of these type are as follows:

- o EIS for Improvement of the City of San Antonio Wastewater Treatment System
- o EIS for Upgrade of the City of Greensboro, NC Wastewater Treatment System
- EA for the Sandow Four Lignite-Fired Generating Station, Milam County, Texas
- o Preliminary EA for a Proposed Lignite Mine in Henderson and Anderson Counties, Texas
- o Hydrology-Related Regulatory Risks for Lignite Mining at the Deadwood-Shiloh Prospect, Texas and Louisiana
- o EA for a Proposed Olefins Complex near Sweeney, Texas
- o Environmental Audit of the Geokinetics In-Situ Oil Shale Operation, Uintah County, Utah
- o Environmental Support Studies for a New Coal Gasification Facility at the Celanese Chemical Plant, Bishop, Texas
- o Environmental and Reclamation Support Studies for a Proposed Lignite Mine in Freestone County, Texas

Prior to his employment by Radian Corporation, Dr. Grimshaw was employed as an oil and gas exploration geologist by Amoco Production Company, Denver, Colorado. Initially, he was a geologic field assistant near the coast of the Gulf of Alaska. This work entailed measuring, describing, and collecting stratigraphic sections in the Tertiary rocks in the vicinity of Cordova and Cape Yakataga, Alaska. Subsequently, Dr. Grimshaw was involved in a gas and petroleum exploration program in north central Montana. Most of the effort was in working out the stratigraphy and structural geology in the area of investigation, and he served for a time as well-site geologist on gas exploration wells. In addition, he launched a program of regional exploration in a much larger area in Montana. This work included study of down-hole geophysical logs, preparation of structural contour maps, and assembly of isopachous maps.

Thomas V. Grimshav

HONORARY AND PROFESSIONAL SOCIETIES:

Signa Xi., Phi Kappa Phi, Signa Tau, Signa Gamma Epsilon, Geological Socia America. American Association of Petroleum Geologists, Association of Engineering Geologists. Sigma Xi, Phi Kappa Phi, Sigma Tau, Sigma Gamma Epsilon, Geological Society of



#### LAWRENCE N. FRENCH

#### **EDUCATION:**

M.A., Geological Sciences, University of Texas at Austin, 1979.

B.S., Geological Sciences, University of California at Riverside, 1975.

#### EXPERIENCE:

Senior Geologist, Radian Corporation, Austin, TX, 1985-Present.

Staff Geologist, Radian Corporation, Austin, TX, 1979-1984.

Geologist, Sargent and Lundy Engineers, Chicago, IL, 1978-1979.

# REGISTRATION/CERTIFICATION:

Registered Geologist No. 3804, California American Institute of Professional Geologists, CPGS No. 6307

#### FIELDS OF EXPERIENCE:

At Radian, Mr. French is involved in a variety of hydrogeologic and geologic studies. His roles in these studies range from collecting and analyzing hydrogeologic data, interpreting and reporting results of investigations, to directing interdisciplinary programs.

A RCRA groundwater detection monitoring program was recently designed by Mr. French for a hazardous waste management area at a large petroleum refinery in Illinois. The groundwater program, a component of a Part B application, provided for sampling and analysis of groundwater at up-and-down gradient compliance monitoring points and specified monitoring parameters.

At Carswell AFB, Texas, Mr. French is directing an investigation to determine the effect of waste-disposal sites on soil, surface water, and groundwater. The program, part of the nationwide DOD Installation Restoration Program, involves installation of monitor wells, geophysical surveys, collection and analysis of environmental samples, and interpretation of data. Recommendations for appropriate future actions will be based on the findings of this investigation. Mr. French has also been responsible for field activities related to the USAF Installation Restoration Program at Tinker AFB, Oklahoma. At Tinker, electromagnetics surveys were performed at closed industrial waste impoundments and monitoring wells were installed near landfills. At England AFB, Louisiana, Mr. French developed a work plan for the field evaluation of waste disposal practices at the base.



#### Lawrence N. French

Recently Mr. French served as Task Leader for the field portion of an environmental audit of a major DOE-owned research facility near San Francisco. This project involved a detailed look at the regulatory compliance status of the facility, which generates, stores, transports, and disposes of a wide variety of hazardous materials and wastes. The audit, which included contacts with nearly 1,000 people and visits to dozens of buildings, uncovered a number of areas needing upgrading in order to achieve regulatory compliance.

Mr. French has also been involved in various aspects of ground-water investigations at several hazardous waste disposal sites. He recently served as Project Director for a study of PCB-contaminated soils at an industrial site in North Texas. The study involved sampling and analysis of near-surface soils to define the extent of PCB contamination. Remedial measures options were also identified. Mr. French also developed a ground-water monitoring plan in accordance with the Compliance Agreement between the state and the property owner. As Ground-Water Task Leader, he supervised the installation of monitoring wells at an abandoned petroleum products waste dump in Southern California. He later co-authored a technical report on the occurrence and character of ground water at the site. Mr. French also prepared technical designs and specifications for a permanent, post-remedial action ground-water monitoring network.

As part of a comprehensive hydrogeologic evaluation of a solvent refined coal pilot plant in Washington, Mr. French supervised the installation of water quality monitoring wells and conducted pumping tests for the evaluation of aquifer characteristics. He also supervised soil coring and sampling efforts at the site of process fluid spill. Mr. French also served as Project Director for a pre-closure evaluation of two hazardous waste impoundments at a wood treatment plant in Washington. The plant had discharged wastewater containing creosote and pentachlorophenol to the unlined impoundments, which are located on floodplain sands and gravels of the Columbia River. A second site was also examined in terms of disposal practices and the character and volume of wastes. Results of the pre-closure survey were used for a definition of areas of concern requiring closure and for the selection of ground-water monitoring parameters based on the character and volume of wastes.

While employed by Sargent and Lundy Engineers, Mr. French was involved in detailed hydrologic and geologic studies for Preliminary and Final Safety Analysis Reports (PSAR and FSAR) for several nuclear power plants. The PSARs and FSARs involved detailed geologic mapping, inventory of water wells, analysis of subsurface flow, and reviews of regional geologic features. Mr. French also analyzed stratigraphic, structural, and hydrologic features at power plant sites in the Illinois Basin for a compressed air energy storage project. Mr. French directed an extensive hydrogeologic and geologic study of potential sites for a lignite-fired electric generation station in Walker County, Texas.



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#### Lawrence N. French

#### HONORARY AND PROFESSIONAL SOCIETIES:

Ground-Water Technology Division of the National Water Well Association; Geological Society of America.

### PUBLICATIONS/REPORTS:

Radian Corporation, "Site and Compliance Profiles of a Major DOE Facility," August 1984 (author of hazardous waste sections).

Radian Corporation, "Installation Restoration Program Phase II - Field Evaluation, Stage 1, Tinker AFB, Oklahoma," report to Air Force Systems Command, November 1984.

French, L.N. and J.L. Machin, "Cumulative Hydrologic Impact Assessment for McKinley Mine," Radian Corporation, Austin, TX, January 1984.

Little, W.M. and L.N. French, "Hydrogeologic Aspects of the McColl Site, Fullerton, California," Radian Corporation, Austin, TX, November 1982.

French, L.N., "Pre-Closure Evaluation of the Treated Wood Products Facility and Site C, Longview, Washington," Radian Corporation, Austin, TX, May 1983.

Lacy, J.C., L.N. French, and T.W. Grimshaw, "Regulation of the Hydrologic Impacts of Underground Coal Gasification," in Proc. Sixth Underground Coal Conversion Symposium, Shangri-La, OK, pp. V-79 thru V-88, July 1980.

French, L.N., et al., "Environmental Constraint Analysis of the Proposed Coastal Bend Coal Gasification Project," Radian Corporation, Austin, TX, August 1981.

White, D.M. and L.N. French, "Evaluation, Screening, and Prioritization of Candidate Gulf Coast Lignite Resource Blocks," Radian Corporation, Austin, TX, April 1981.

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French, L.N., "Compilation of Environmental Information for a Proposed Olefins Complex, Brazoria County, Texas," Radian Corporation, Austin, TX, July 1981 (author of Ground-Water Hydrology and Topography and Geology chapters).



#### JENNY B. CHAPMAN

#### **EDUCATION:**

M.A., Geology, The University of Texas at Austin, Austin, TX, 1984.

B.S., Geology, Sul Ross State University, Alpine, TX, 1981.

#### **EXPERIENCE:**

Geologist, Radian Corporation, Austin, TX, 1984-Present.

Research Assistant, The University of Texas Bureau of Economic Geology, Austin, TX, 1982-1984.

#### FIELDS OF EXPERIENCE:

At Radian, Ms. Chapman is involved in hydrogeologic and geologic studies, especially as they relate to hazardous waste contamination. Her responsibilities range from collecting and analyzing hydrogeologic and geologic data and samples to interpreting and reporting on the results of investigations.

Ms. Chapman recently participated in a field study at Carswell AFB. She supervised the installation of monitor wells in both alluvial deposits and in the regional aquifer. Drilling methods used include hollow-stem auger, mud rotary, and air rotary. She also supervised geophysical crews and participated in soil and water sampling. She is one of the primary authors of the project report.

Other recent projects include a study funded by the Electric Power Research Institute to locate and collect limestone samples for use in experiments concerning stack scrubber systems. In addition to identifying and collecting the samples, Ms. Chapman participated in laboratory grindability and insoluble residue experiments. In another project, she performed field work at the Big Thicket National Preserve to assess the environmental impact of oil and gas well drilling. Activities included delineation and mapping of active and non-active gas and oil well sites as well as damaged areas adjacent to sites.

At the University of Texas Bureau of Economic Geology, Ms. Chapman wrote and edited contract reports for the West Texas Waste Isolation Project, studying the feasibility of storing high-level radioactive waste in Permian salt beds in the Texas Panhandle. She assisted in hydro- and geochemical research pertaining to WTWI, especially interpreting chemical analyses of water samples.

Ms. Chapman researched and wrote her master degree thesis on the hydrogeochemistry of the unsaturated zone. Her field work included the use of tensiometers, lysimeters, and neutron probes (moisture and density). Lab work included water and soil analysis using atomic absorption spectrophotometer, titration techniques, X-ray diffraction, and thin-section analysis.

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Jenny B. Chapman

HONORARY & PROFESSIONAL/TECHNICAL SOCIETIES:

Sigma Gamma Epsilon, Alpha Chi.

# **PUBLICATIONS:**

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Chapman, J.B., "A Comparison of the Depositional Environmental of the San Andres Formation in the Palo Duro Basin to Recent Evaporitic Environments," The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology, Open-file Report OF-WTWI-1984-1, 1984.

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Chapman, J.E.B., "Hydrogeochemistry of a Salt Flat in Hudspeth County, Texas," The University of Texas at Austin, Master's Thesis, 1984.



## JAMES L. MACHIN, P.E.

#### EDUCATION:

M.S., Environmental Health Engineering, Civil Engineering Department, University of Texas at Austin, 1980.

M.B.A., University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, MI, 1974.

B.S.E., Engineering, Princeton University, Princeton, NJ, 1971.

#### **EXPERIENCE:**

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Staff Engineer, Radian Corporation, Austin, TX, 1977-Present.

Hydrologist, Texas Department of Water Resources, Austin, TX, 1975-1977.

Manufacturing Engineer, Texas Instruments, Inc., Austin, TX, 1974.

Pipestress Analyst, C-E Lummus, G.m.b.H., Wiesbaden, Germany, 1971-1972.

#### FIELDS OF EXPERIENCE:

Mr. Machin has participated in and directed a variety of investigations at Radian. His work has focused on the areas of solid and hazardous waste management, environmental engineering and waste treatment, and water resources engineering and hydrology.

Mr. Machin was Project Director of a study to develop guidance for closure and remedial action at hazardous waste surface impoundments used in the wood treating industry in Florida. The complex regional combinations of hydrogeology, geology, soils, and surface—water hydrology were analyzed. Based on this analysis, treatment technologies and costs were developed for disposal of liquids, sludge, and contaminated soils in the various regions. Mr. Machin also performed an in-depth analysis of the applicability of biological degradation of these wastes by specialized bacteria.

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For a major industrial client, Mr. Machin prepared a permit application including operating procedures for a solid waste disposal landfill. On two other projects, he prepared and costed closure plans for RCRA Part B permits for hazardous waste surface impoundments. He was also involved in the design and costing of remedial actions at a major abandoned hazardous waste disposal landfill in the densely populated Los Angeles area.

He also conducted a laboratory waste treatability evaluation. The project involved remedial measures for a hazardous waste site from which leachate containing chlorinated organics had migrated into the local ground water. For another hazardous waste site, he designed a stream bottom sediment analysis program to define extent and severity of waste migration.

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Mr. Machin performed a special analysis involving the reclamation of an abandoned hazardous waste disposal site for a proposed industrial facility. The waste contained residual, low-level radioactivity. A detailed investigation was made and calculations were performed for estimating the cover requirements to eliminate the potential health hazards of the site. At another hazardous waste site, he prepared a design for a permanent, paved cap. The site contained high levels of PCB surface contamination over a large area.

He was Project Director of a study to design and construct stream gaging stations and conduct a detailed surface-water field data collection program at a proposed surface mining site. He has been Project Director or Surface-Water Task Director for several comprehensive environmental assessments of proposed industrial, mining, and power generation sites in various regions of the country. These studies involved extensive field work and analyses in the areas of hydrology; water quality; design and implementation of water, sediment, and priority pollutant sampling programs; statistical data analysis; impact analysis; and mathematical modeling. He has also been Task Director on three site acceptability studies for proposed Department of Energy coal conversion facilities in Minnesota, Tennessee, and Kentucky. A major portion of these studies involved an analysis of the availability of local surface waters for water supply purposes.

As part of an assessment of the water-quality impacts of disposing of power plant wastes in a surface mine, Mr. Machin performed a special hydrologic study. This was done on a reach of the Yampa River in northwestern Colorado and involved a quantitative analysis of exchanges between the surface-water and ground-water systems.

For EPA, Mr. Machin served as Project Director for an Environmental Impact Statement for a proposed sewer interceptor in North Carolina. He participated in an intensive water quality survey of the affected area which included the municipal water supply. He also performed all engineering calculations and costing analyses for the alternatives under consideration. On another project for EPA, Mr. Machin performed a study evaluating the impacts of developing large-scale energy resources in eight western states. This included an analysis of using large quantities of water for coal, oil shale, uranium, and geothermal energy development.

Mr. Machin's work at the Texas Department of Water Resources was primarily within the areas of engineering and water quality analysis, waste treatment, and economic evaluations. He helped design and manage a water quality investigation for a major water supply reservoir for the City of Houston. Both point and nonpoint sources were significant, and both structural and nonstructural control measures were evaluated. A portion of the study involved a cost-benefit analysis of the effects of water quality alterations.

Upon graduation from Michigan Business School, Mr. Machin was employed by Texas Instrument's Digital Systems Division. He was responsible for control

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of all of the printed circuit boards and metal fabricated parts used in their Austin plant.

While at Lummus, Mr. Machin was involved in planning and design of industrial facilities. He was primarily responsible for computer stress analysis of high and low pressure piping systems.

#### PROFESSIONAL AFFILIATIONS:

Registered Professional Engineer, Texas No. 53349; American Water Resources Association; Water Pollution Control Federation; Texas Water Pollution Control Association.

#### HONORS:

1976 EPA Fellowship for Professional Development of an Agency Employee of the State of Texas.

# **PUBLICATIONS:**

Machin, J.L. and D.L. Richmann, "Guidance for Closure and Remedial Action at Hazardous Waste Surface Impoundments--Wood Treatment Industry," Radian Corporation, Austin, TX, January 1984.

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### James L. Machin

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Machin, J.L. and J.C. Lippe, "Surface-Water Baseline Data Collection Program, Chacon Creek East, Zavala County, Texas, System Design Report," Radian Corporation, Austin, TX, May 1982.

Devine, Michael, et al., "Energy From the West," University of Oklahoma Press, Norman, OK, 1981.

Radian Staff, "Identification and Environmental Evaluation of Candidate Solid Waste Disposal Sites for Tri-State Synfuels Project," Radian Corporation, Austin, TX, October 1981.

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Hoskings, T.W., et al., "Review of Alternative Stormwater Treatment Systems for the SRC Pilot Plant, Fort Lewis, Washington," Radian Corporation, Austin, TX, December 1980.

Covar, A.P., et al., "Baseline Environmental Studies and Licensing Activities for a Cement Plant and Quarry in Comal County, Texas," Radian Corporation, Austin, TX, November 1980.

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Grimshaw, T.W., J.L. Machin, and L.G. Michel, "An Evaluation of Factors Affecting Acceptability of the Proposed Site for the Conoco Coal Development Coal Company Coal Conversion Facility, Noble County, Ohio," Radian Corporation, Austin, TX, November 1977.

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Holland, W.F., et al., "Environmental Impact Statement for the Greensboro Guilford County, North Carolina, 201 Wastewater Treatment System (Draft and Final EIS)," Radian Corporation, Austin, TX, September 1977.

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#### PETER ALEXANDER WATERREUS

#### **EDUCATION:**

B.S., Geology, The University of Texas at San Antonio, San Antonio, TX, 1984.

#### **EXPERIENCE:**

Geologist, Radian Corporation, Austin, TX, 1984-Present.

Mud Logger, Precision Well Logging, Houston, TX, 1984.

#### FIELDS OF EXPERIENCE:

Mr. Waterreus is currently involved in the investigation and determination of a JP-4 fuel leak from existing underground pipelines at Bergstrom AFB, Austin, Texas. As supervising geologist, activities include safety supervision, logging borings, collection of soil samples, installation of monitor wells, collection of water samples, and reporting.

Mr. Waterrus also is currently involved in the investigation of hazardous waste contamination at Sheppard AFB, Wichita Falls, Texas. As a supervising geologist, activities include safety supervision, logging borings, collection of soil samples, installation of monitor wells, collection of water samples, monitoring possible types of contamination by use of a photo-ionizer and drager tubes, and reporting.

Mr. Waterreus was involved in the investigation of environmental impact related to gas and oil production in the Big Thicket area of East Texas. Activities includes delineation and mapping of active and non-active gas and oil well sites as well as damaged areas outside the site area.

At Precision Well Logging, he performed analyses of rock cuttings with respect to lithology and oil content as well as gas monitoring and identification.

He has also been involved in field mapping and property investigation in Uvalde County, Texas.

## **PUBLICATIONS:**

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Waterreus, P.A. and R.A. Wooster, "A Feasibility Study of Inducing Artificial Recharge to the Edwards Aquifer by Diversion of Floodwaters in Uvalde County, Texas," on record at the Edwards Underground Water District, San Antonio, Texas.

### HONORARY AND PROFESSIONAL SOCIETIES:

Geologic Society of America.

Association of Ground Water Scientists and Engineers.

02/26/85



#### DAVID H. GANCARZ

#### **EDUCATION:**

Master of Engineering, Environmental Engineering (Hydrology), University of Florida, Gainesville, FL, 1984.

Bachelor of Arts (Biology), Grinnell College, Grinnell, IA, 1976.

#### EXPERIENCE:

Engineer, Radian Corporation, Austin, TX, 1984-Present.

Graduate Research Assistant, Department of Environmental Engineering, University of Florida, Gainesville, FL, 1983-1984.

Chemist I, Department of Food Science & Human Nutrition, University of Florida, Gainesville, FL, 1981-1982.

Laboratory Technologist I, Department of Soil Science and Department of Fruit Crops, University of Florida, Gainesville, FL, 1977-1981.

Graduate Teaching Assistant, Department of Botany, University of Florida, Gainesville, FL, 1976-1977.

# FIELDS OF EXPERIENCE:

While an engineer at Radian, Mr. Gancarz has been a member of the project team designing hazardous waste landfarms and providing assistance with RCRA Part B permits to several oil companies. He played a key role in preparing the Facility Management and Post-Closure portions of these applications.

Mr. Gancarz was co-author and had a major role in a contract to study and provide recommendations for the separation of contaminated from uncontaminated inflows to a combined stormwater/industrial waste sewer system on a US Air Force base. A follow-up contract to provide a detailed design for this purpose is expected.

He took the lead role in researching and making recommendations to a Gulf Coast cattle feedlot operator for alternative feedlot waste disposal technologies. The purpose of the study was to provide the operator with the means to meet federal and state water quality regulations while remaining cost competitive.

Mr. Gancarz has had extensive experience in the sampling of hazardous waste contaminated water wells. He has provided such field support for several USAF Installation Restoration Program (IRP) studies.

# RADIAN

#### David H. Gancarz

As a Graduate Research Assistant, Mr. Gancarz was responsible for researching and writing a thorough literature review of the sources, effects, and regulations concerning ambient air flourides for the Florida Department of Environmental Regulation. A later project under the South West Florida Water Management District involved a study of the surface and subsurface hydrology around a 150 MGD wellfield in central Florida. The focus of the project was a modeling effort using the hydrologic models HSPF and PLASM. His graduate research was an adaptation of the Storage/Treatment block of the widely used urban stormwater runoff model SWMM to microcomputer.

Prior to his return to graduate school, Mr. Gancarz conducted analyses of pesticide residues in soil and tissue samples for the Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences at the University of Florida. Various phases of this work involved sample preparation, gas chromatographic analysis, and radioisotope tracer techniques. While at the Department of Fruit Crops at the University of Florida, Mr. Gancarz developed an efficient assay for cellulase isozymes in citrus.

#### **PUBLICATIONS:**

Machin, J.L., et al., "Storm Sewer Inflow Study--Kelly Air Force Base, Texas," Radian Corporation, Austin, TX, November, 1984.

Gancarz, D.H. and W.C. Huber, "The USEPA Storm Water Management Model Storage/Treatment Block for the IBM Personal Computer," Paper presented at the Storm Water & Water Quality Model Users Group Conference, Hamilton, Ontario, Canada, September, 1984.

Gancarz, D.H. and J.L. Machin, "Evaluation of Alternative Feedlot Waste Disposal Technologies," Radian Corporation, Austin, TX, July, 1984.

Gancarz, D.H., et al., "Ambient Atmospheric Fluoride Pollution in Florida," Report to State of Florida Department of Environmental Regulation, 1983.

Huber, W. C., D. H. Gancarz, and R. E. Dickinson, "Apple SWMM, a Possibility?" Proceedings of Conference on Emerging Computer Techniques in Stormwater Management, Ontario, Canada, 1983.

Ou, L.T., et al., "Infuence of Soil Temperature and Soil Moisture on Degradation and Metabolism of Carbofuran in Soils," <u>Journal of Environmental Quality</u>, 11:293-298, 1982.

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#### DOUGLAS A. ORR

## **EDUCATION:**

B.S., Chemical Engineering, University of Wisconsin-Madison, Madison, WI, 1984.

#### **EXPERIENCE:**

Chemical Engineer, Radian Corporation, Austin, TX, 1985-Present.

#### FIELDS OF EXPERIENCE:

At Radian, Mr. Orr recently joined the Engineering Division and is involved in the work of the Process Engineering Department.

While in school Mr. Orr was a research assistant for a project with the University of Wisconsin Water Chemistry Department. He performed analytical lab work and gas chromatographic analyses to determine isotherms for the adsorption of various polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB) compounds onto particulates.

HONORARY AND PROFESSIONAL/TECHNICAL SOCIETIES:

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#### JILL P. ROSSI

#### **EDUCATION:**

B.A. Geography, The University of Minnesota at Minneapolis, 1972.

#### **EXPERIENCE:**

Geographer, Cartographer, Policy and Environmental Analysis Division, Radian Corporation, Austin, TX, 1980-Present.

Drafting and Graphics Assistant, Dam Safety Unit, Texas Department of Water Resources, Austin, TX, 1979-1980.

Cartographer, Continental Map Inc., Austin, TX, 1978-1979.

Teaching Assistant, University College-Geology, University of Minnesota at Minneapolis, 1972.

#### FIELDS OF EXPERIENCE:

At Radian, Ms. Rossi is responsible for producing maps and coordinating graphics for the Environmental Analysis Division. She utilizes data from a variety of technical disciplines (geology, hydrology, noise and air monitoring, sociology, soils, and hydrogeology) to create maps which clearly and concisely illustrate the written text. Ms. Rossi has been responsible for work in the following projects:

- o Develop base maps and coordinate graphics throughout an Environmental Impact Statement prepared for the U.S. Bureau of Land Management for a central Texas lignite mine;
- Develop color overlay method of mapping for site selection process of commercial waste disposal sites in Texas and southeastern Oklahoma;
- O Develop a series of figures used as illustrations in a manual for the Environmental Protection Agency on Remedial Actions at Uncontrolled Hazardous Waste Sites;
- O Draft maps and coordinate the graphics for an Environmental Impact Statement for a synfuels plant in Tennessee;
- o Create base and thematic maps for Air Force Installation Restoration Programs (Phase I and Phase II) for the following locations: Kelly AFB, Texas; Hill AFB, Utah; Bergstrom AFB, Texas; Cannon AFB, New Mexico; England AFB, Louisiana; Tinker AFB, Oklahoma; and Reese AFB, Texas; Carswell AFB, Texas; Sheppard AFB, Texas;



#### Jill P. Rossi

- o Map limestone deposits, lime plants, and limestone quarries in the United States by county in a series of regional maps for the Electric Power Research Institute;
- o Map compliance/non-compliance with air pollution standards for all counties in the United States in a series of EPA regional maps;
- o Map concentrations of selected air pollutants in the El Paso, Texas, area for a Texas Air Control Board study in a series of quarterly and annual reports;
- o Prepare aerial photography history of a wood preserving plant for a commercial client which included extensive research of available aerial photography and interpretation of those photos to determine historical features of interest;
- o Prepare complex permitting schedules for proposed mines, energy facilities, and hazardous waste handling facilities;
- o Preparation of base and thematic maps for various feasibility studies, fatal flaw analyses, Environmental Information Documents, and Environmental Impact Statements;
- o Identify, field verify, and map oil and gas development features within the Big Thicket National Preserve for the National Park Service; and
- o Research of available map resources, aerial photography, remote sensing products, and mapping technologies as required by individual client needs.

While with the Texas Department of Water Resources, Ms. Rossi worked in the graphics section of the Dam Safety Unit, a federal grant program. She prepared maps and exhibits, and laid out phototypset text into camera-ready form according to standards, developed with her assistance, for the technical reports written by the engineering section.

During her employment with Continental Map Incorporated, Ms. Rossi was involved in all phases of four color map production. These included source information procurement and classification, imaging of base maps, scribing plates, cutting specialties, sizing and adhering type, designing customer copy panels, indexing streets and points of interest, photo-lab contact reproducing of base plates, and the final compositing of the four negative plates to be sent to the printer. These maps included large metroplex areas, counties, enlarged downtown sections, and simplified principle city thoroughfares.

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RADIAN

Jill P. Rossi

While employed by the University of Minnesota as a Geology Teaching Ass.

Ms. Rossi taught geology laboratory sessions, prepared geology lab worl rials, tutored students, and assisted the professors by preparing class presentations and grading and proctoring exams. While employed by the University of Minnesota as a Geology Teaching Assistant, Ms. Rossi taught geology laboratory sessions, prepared geology lab work materials, tutored students, and assisted the professors by preparing classroom

02/07/85



#### KEVIN L. ZONANA

#### **EDUCATION:**

Presently pursuing M.A., Geography (Remote Sensing), The University of Texas at Austin.

B.S., Geology, The University of Texas at Austin, 1982.

#### **EXPERIENCE:**

Cartographer, Research Assistant, Engineering and Environmental Analysis Division, Radian Corporation, Austin, TX, 1984-Present.

Teaching Assistant, Austin Community College, Austin, TX, 1981-Present.

Lab Research Assistant, Bureau of Economic Geology, Well Sample Core Library, Balcones Research Center, Austin, TX, September-November 1984.

Student Assistant, Department of Geological Sciences, The University of Texas at Austin, September-December 1982.

Geology Field Assistant, Durango, CO, Summer 1980.

## FIELDS OF EXPERIENCE:

At Radian, Mr. Zonana assists in producing maps, coordinating graphics, and researching various topics for the Engineering and Environmental Analysis Division. He has been responsible for work in the following projects:

- O Draft maps of oil and gas development features within the Big Thicket National Preserve for the National Park Service;
- o Draft a series of locator maps for Radian offices in Salt Lake City, Utah, and Sacramento and Santa Barbara, California;
- Develop a series of figures used as illustrations in a manual for the Civil Engineering Department of Kelly AFB, Texas for a Storm Sewer Inflow Study;
- o Create base and thematic maps for Air Force Installation Restoration Programs (Phase I and Phase II) for the following locations: Kelly AFB, Texas; Bergstrom AFB, Texas; Cannon AFB, New Mexico; Tinker AFB, Oklahoma; Carswell AFB, Texas; Sheppard AFB, Texas;
- o Prepare research material from Texas Air Control Board files for confidential clients.



#### Kevin L. Zonana

At the Austin Community College Mr. Zonana works as a Geology Teaching Assistant. He is responsible for preparation, teaching, testing, and grading of all lab materials for courses in physical and historical geology.

While with the Bureau of Economic Geology, Mr. Zonana worked in the Well Sample Core Library where he prepared well core samples for study and admission to library collection.

As a student assistant to University of Texas geology professors, Mr. Zonana drafted geologic maps, charts, and illustrations for reports on depositional systems. He also performed administrative duties in the Geology Graduate Admissions Office.

As a geology field assistant to Dr. R.H. Blodgett of Ohio State University, Mr. Zonana's duties included all aspects of field work. He was specifically responsible for measuring and describing stratigraphic sections, and drilling oriented core samples for paleo magnetic analysis.

04/29/85



#### WILLIAM M. LITTLE

#### **EDUCATION:**

M.S., Civil Engineering, University of California, Berkeley, 1974.

M.S., Hydrology, University of Arizona, Tucson, 1968.

B.S., Hydrology, University of Arizona, Tucson, 1967.

#### **EXPERIENCE:**

Senior Engineer and Group Leader, Radian Corporation, Austin, TX, 1982-Present.

Senior Engineer, Radian Corporation, Austin, TX, 1978-1982.

Hydrologist, U.S. Army Environmental Hygiene Agency, 1973-1978.

Research and Technical Operations Officer, U.S. Army Engineer Nuclear Cratering Group, 1969-1971.

Graduate Student in Research, University of Arizona, Tucson, 1968.

#### FIELDS OF EXPERIENCE:

Mr. Little is a Senior Engineer and Group Leader with a major technical specialty in ground-water pollution studies. He is currently the Project Director for hydrogeologic investigations of multiple waste disposal sites on Tinker Air Force Base, Oklahoma. He has recently completed a similar investigation for Kelly AFB, Texas. These investigations include monitoring well construction, ground-water sampling, and contaminant transport assessment. He is responsible for program design and execution, subcontractor selection, and managing and editing the final report. He is also providing technical consulting and expert witness services for a hazardous waste site cleanup case in Kansas City, Missouri.

Mr. Little has recently completed a hydrogeologic investigation of a Superfund site in western New York state. The project included monitoring well construction, definition of ground-water flow system, assessment of contaminant transport potential, and presentations to regulatory authorities. Mr. Little served as Project Director and principal investigator. He has also served as Project Director and field manager for a large, multidisciplinary characterization of an abandoned hazardous waste disposal site in southern California. The waste materials consist of acid petroleum refinery sludges. Major areas of investigation were: chemical characterization of wastes and geologic materials; quantification of sulfur dioxide and hydrocarbon emissions; and ground-water monitoring. Mr. Little was responsible for managing the field operations and supervising report preparation.



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#### William M. Little

Mr. Little has served as assistant Project Director and field manager for an investigation of the ground-water quality impact of a spill of a coal-distillate liquid at an SRC pilot plant near Tacoma, Washington. The study involved detailed unsaturated zone coring and designing and constructing a series of ground-water monitoring wells A Remedial Measures Plan was formulated and adopted to remove contaminated materials and to prevent the further spread of ground-water contamination. Following the evaluation of the spill event, Mr. Little directed an expanded program to evaluate the ground-water quality effects of overall plant operations. The possible sources of contamination were identified and characterized. Mr. Little then developed a ground-water monitoring program and supervised the installation of the monitoring network. He designed and conducted aquifer pump tests to define aquifer performance and interpreted the results.

Mr. Little has also conducted a program to evaluate the extent of ground-water contamination by refinery operations and wastes at an oil refinery near Duncan, Oklahoma. The assessment was based on site reconnaissance, interviews with refinery personnel and a study of existing hydrogeologic and process data.

Mr. Little has recently completed two environmental/regulatory fatal flaw studies for lignite mines and associated power plants in East Texas. He was both Project Director, responsible for overall management and preparation of the final report, and hydrology task leader, responsible for assembling data on hydrologic conditions and assessing probable impacts. He has also recently served as task leader for regulations review, impact analysis and permit application preparation for a commercial-scale coal gasification facility in Wyoming and ground-water hydrology task leader for environmental analysis of a major lignite mine and associated synfuels plant in east Texas.

In another program, Mr. Little directed an evaluation of surface-water and ground-water availability in the vicinity of the proposed Solvent Refined Coal-II (SRC-II) demonstration plant and commercial facilities near Morgantown, West Virginia.

For a private industrial client, Mr. Little reviewed and evaluated the environmental monitoring data from the vicinity of an in situ coal gasification test in the Powder River Basin of Wyoming. The water quality impacts of the test burn were assessed, and a program of aquifer restoration and hydrologic testing recommended. Based on available hydrologic and geochemical data, a conceptual model of the test site was developed. He also developed a ground-water monitoring and contingency aquifer restoration program for a proposed future test. The program includes selection of well locations and parameters for monitoring and specification of restoration strategies.

Mr. Little has also participated in an assessment of the environmental behavior of fluidized bed combustion (FBC) waste for EPA, IERL. Mr. Little was responsible for the design, construction and operation of field cells for

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William M. Little

testing FBC waste disposal alternatives and for the development of a preliminary waste transport model. He has also been project director and hydrology task leader in the evaluation of the environmental suitability of an ash/scrubber sludge disposal site. He was responsible for the overall management of the program, evaluated the laboratory and hydrogeologic data and predicted contaminant migration.

As a hydrologist with the Water Quality Engineering Division, U.S. Army Environmental Hygiene Agency, Mr. Little served as a consultant to the Office of the Surgeon General and to major commands and installations on hydrologic aspects of water supply and wastewater disposal. He prepared design criteria for programs of effluent and receiving water monitoring at Army manufacturing and research facilities, evaluated ground-water pollution potential of waste disposal practices, and reviewed draft NPDES discharge permits issued to Army installations. He performed preliminary technical feasibility studies of land treatment of wastewater including field investigations and trial systems design. He conducted environmental impact statement data requirements review and prepared and reviewed portions of environmental impact statements. Mr. Little also managed the Army Medical Department's nationwide Drinking Water Surveillance Program.

With the Corps of Engineers, Mr. Little was assigned as a Research and Technical Operations Officer, U.S. Army Engineer Nuclear Cratering Group. There he conducted a general investigation of hydrologic transport of radionuclides from Plowshare application sites. This work included literature searches, computer simulation, experimental design and conceptual modeling of transport phenomena. He also participated in final preparation of a 1971 Corps of Engineers report on Wastewater Management in the San Francisco Bay Region.

While at the University of Arizona, Mr. Little was a member of the Operations Research Study Group on the Tucson Basin, gathering background hydrologic material, and conducting a literature and data file search. He directed and participated in preliminary adaptation of a two-dimensional, finite difference model of a large, heterogeneous ground-water basin.

# HONORARY AND PROFESSIONAL SOCIETIES:

American Geophysical Union, American Water Resources Association, National Water Well Association, Sigma Xi.

# CERTIFICATION:

AIPG Certified Professional Geological Scientist No. 6468.

# RADIAN

William M. Little

#### PUBLICATIONS/REPORTS:

Numerous technical reports in the fields of water resources development, ground-water contaminant migration, occurrence of radionuclides in ground water, land treatment feasibility and receiving water monitoring, including:

Little, W.M., et al., "Installation Restoration Program, Phase II - Confirmation/Quantification, Stage 2, Tinker AFB, Oklahoma," Radian Corporation, Draft Report to U.S. Air Force, December 1984.

Little, W.M., et al., "Installation Restoration Program, Phase II - Field Evaluation, Stage 1, Tinker AFB, Oklahoma," Radian Corporation, Draft Final Report to U.S Air Force, November 1984.

Little, W.M., et al., "Installation Restoration Program, Phase II, Stage 1, Field Evaluation, Kelly AFB, Texas," Radian Corporation, Final Report to U.S. Air Force, July 1984.

Little, W.M., "Hydrogeologic Investigations, Facet Enterprises, Inc., Elmira, New York," Radian Corporation Final Report to Facet Enterprises, Inc., September 1983.

Little, W.M., et al., "McColl Site Investigation - Phase 1," Radian Corporation Report to the Participants Committee, November 1982.

Little, W.M., et al., "Environmental Considerations and Air Quality Modeling for the Freestone County Project," Radian Corporation Report to Tenneco Coal Company, March 1982.

Grimshaw, T.W., et al., "Assessment of Fluidized-Bed Combustion Solid Wastes for Land Disposal," Draft Final Report, Radian Corporation Report to EPA Industrial Environmental Research Laboratory, December 1982.

Little, W.M., et al., "Environmental Considerations and Air Quality Modeling for the Edgewood and Mustang Creek Prospects and Associated Energy Park," Radian Corporation Report to Tenneco Coal Company, November 1981.

Little, W.M., et al., "Ground-Water Impact of SRC Pilot Plant Activities Fort Lewis, Washington," Radian Corporation report to Gulf Mineral Resources Company, January 1981.

Little, W.M., et al., "Ground Water Modeling at an In-Situ Coal Gasification Test," Radian Corporation Report to confidential industrial client, September 1980.

Little, W.M. and H.J. Williamson, "Recommended Ground-Water Monitoring and Aquifer Restoration Programs, Future In-Situ Coal Gasification Test," Radian Corporation Report to confidential industrial client, September 1980.

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# RADIAN

William M. Little

Little, W.M. and W.C. Micheletti, "Recommended Aquifer Restoration and Hydrologic Testing Program for an In-Situ Coal Gasification Test," Radian Corporation Report to confidential industrial client, August 1980.

Grimshaw, T.W. and W.M. Little, "Remedial Measures Plan for a Spill of Solvent Refined Coal Liquid at the SRC Pilot Plant, Fort Lewis, Washington," Radian Corporation Report to Gulf Mineral Resources Company, August 1980.

Little, W.M., et al., "Hydrologic Evaluation of a Combined Ash/FGD Sludge Storage Site, Craig Station," Radian Corporation Report to Colorado Ute Electric Association, July 1980.

Little, W.M., T.J. Wolterink, and M.H. McCloskey, "Water Availability Appraisal for the Proposed Solvent Refined Coal-II Demonstration Plant, Monongalia County, West Virginia," Radian Corporation Report to U.S. Department of Energy, February 1980.

Little, W.M., "Water Quality Geohydrologic Consultation No. 24-0286-77," Twin Cities Army Ammunition Plant, New Brighton, MN, 21-23 July 1976, U.S. Army Environmental Hygiene Agency, 11 January 1977 (six additional geohydrologic consultations).

Little, W.M., Drinking Water Consultation Visit No. 24-1301-77, Joliet Army Ammunition Plant, Illinois, 2-4 August 1976, USAEHA, 9 February 1977 (four additional drinking water consultations).

Little, W.M., Water Quality Geohydrologic Consultation No. 24-058-75/76, Land Disposal Feasibility Study, Fort Polk, Louisiana, 2-29 April and 9-29 October 1975, USAEHA, 19 August 1976 (three additional land treatment evaluations).

Little, W.M., Water Quality Monitoring Consultation No. 24-048-74/75, Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland, 25-27 February 1974, USAEHA, 17 December 1974 (three additional monitoring consultations).

Little, W.M., Water Quality Engineering Special Study No. 24-017-74, Mixing in Receiving Waters, 7 September-24 October 1973, USAEHA, 3 January 1974.

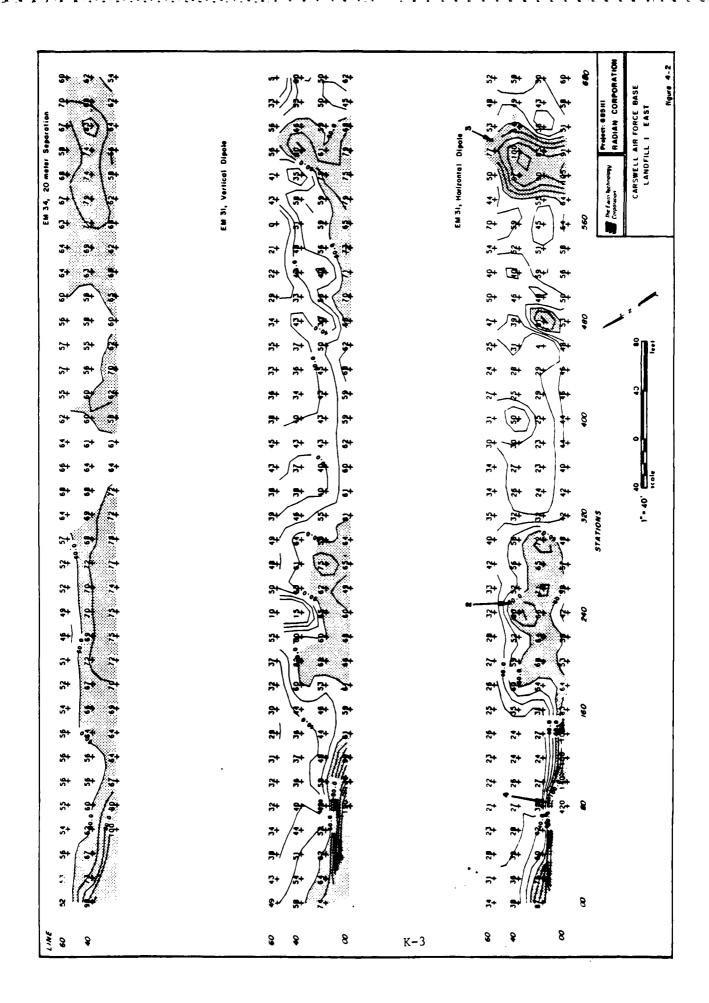
Little, W.M., Analysis of Hydrologic Transport of Tritium, U.S. Army Engineer Nuclear Cratering Group Technical Memorandum 70-7, Lawrence Radiation Laboratory, Livermore, CA, April 1971.

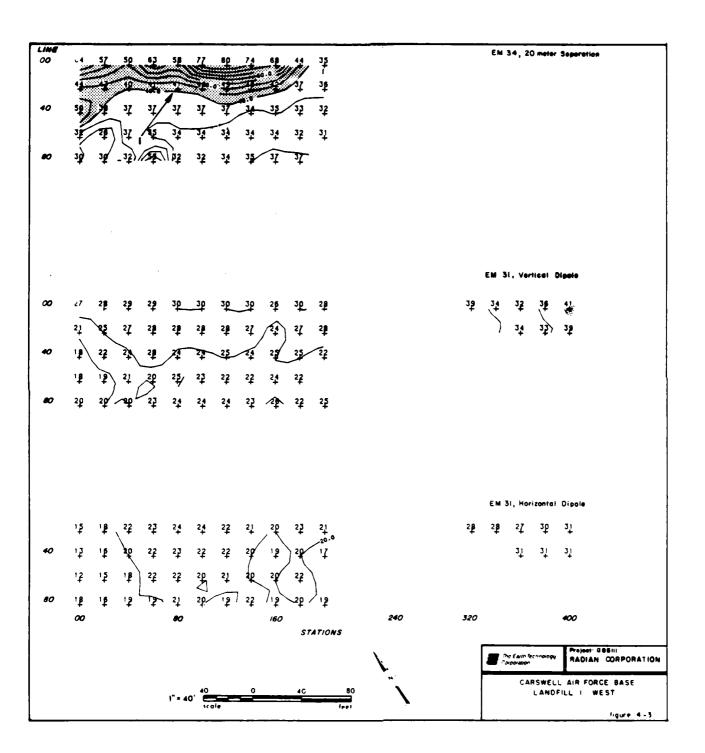
Little, W.M., An Engineering and Economic Feasibility Study for Diversion of Central Arizona Project Waters from Alternate Sites, M.S. Thesis, Department of Hydrology, University of Arizona, Tucson, AZ, 1968.

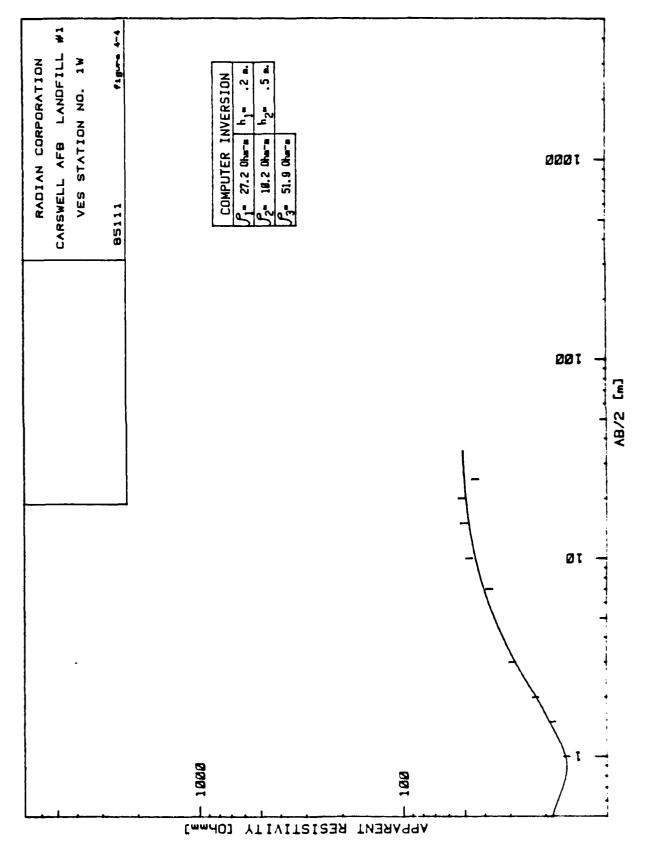
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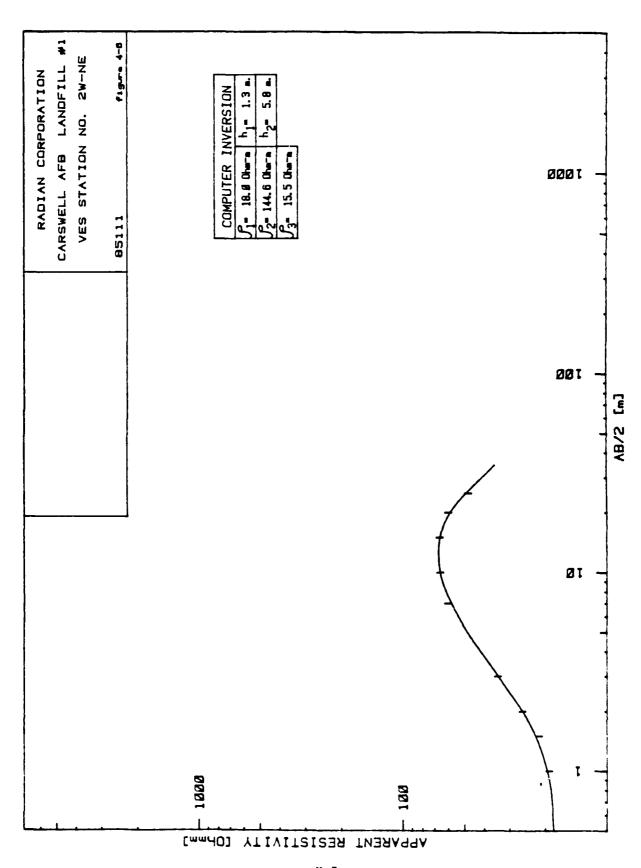
APPENDIX K
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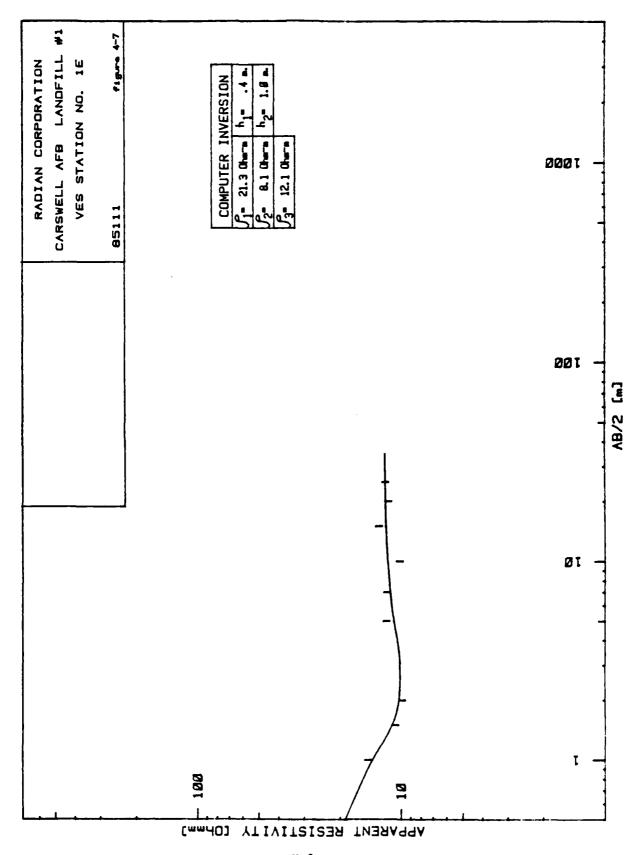


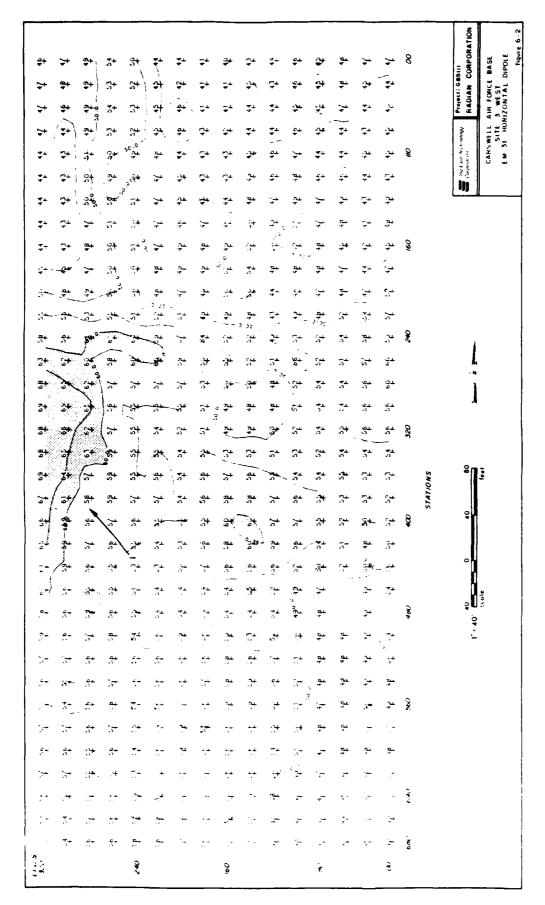
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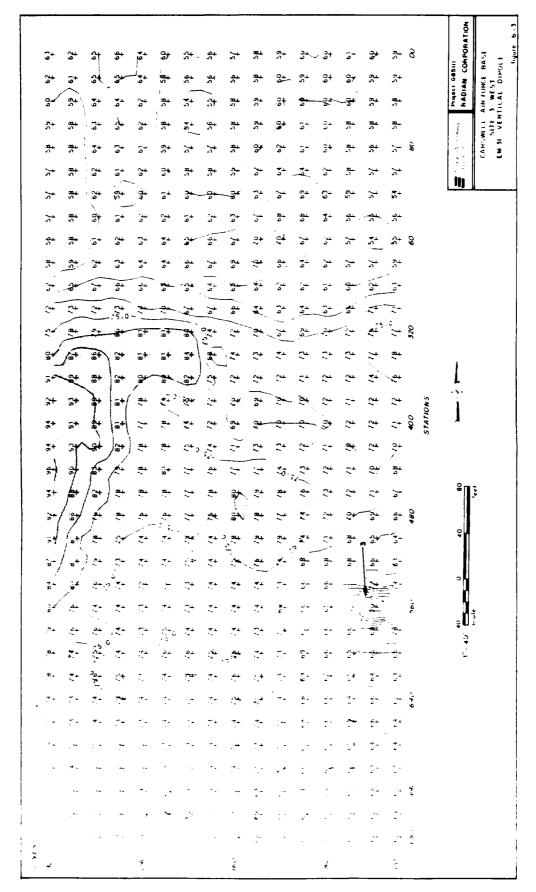


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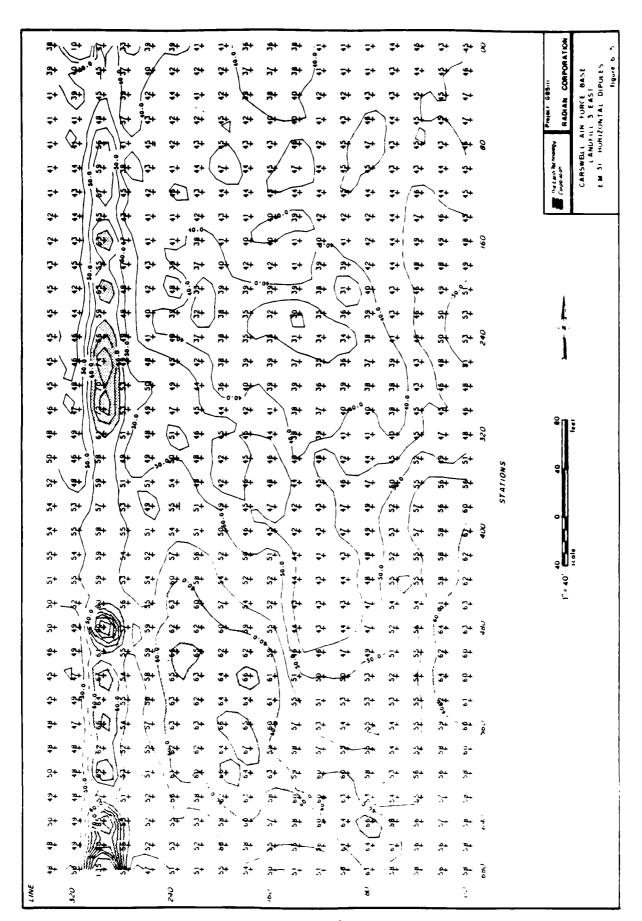
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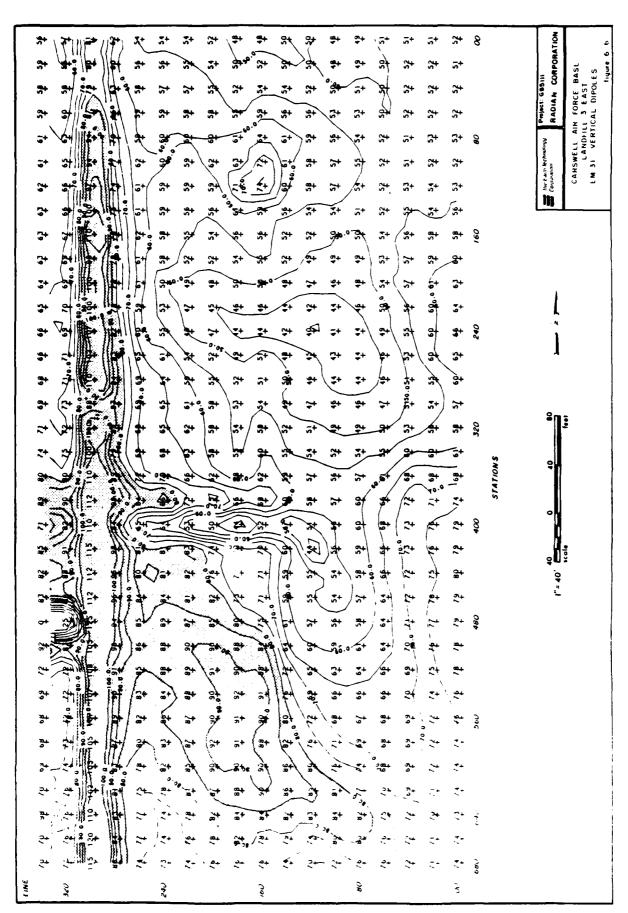


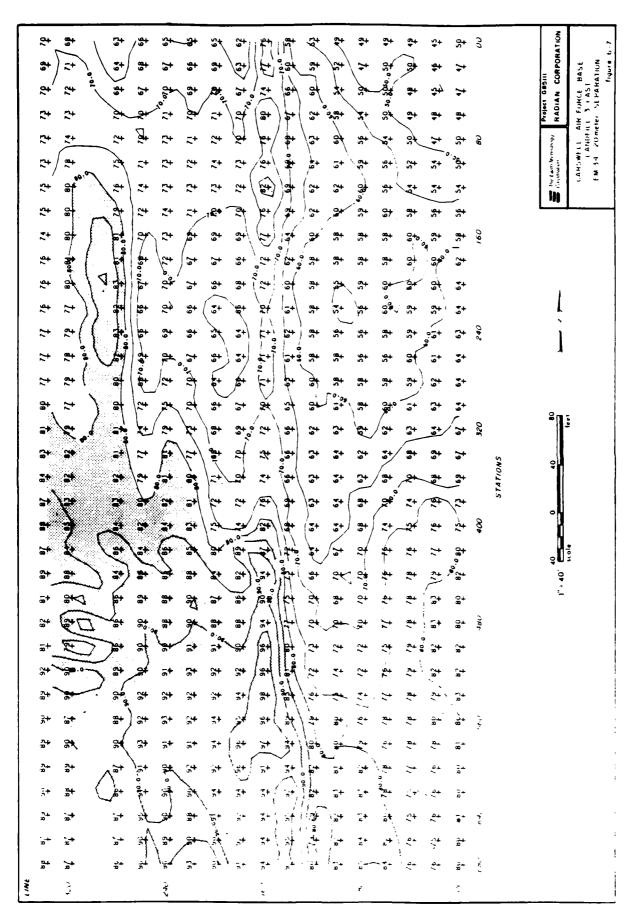


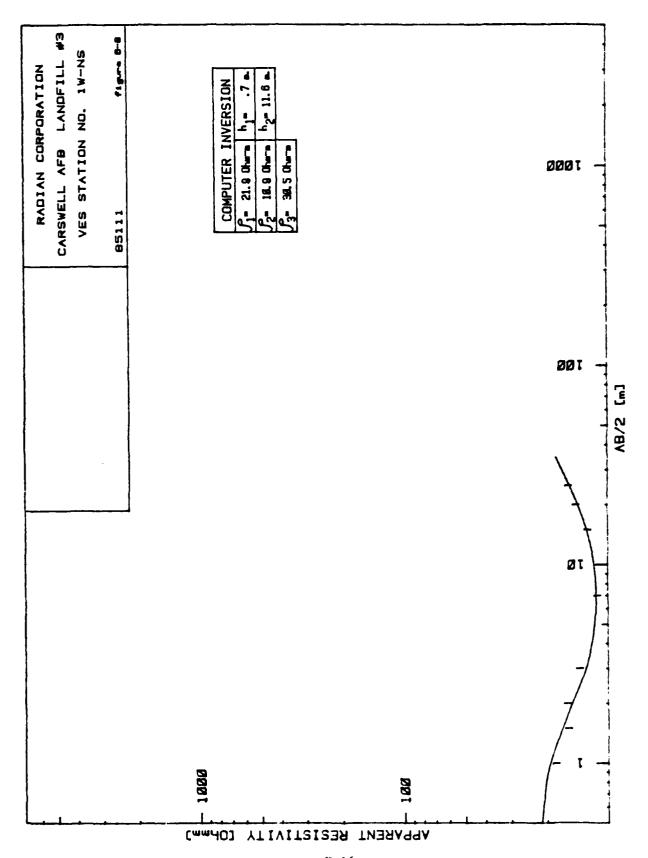


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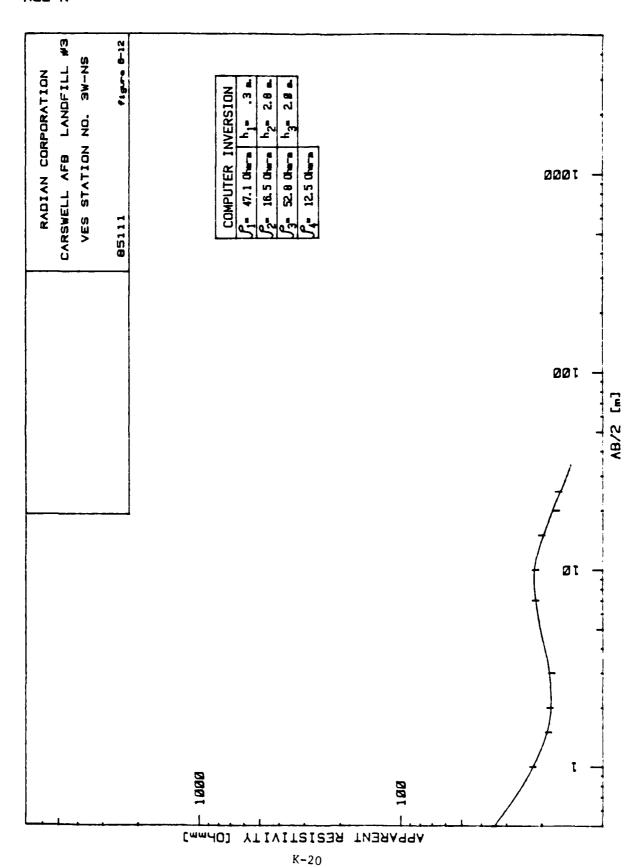
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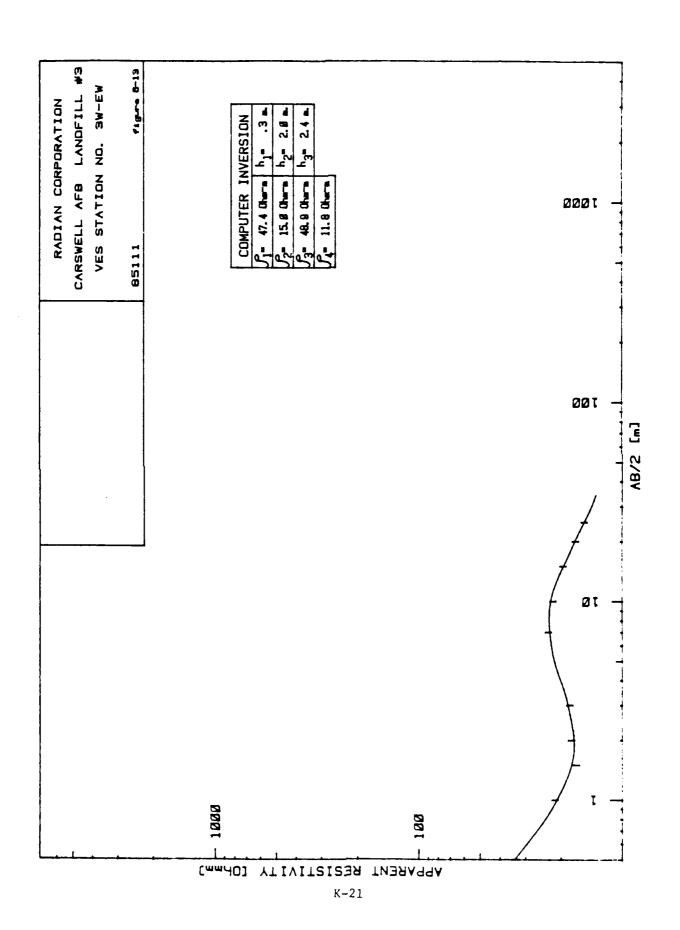
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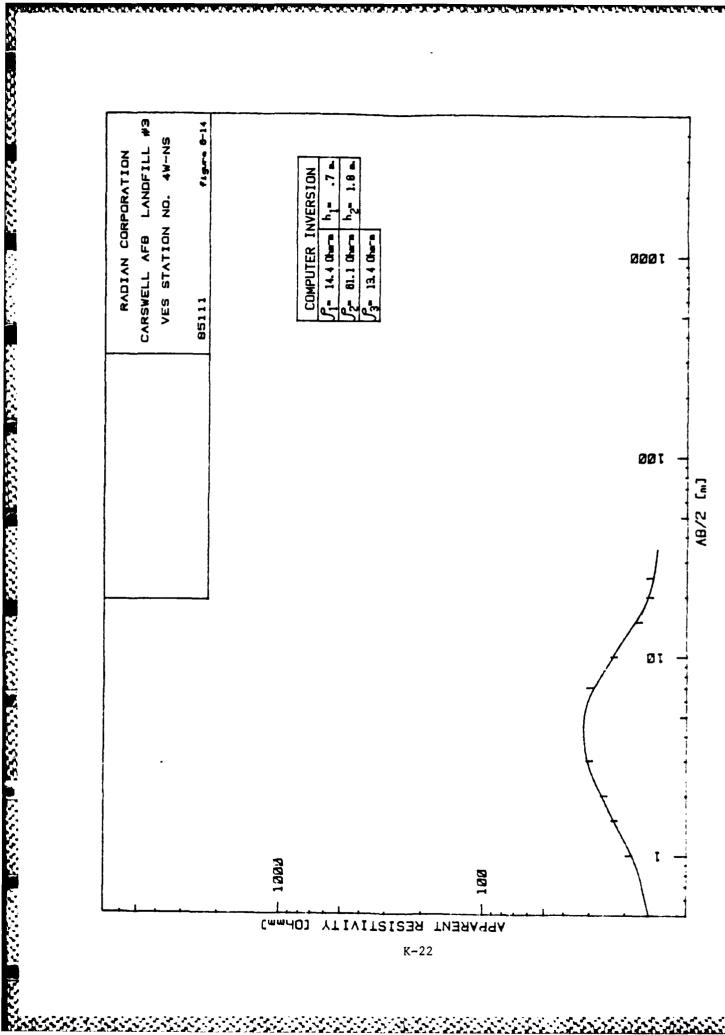
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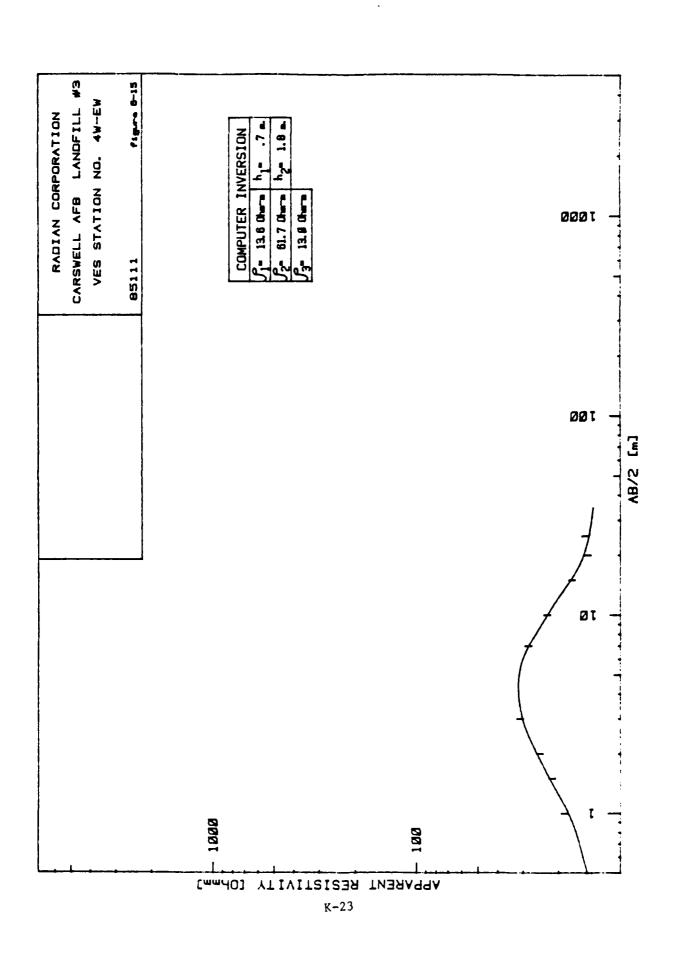
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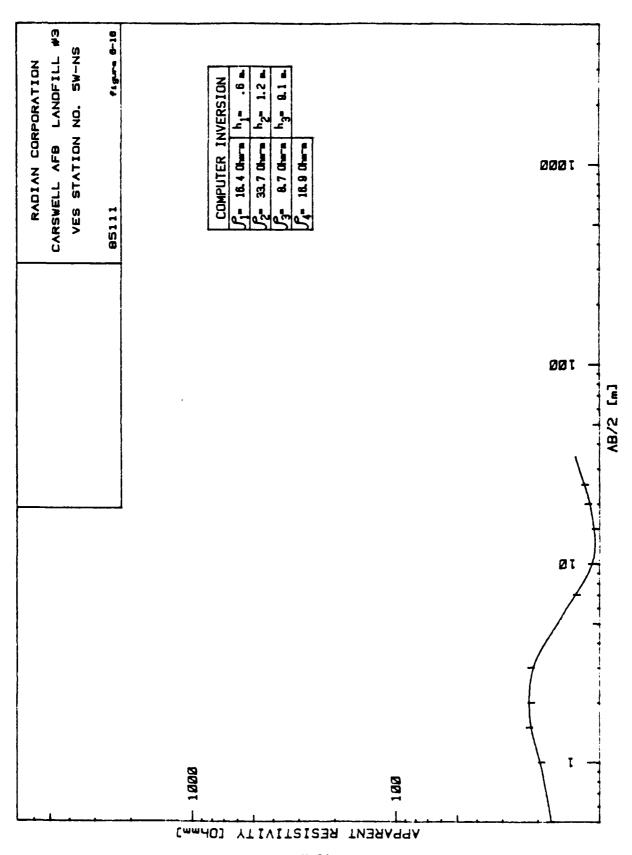


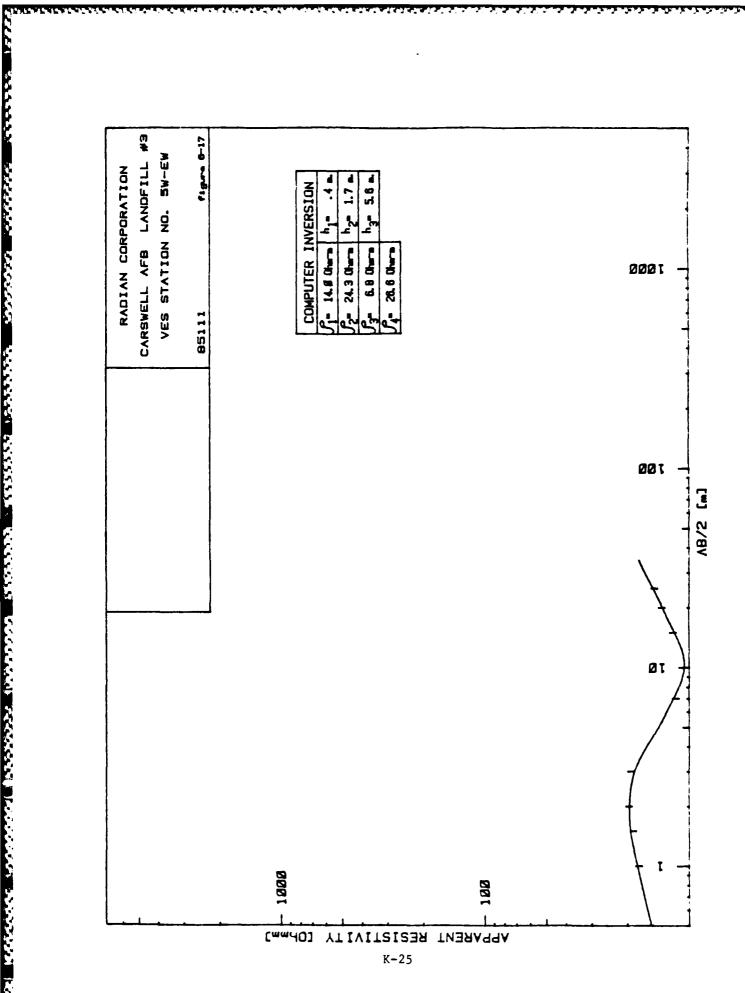




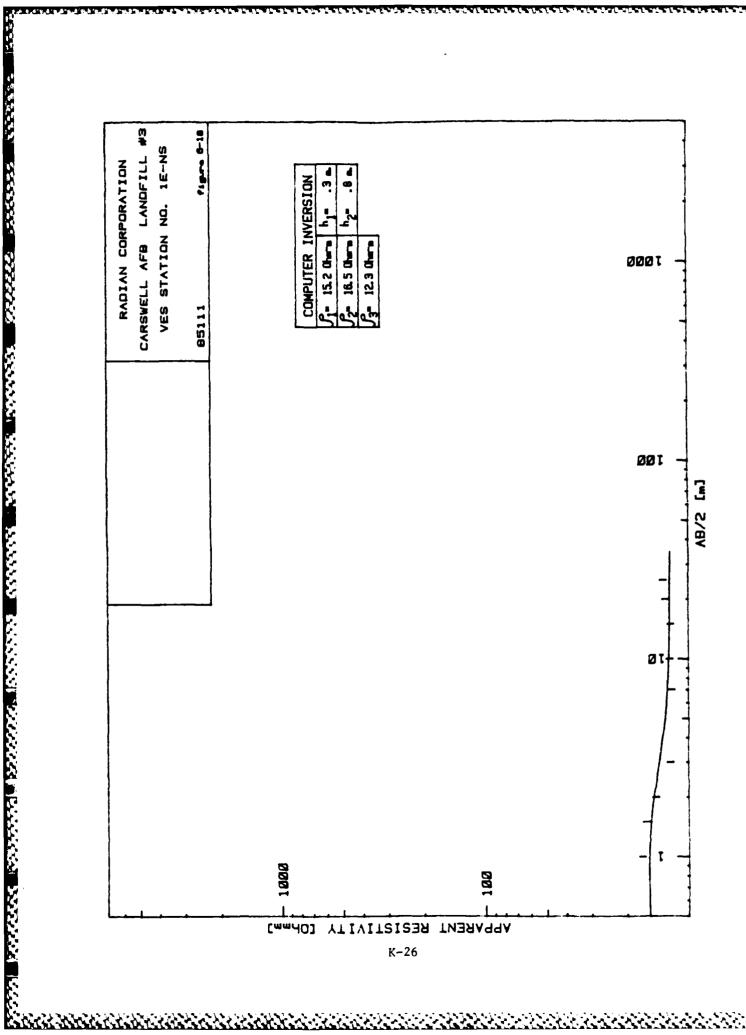
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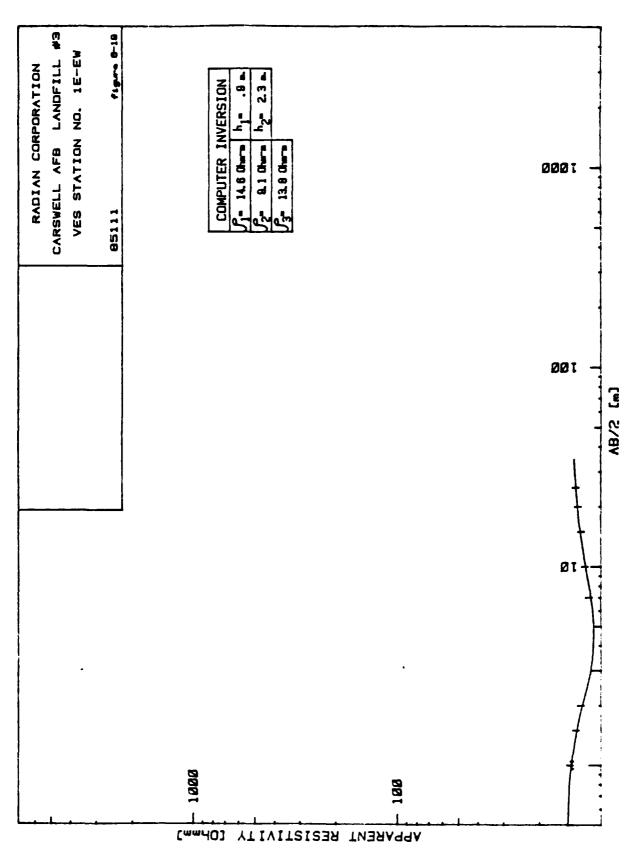
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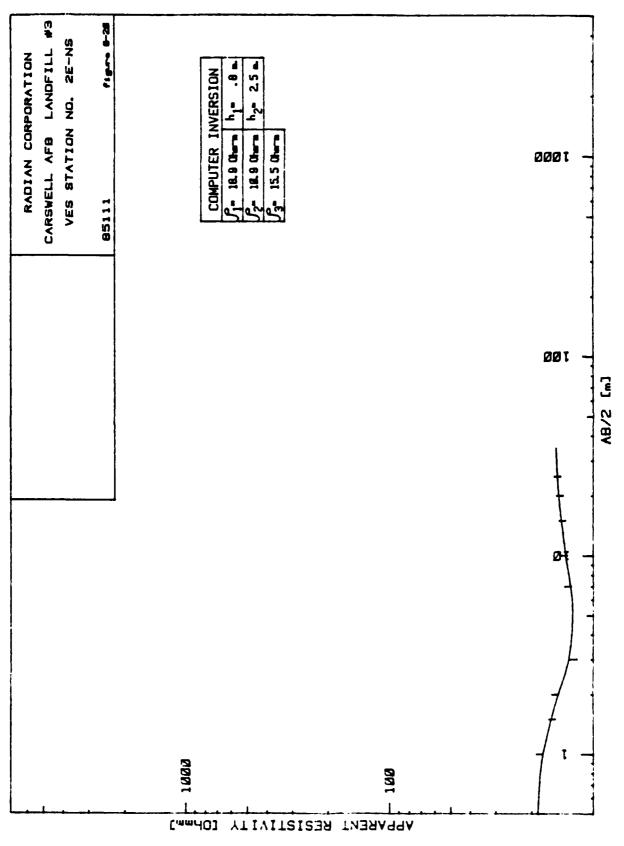


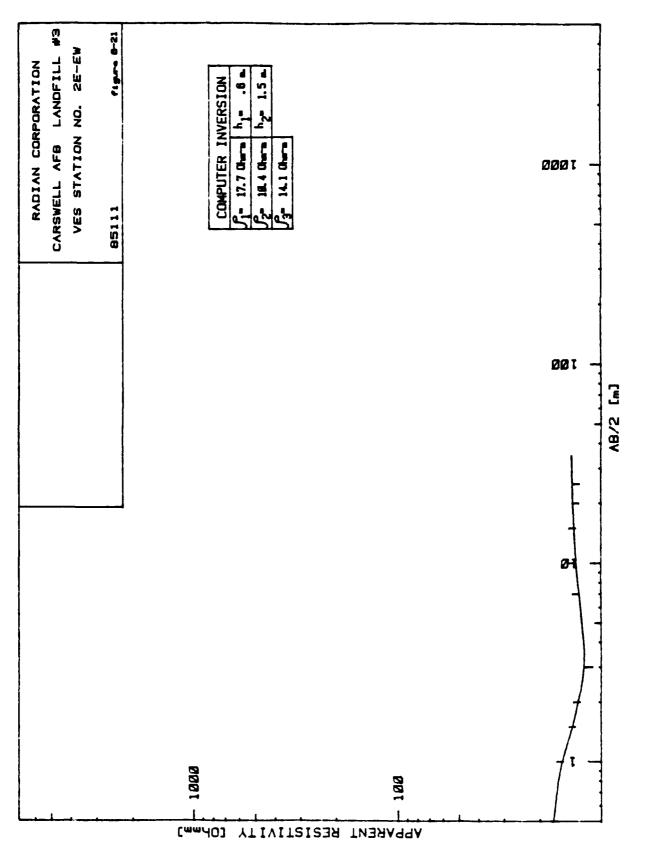
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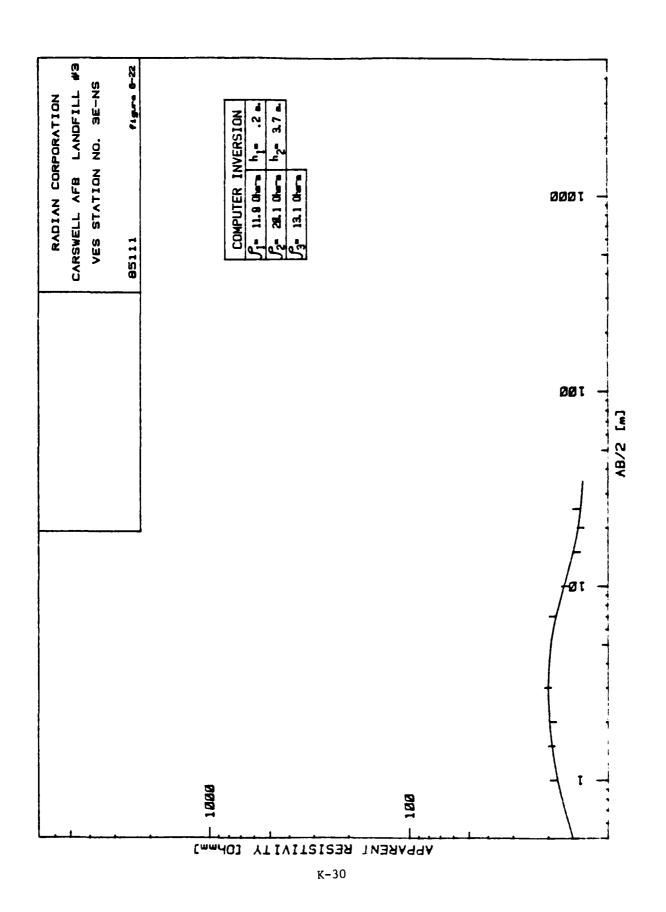


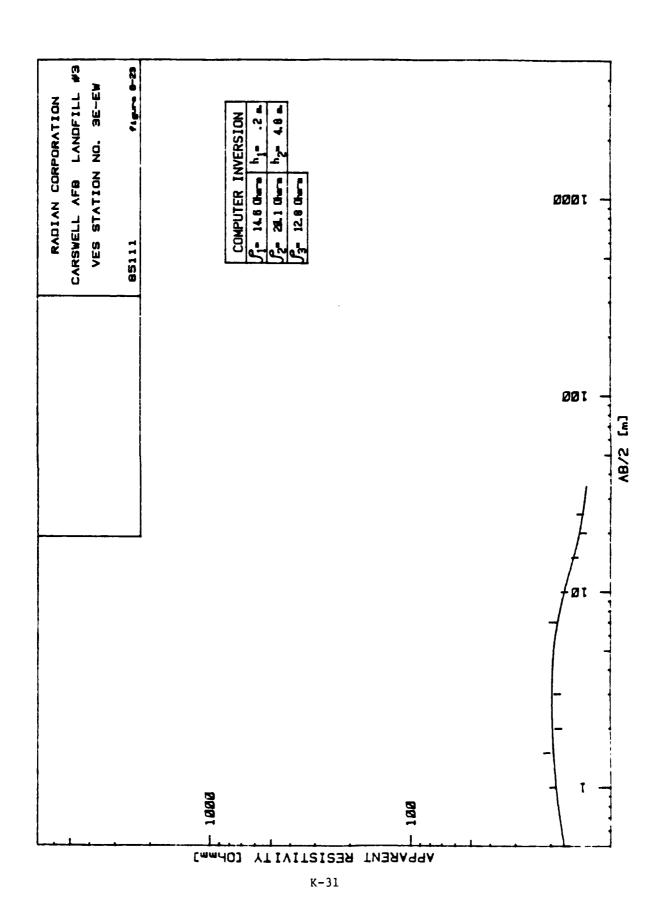


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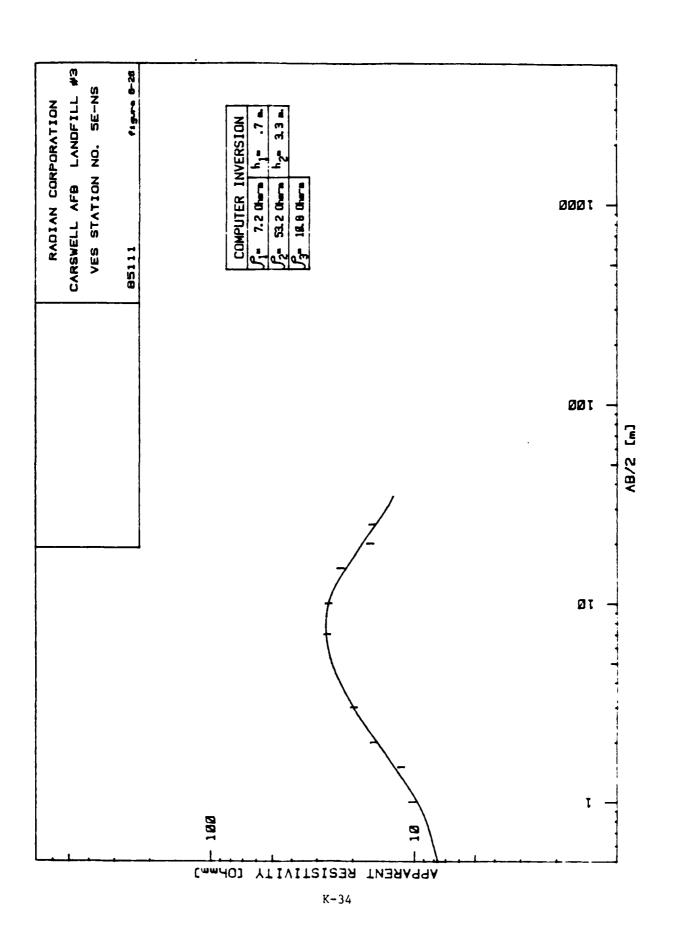




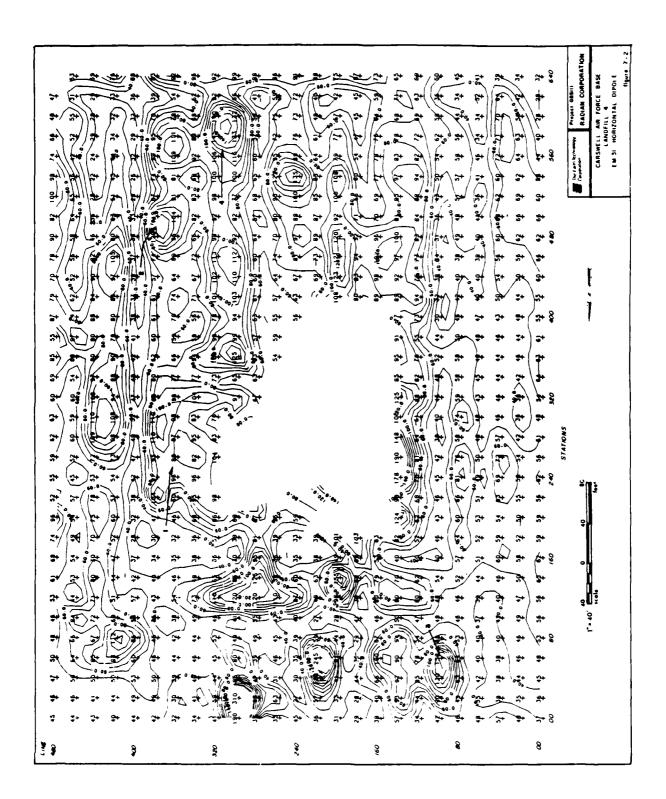
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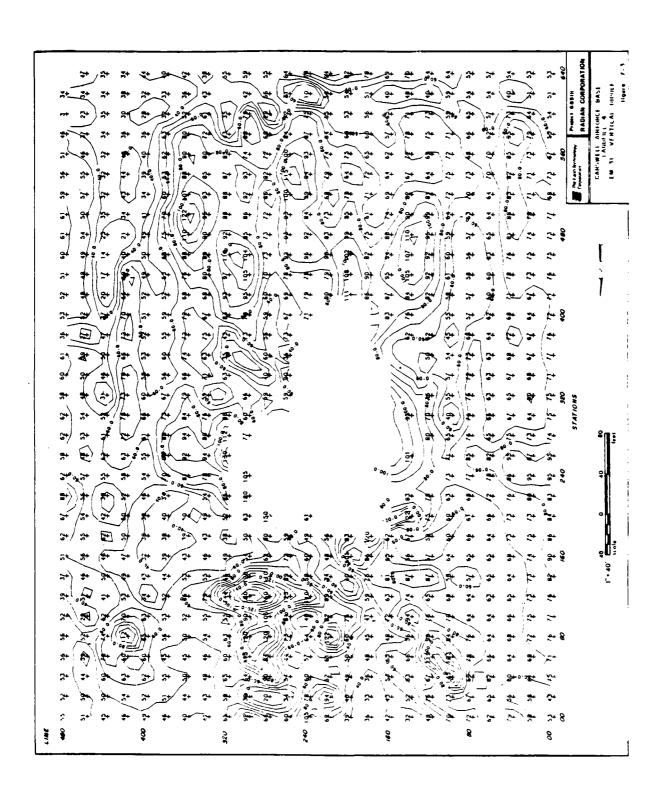
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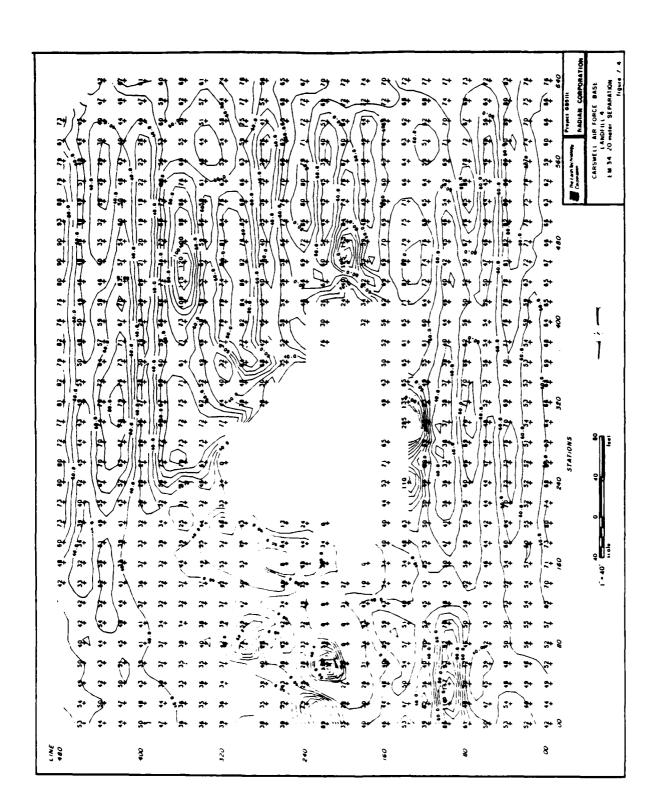
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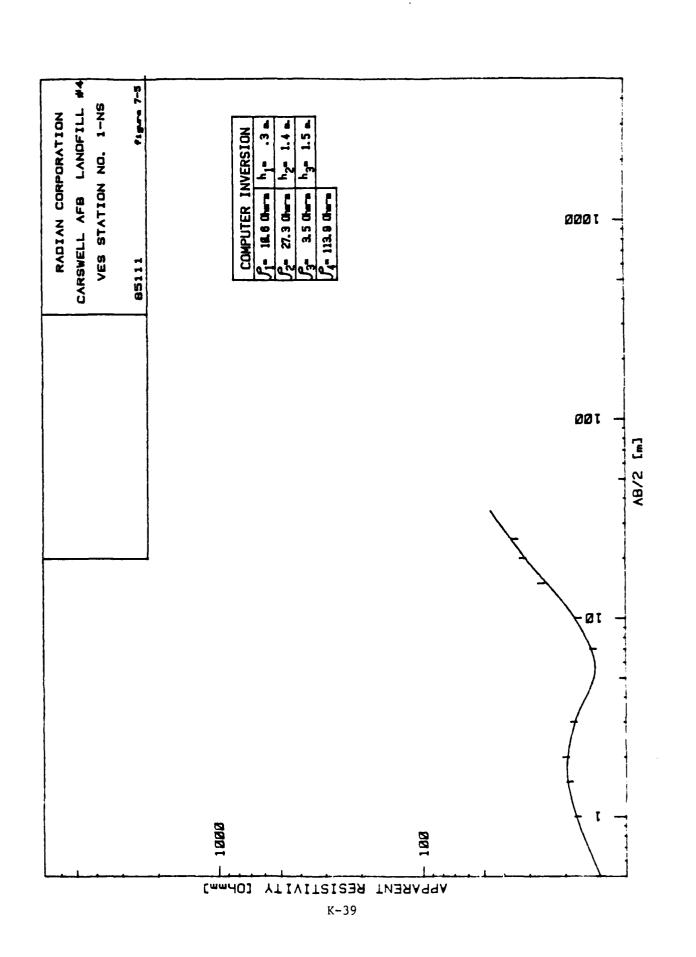


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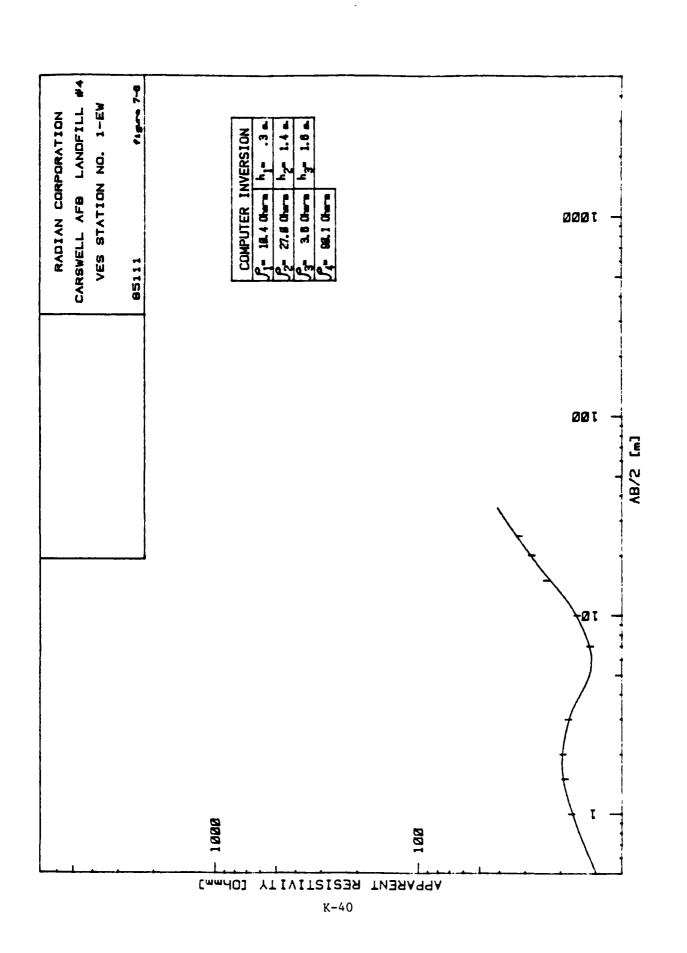


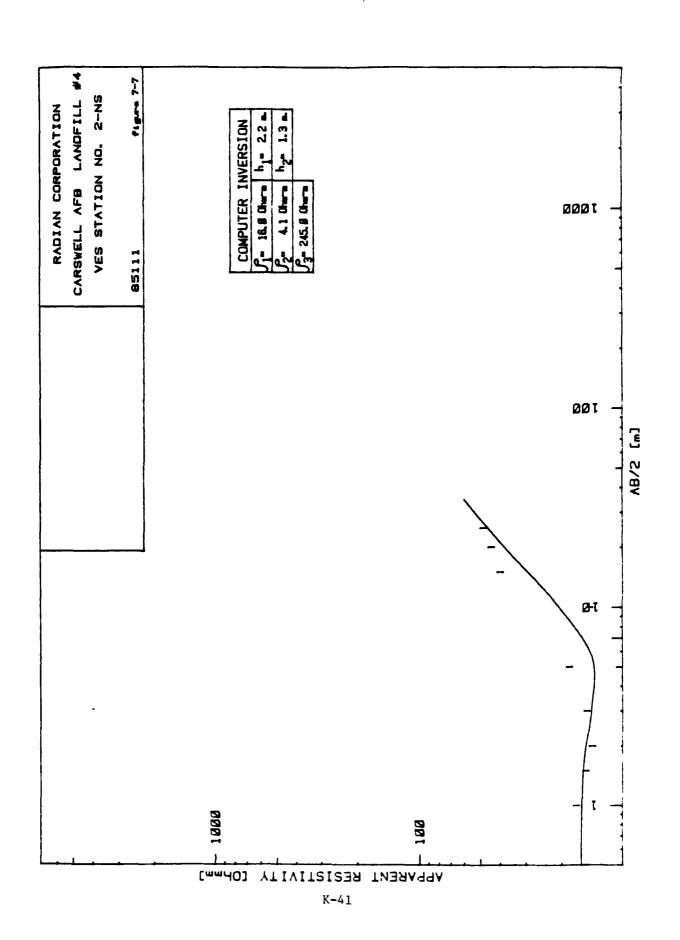




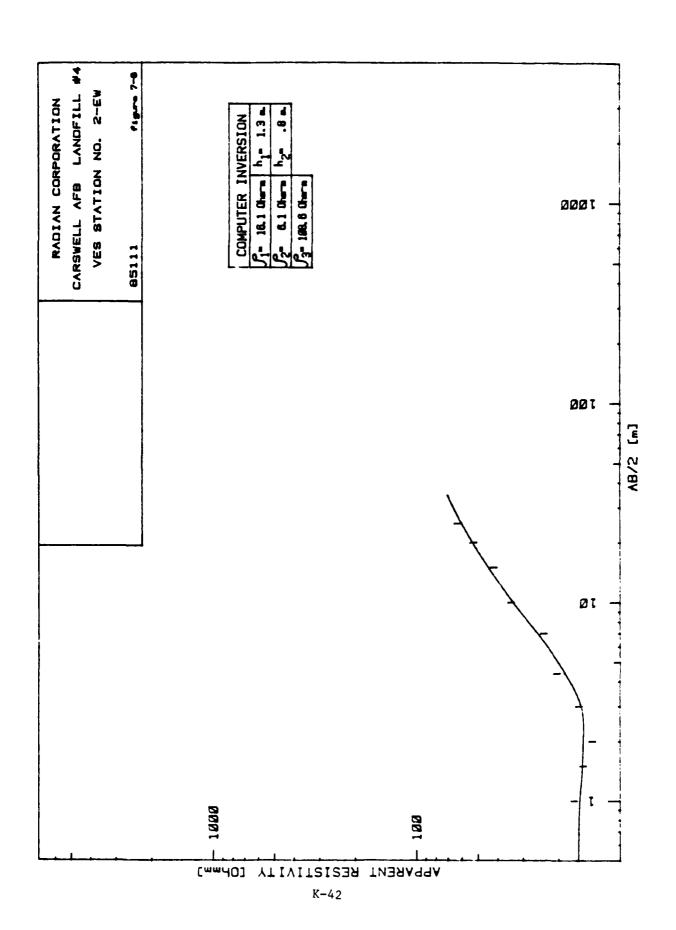


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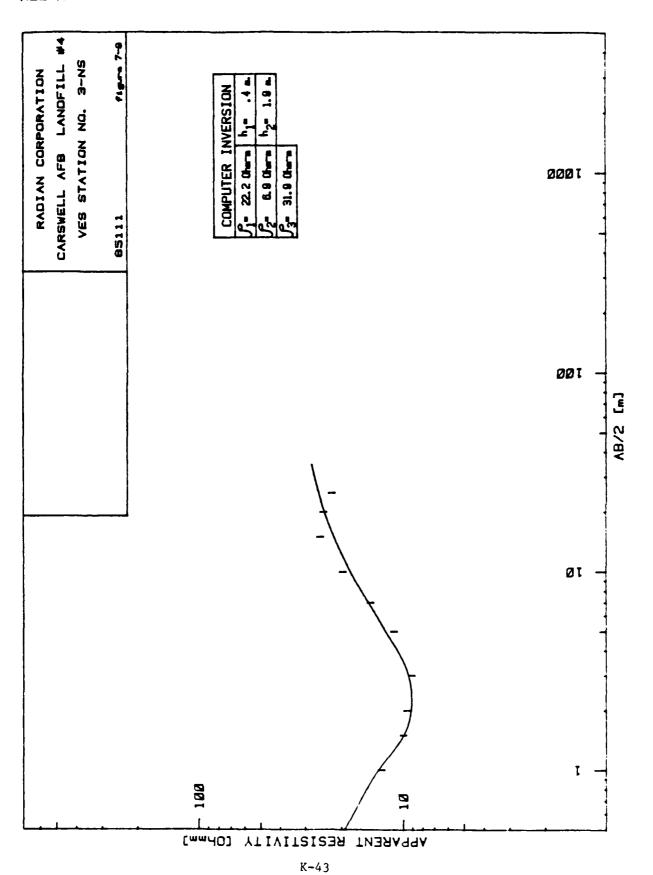


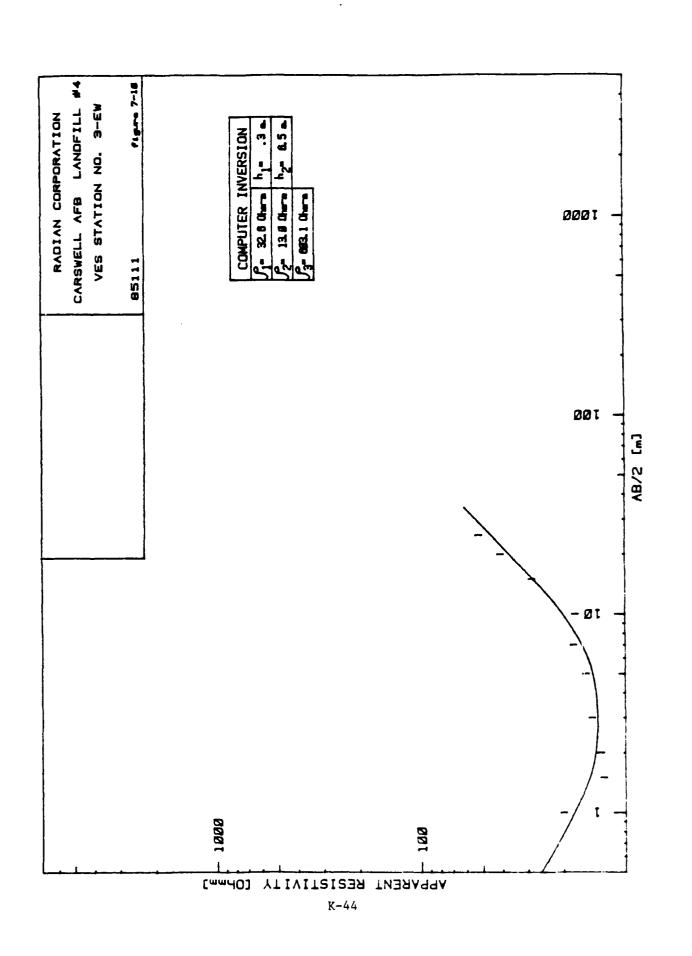
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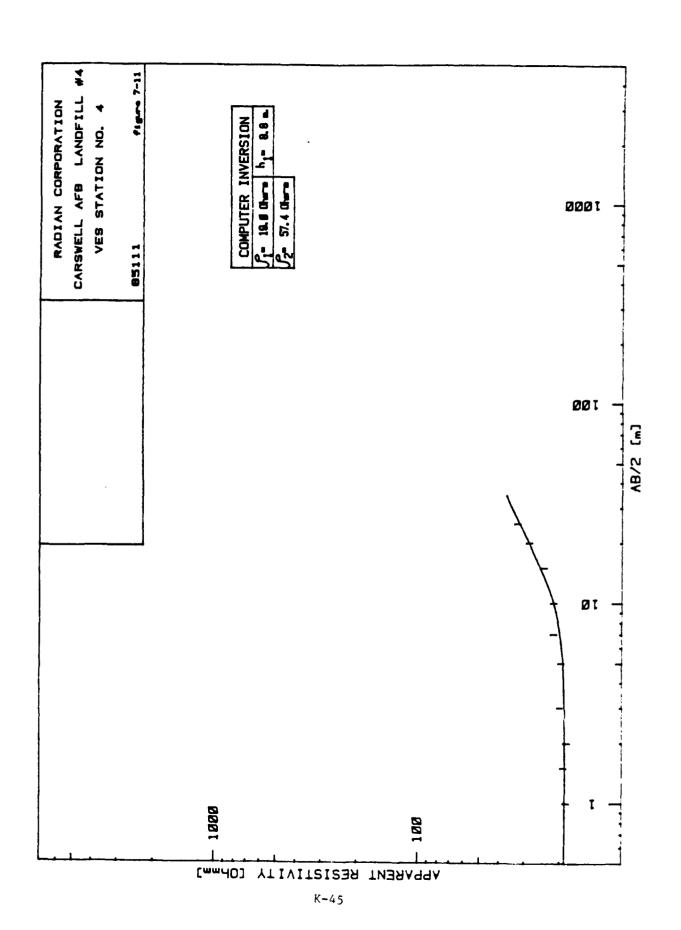


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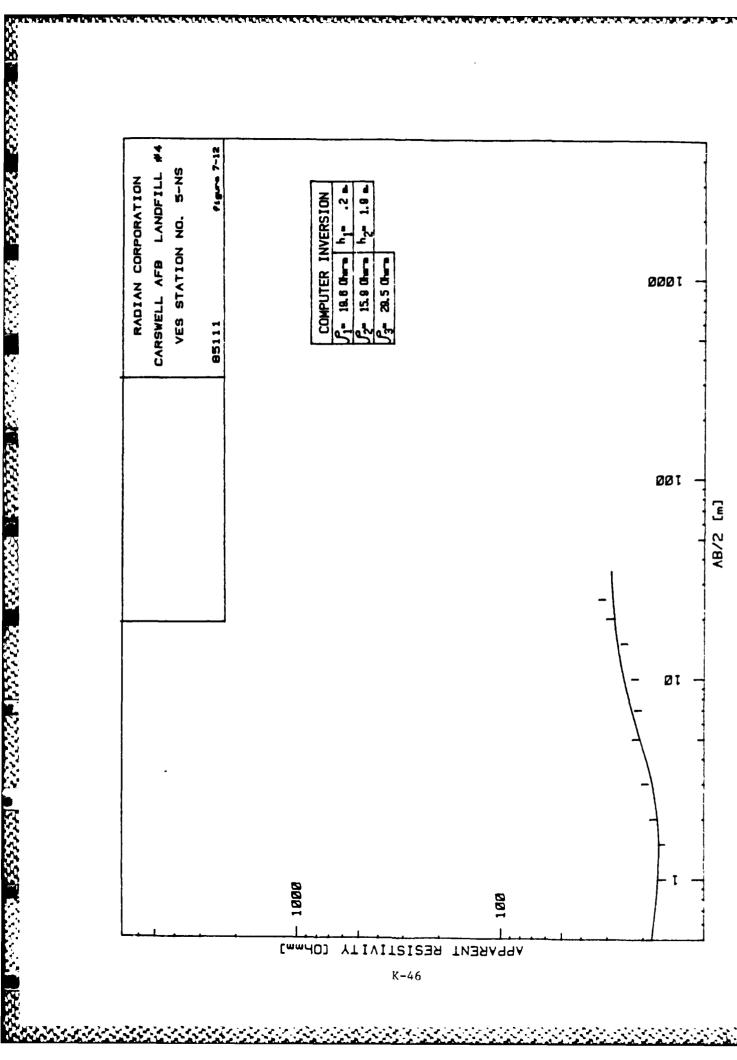
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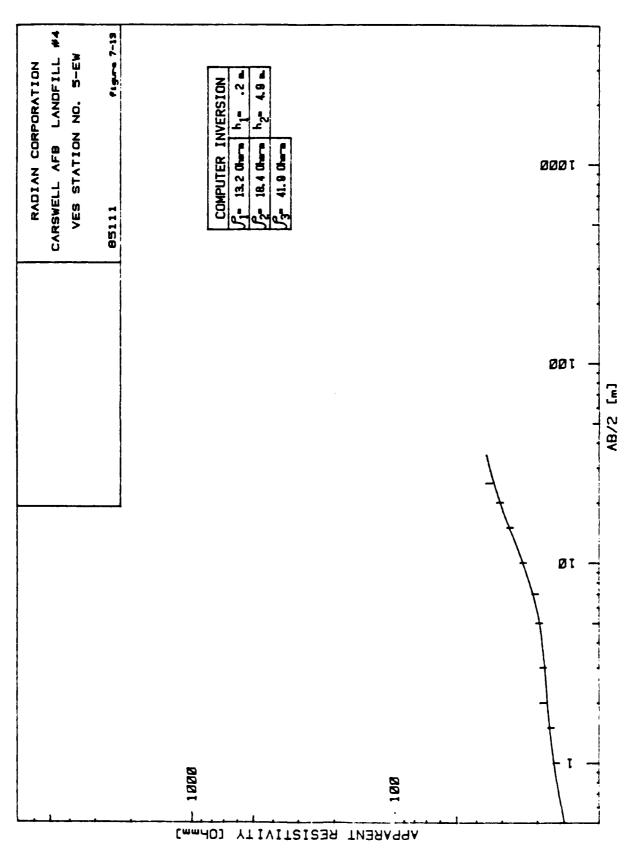




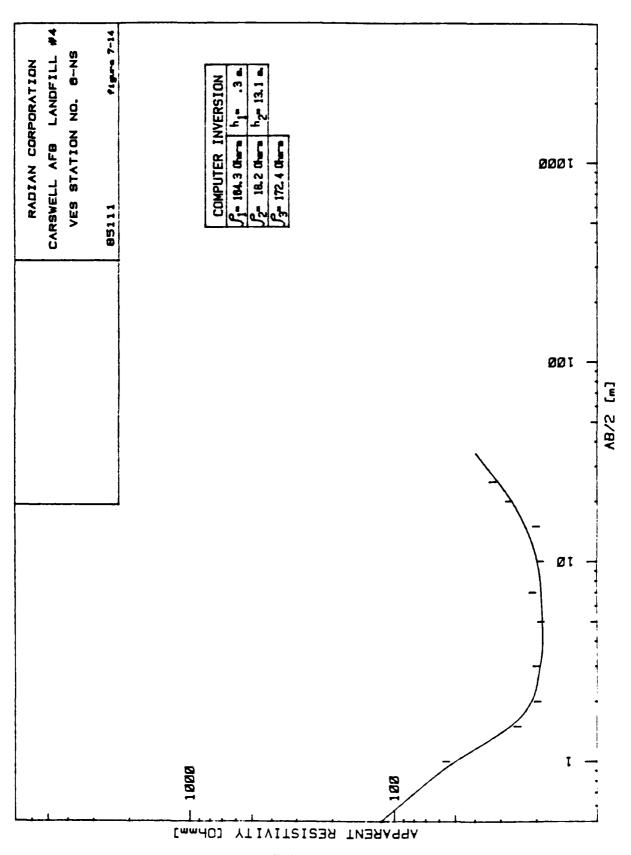


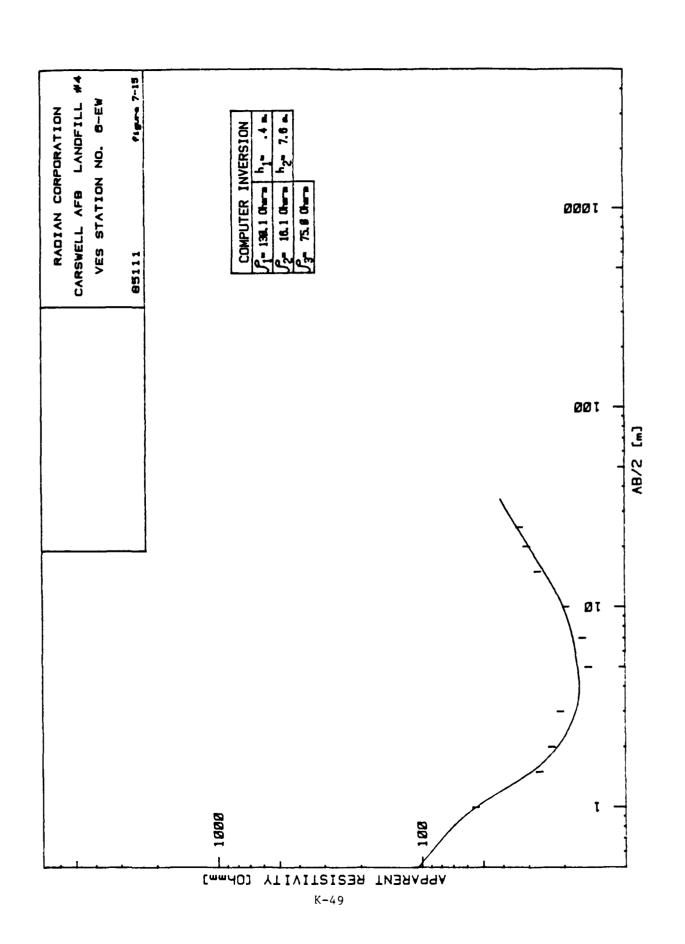
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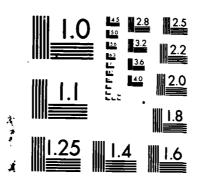


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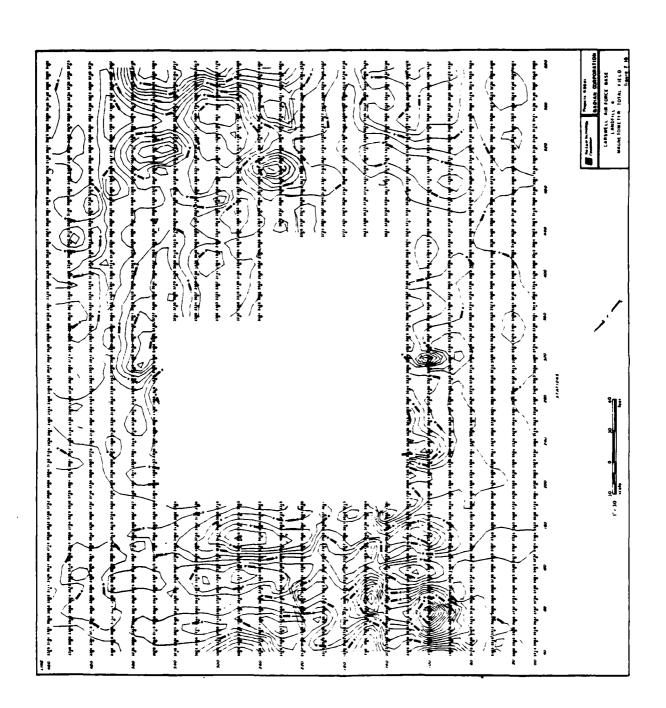
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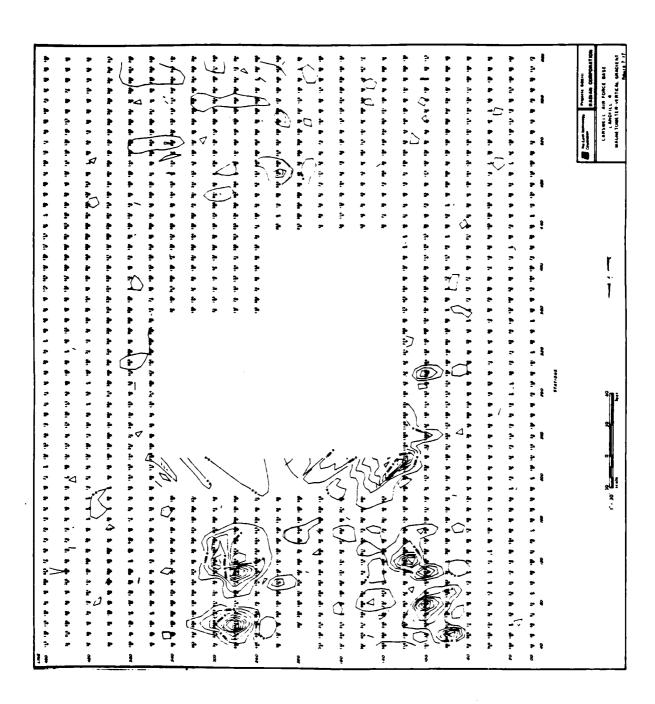
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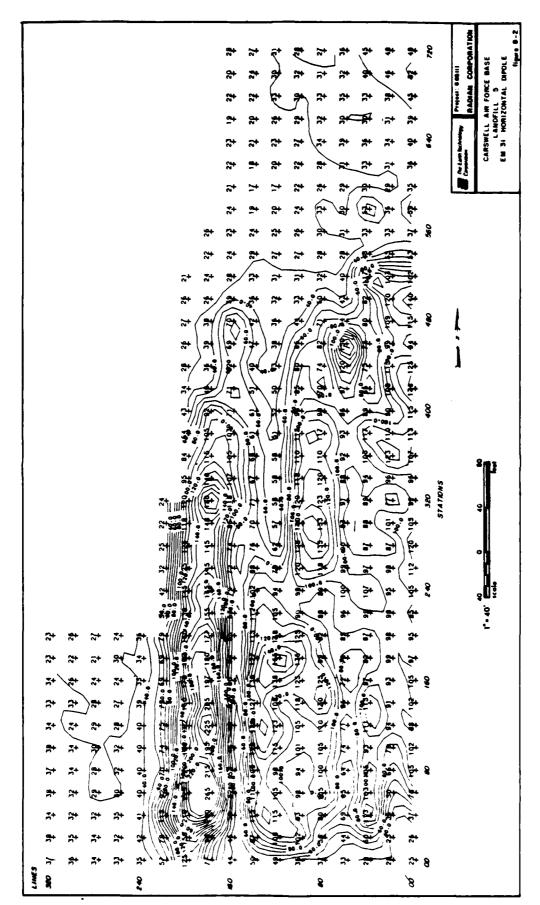
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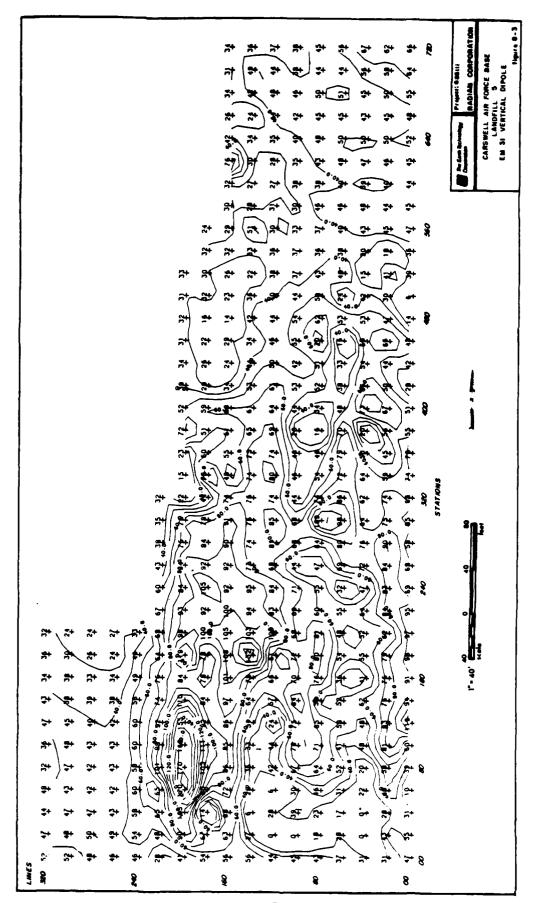


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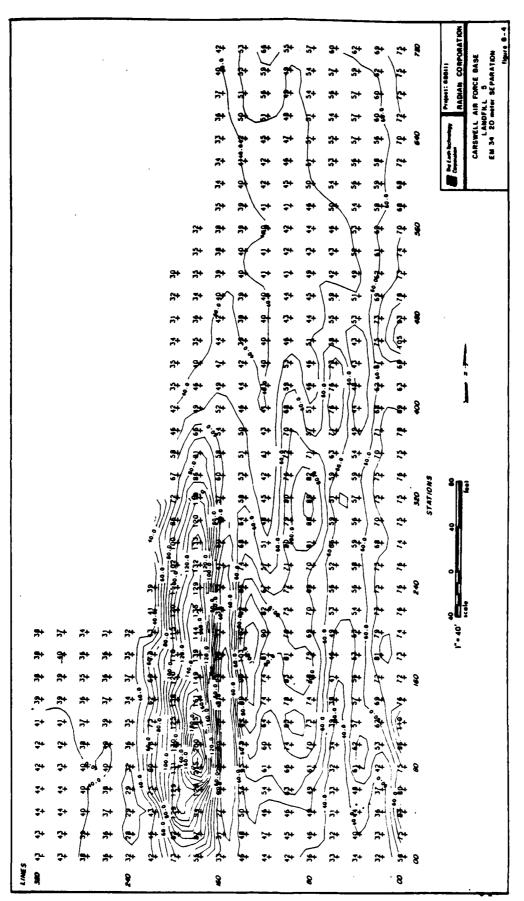


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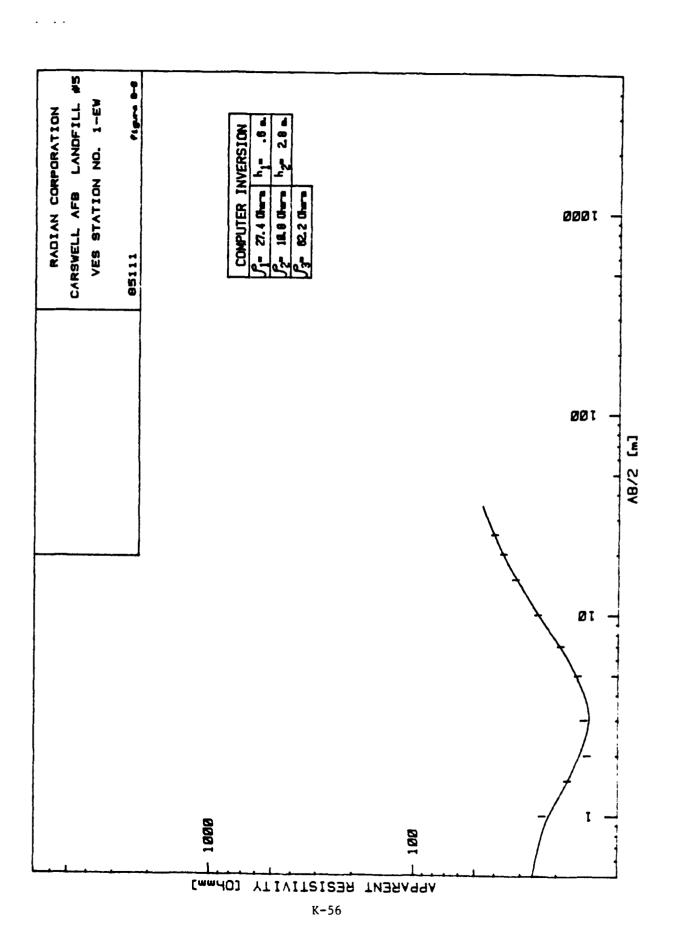


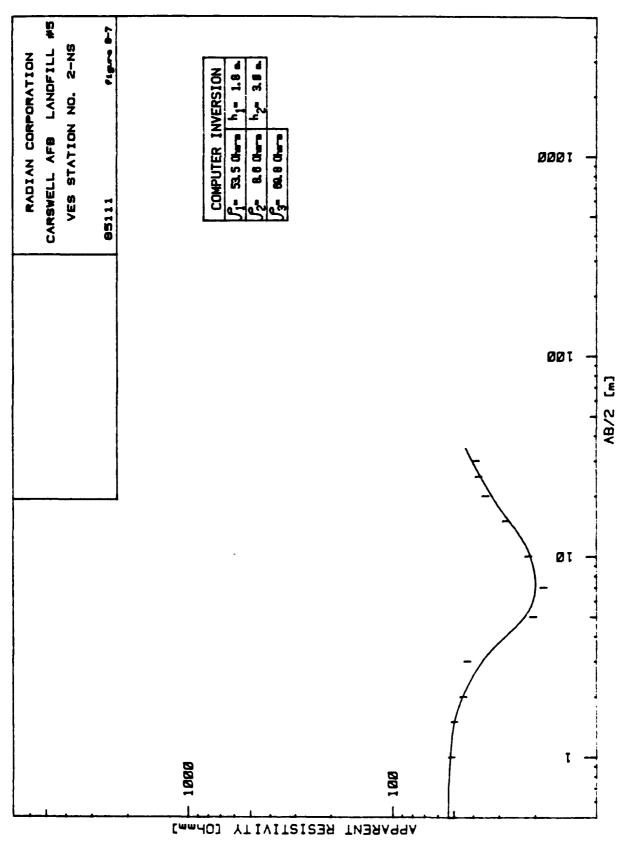


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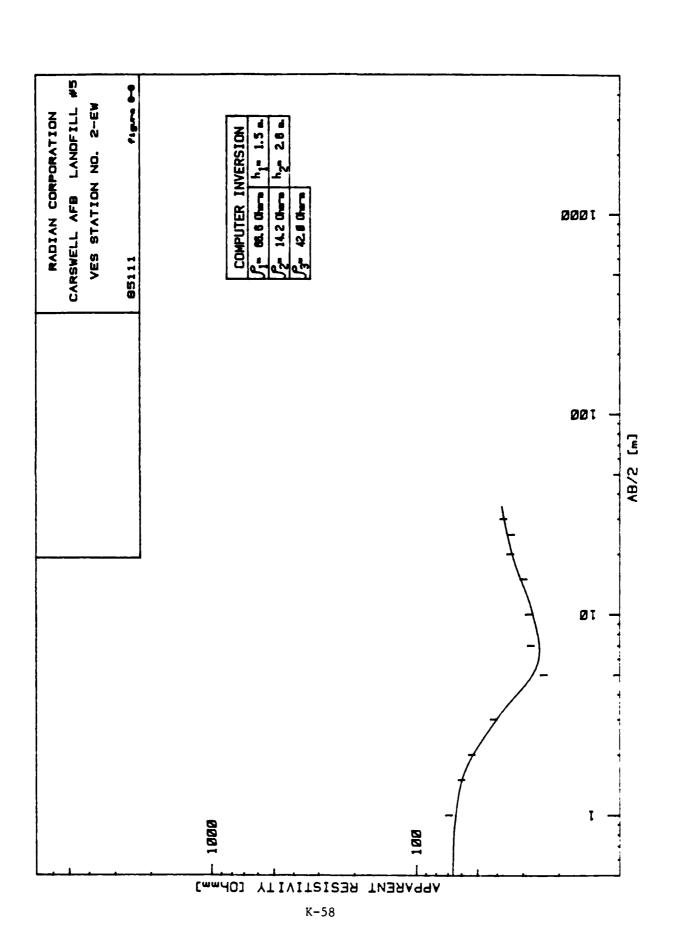
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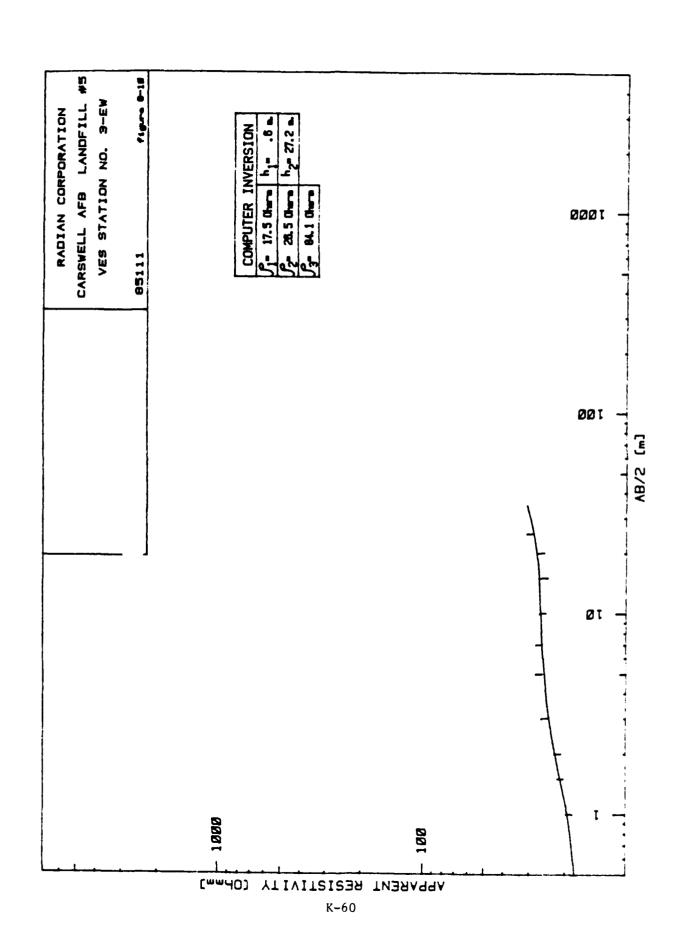
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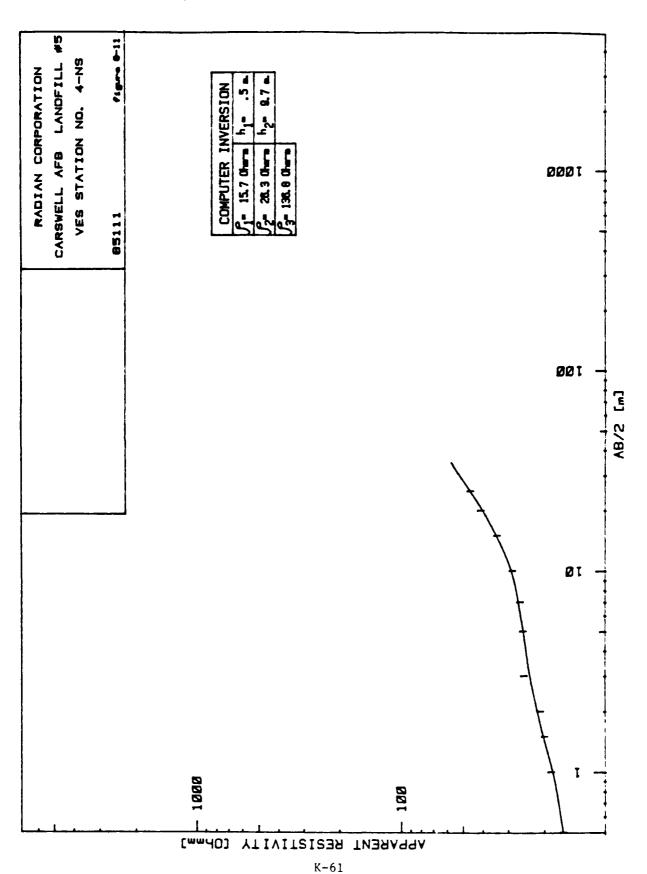


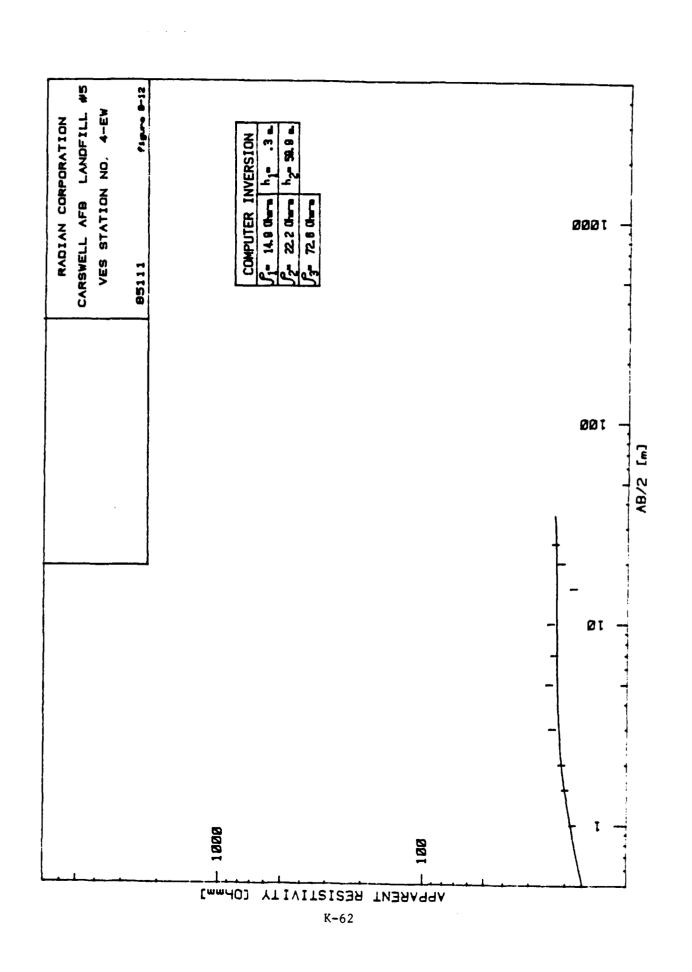
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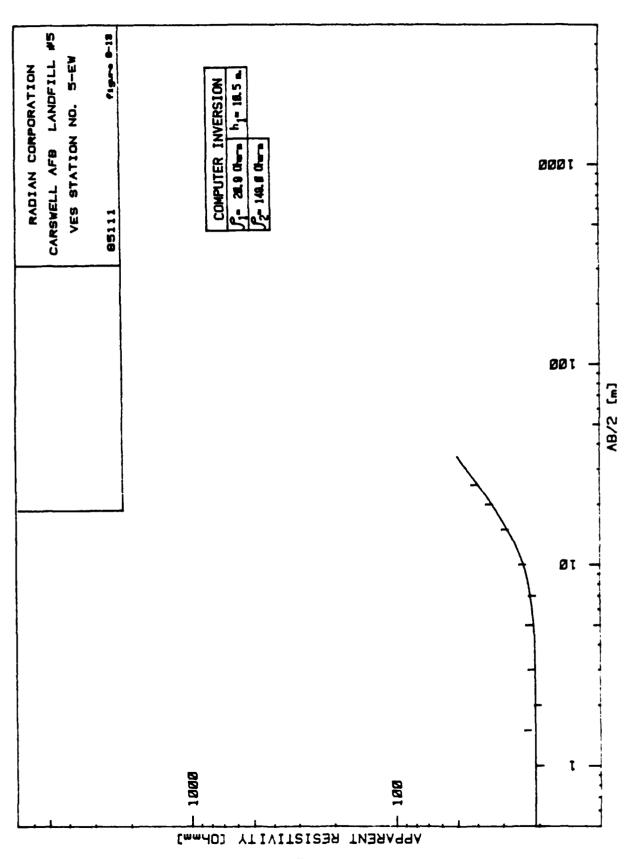
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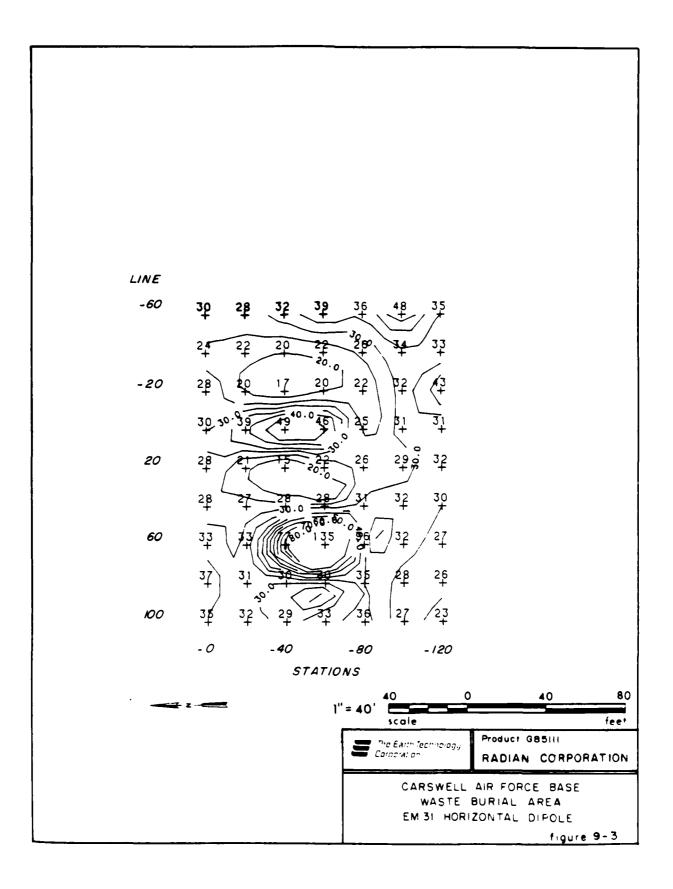
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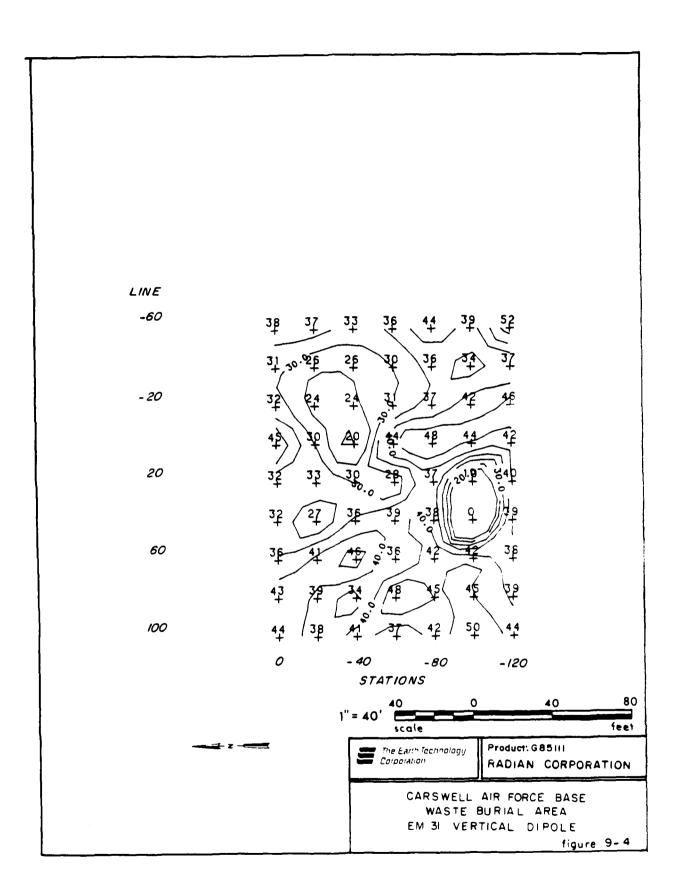


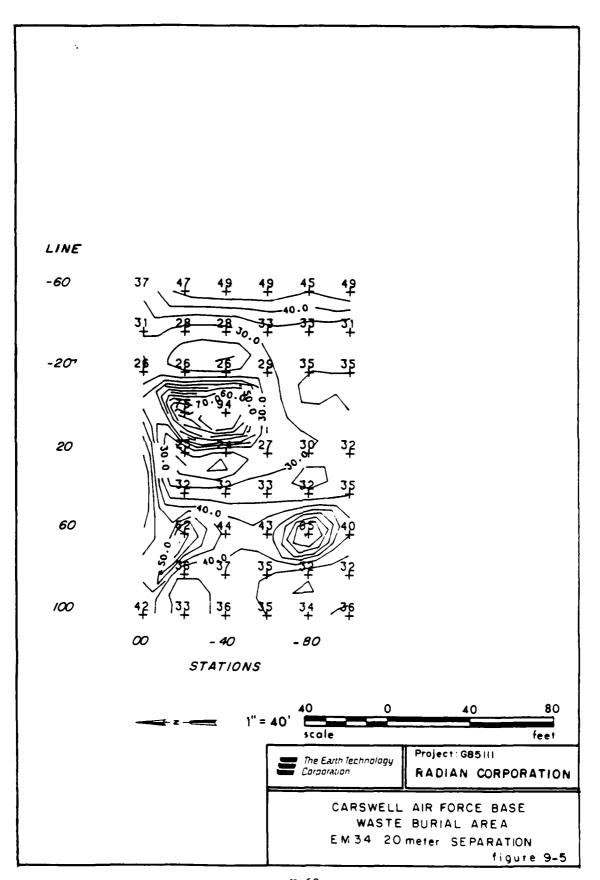
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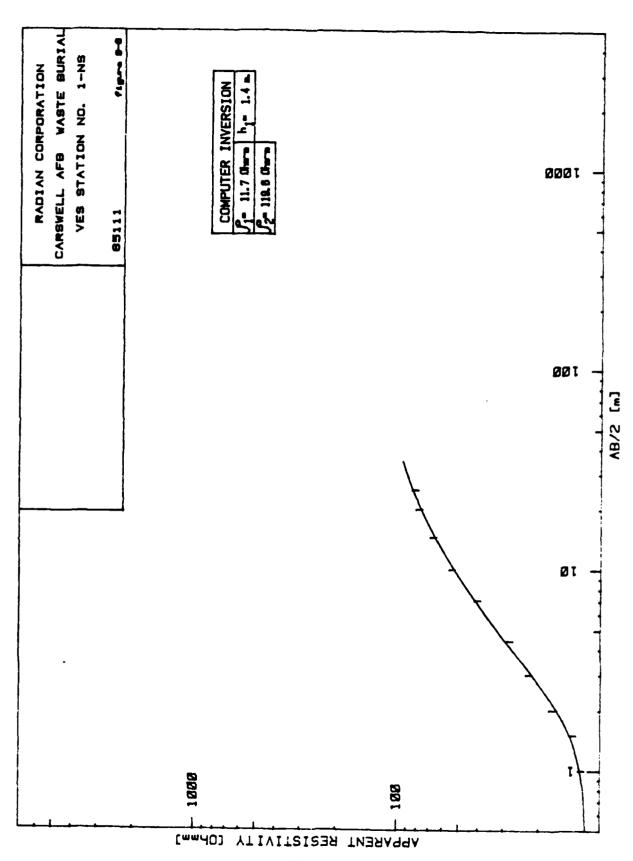
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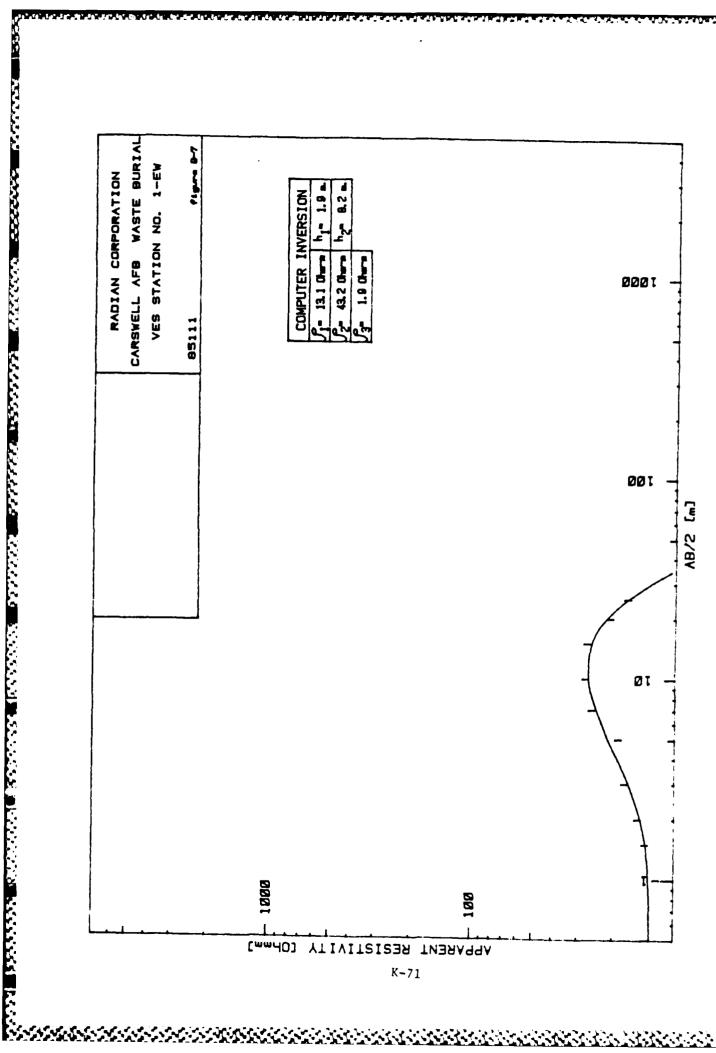


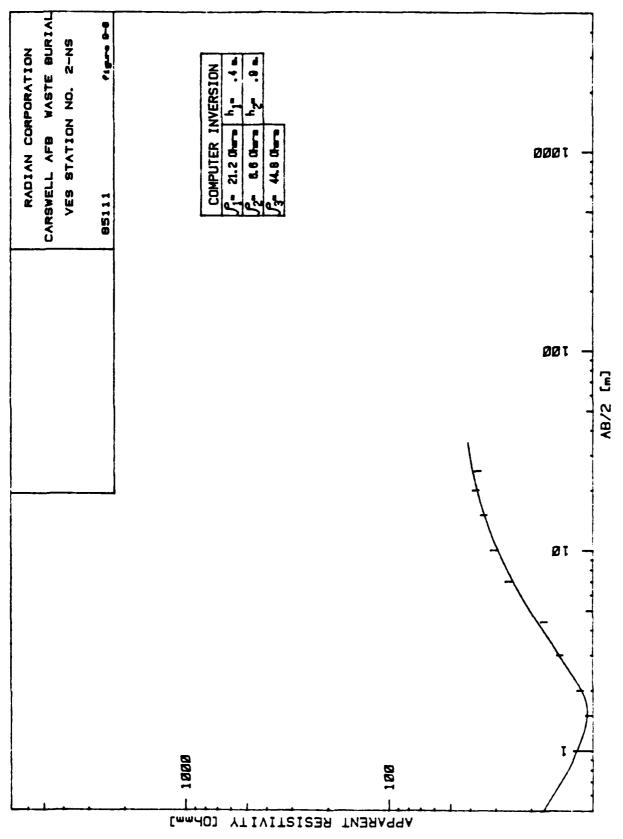


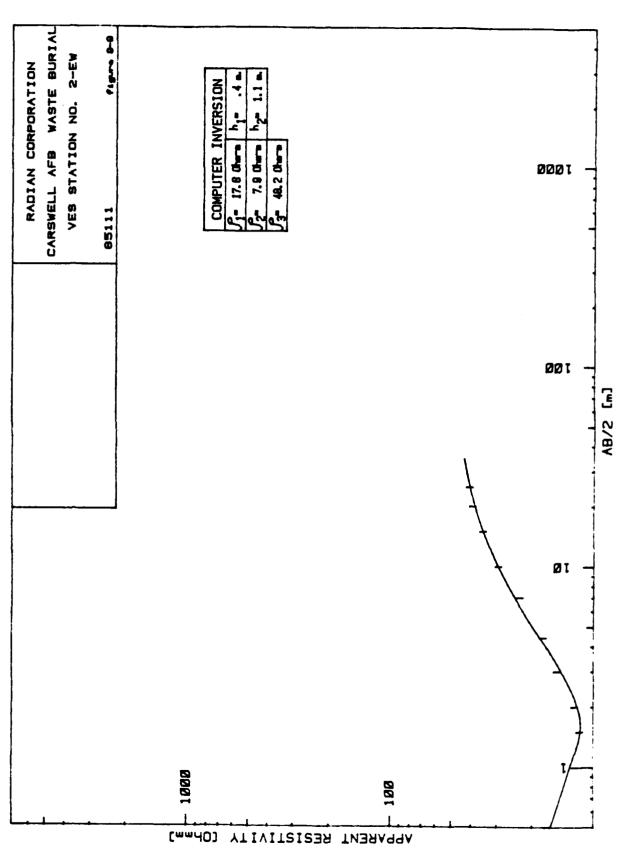
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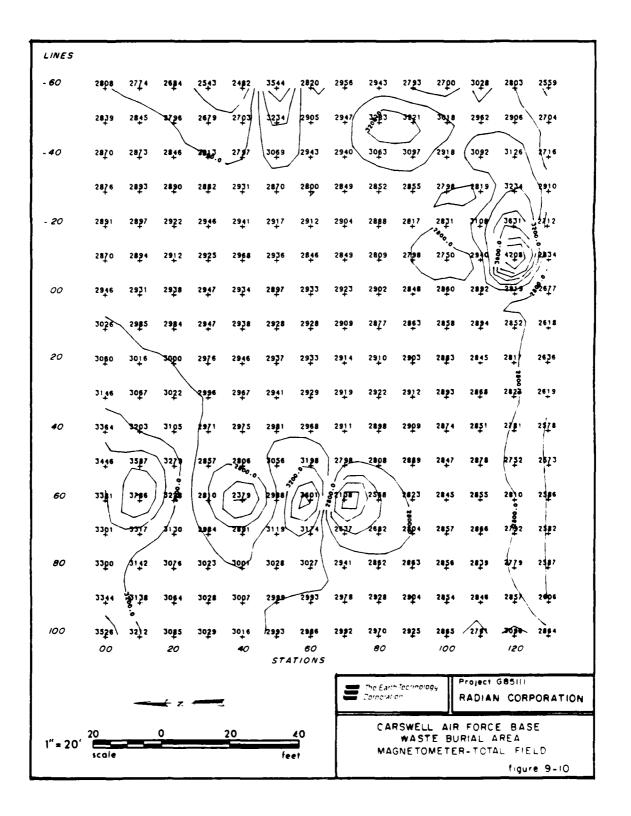


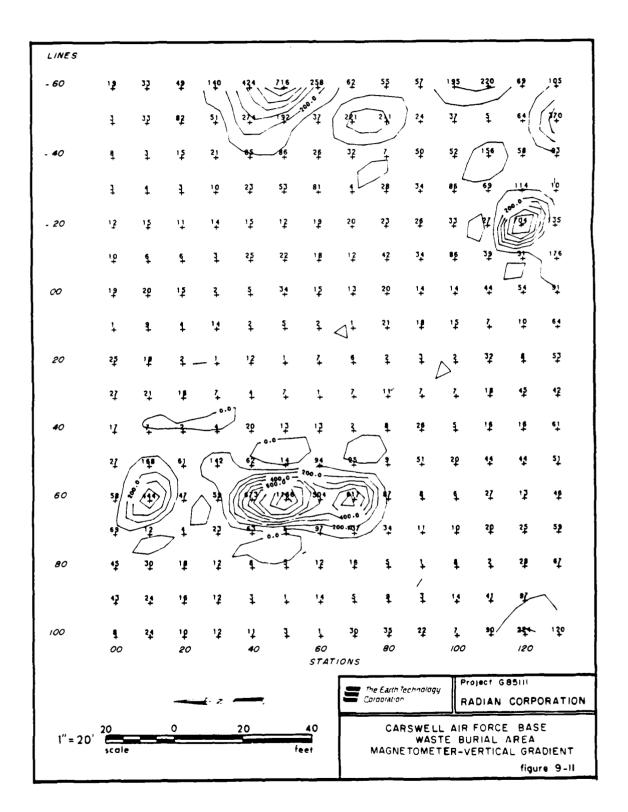
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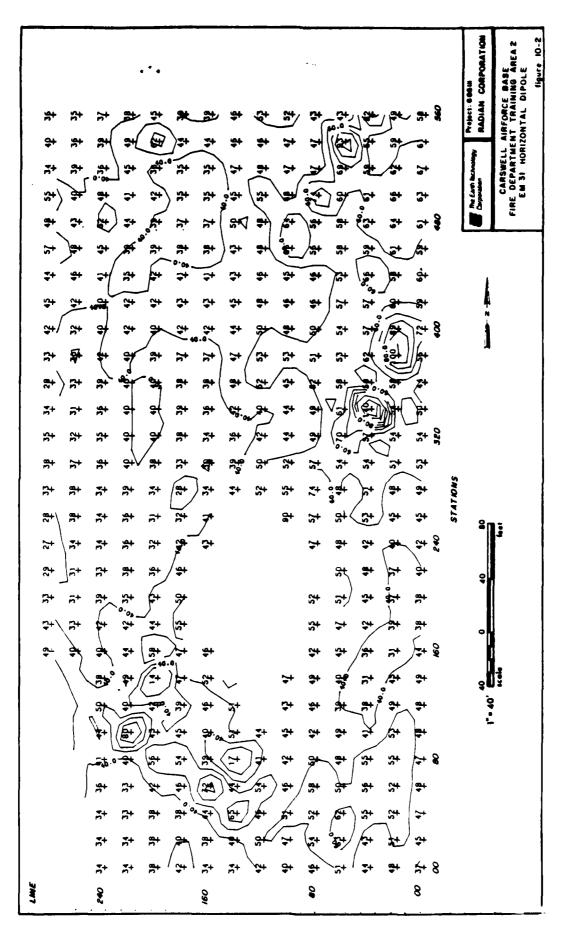


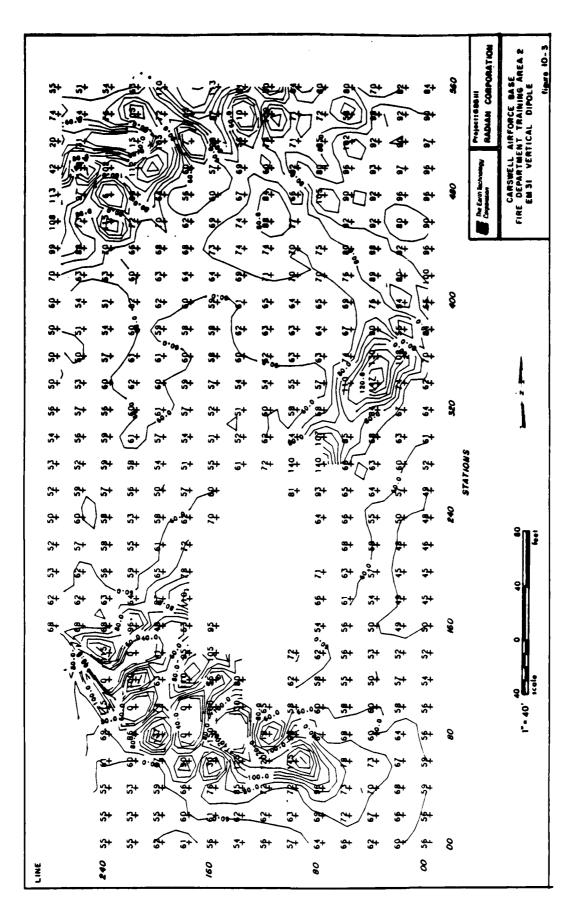


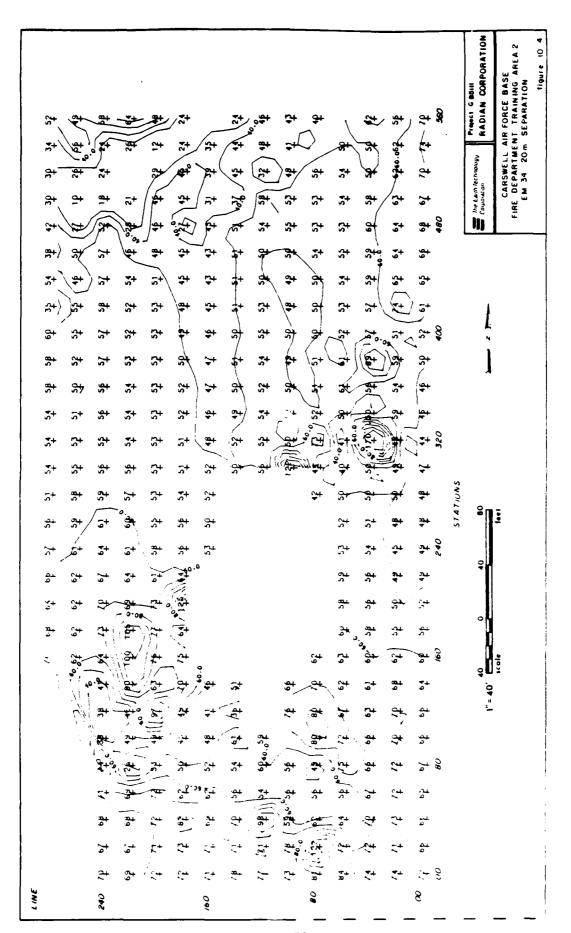




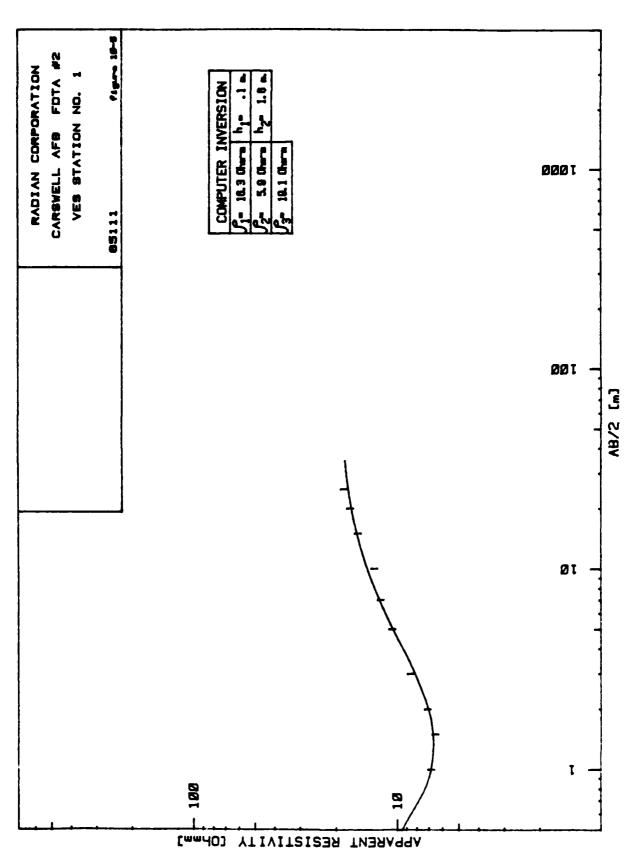


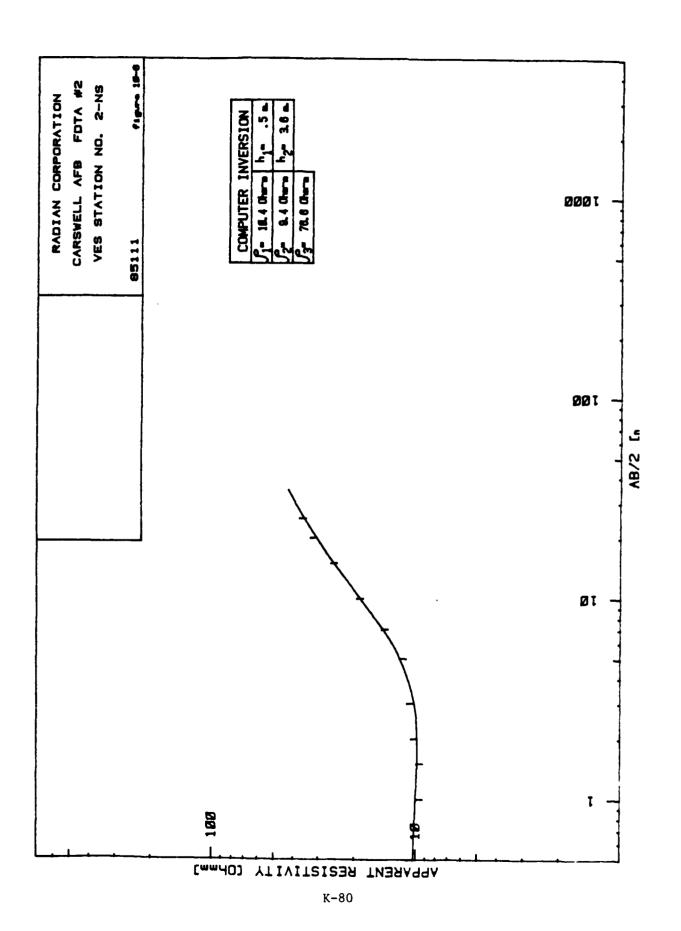




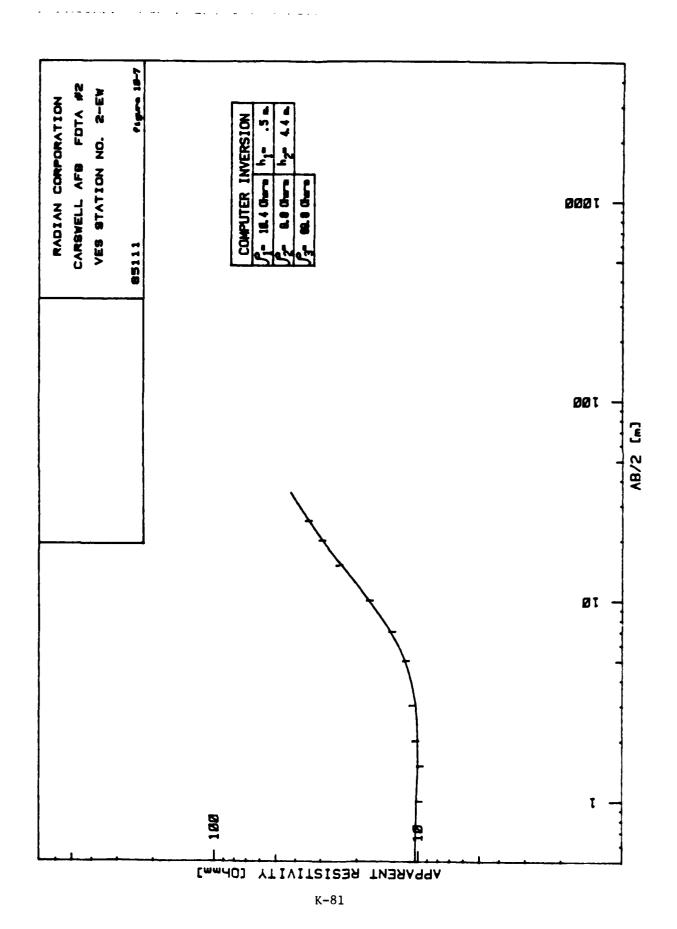


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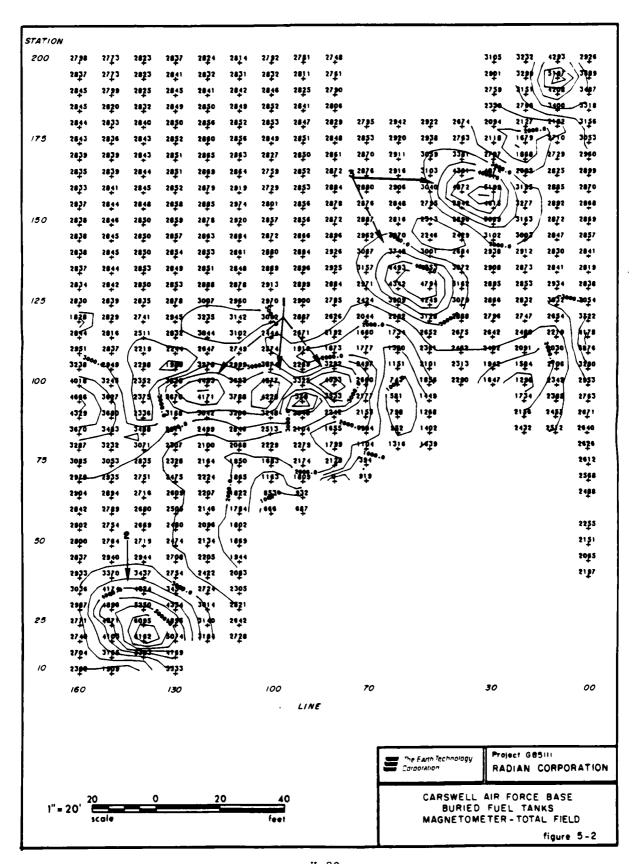




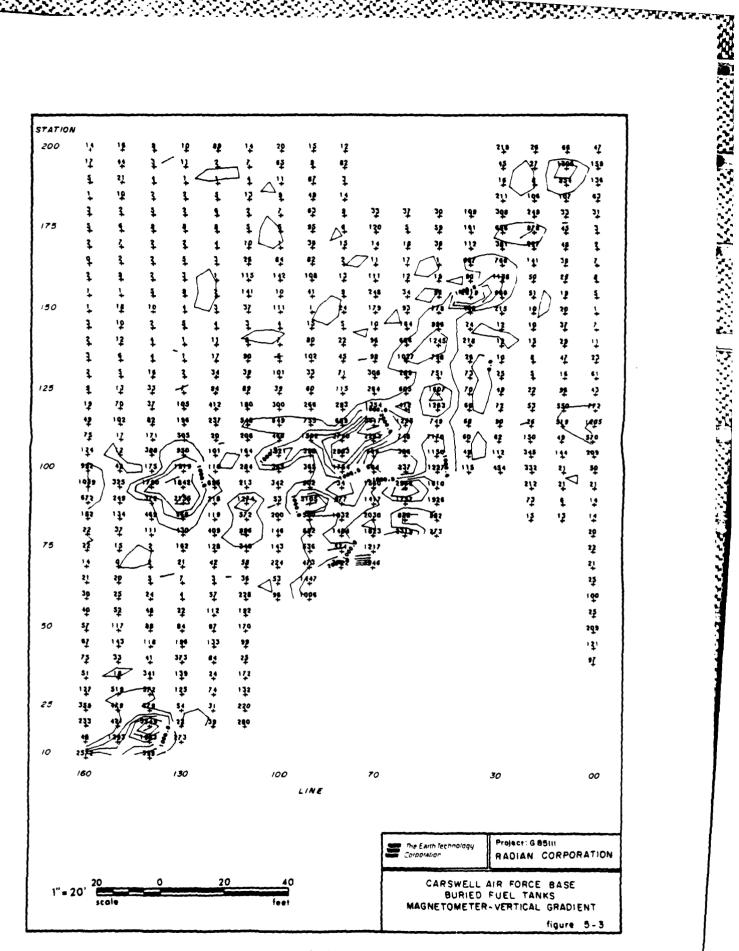
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APPENDIX L Safety Plan



# CARSWELL AIR FORCE BASE IRP PHASE II STAGE 1

Prepared by: Radian Corporation

December, 1984



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Major site activities will and development followed by collecti

The prime responsibility Radian for it's own employees, (2) and (3) with other parties whose employees whose employees with all a Safety and Realth Administration. This plan describes the safety and health procedures and practices for the accomplishment of IRP Phase II Stage 1 Field Evaluation to be conducted at Carswell AFB, Texas. All Radian employees and subcontractors to Radian will follow this plan unless situations encountered in the field make These changes must be approved by the Supervising

Major site activities will consist of monitoring well installation and development followed by collection of water samples.

The prime responsibility for employee safety will rest with: (1) Radian for it's own employees, (2) Radian subcontractors for their employees and (3) with other parties whose employees will work under Radian's technical

Radian, it's subcontractors, and other parties participating in on-site work, will comply with all applicable requirements of the Occupational



#### 2.0 FIELD ACTIVITIES/TEAM RESPONSIBILITIES

The activities planned for the investigation of Carswell AFB are presented below:

- o Performance of geophysical surveys at several waste disposal sites across the Base. These surveys do not involve any disturbance of the land surface.
- o Performance of hand augered borings in the vicinity of waste disposal areas and waste affected streams and drainageways. The maximum depth of the borings is to be ten feet. No waste is expected to be directly encountered. Samples of soil will be collected as the borehole is advanced.
- o Drilling eleven boreholes in the vicinity of waste storage or disposal sites using a hollow stem auger drilling rig. Split spoon samples will be collected at regular intervals from each of the borings.
- o Installation of twenty-three monitor wells to a maximum depth of 40 feet using a hollow stem auger drilling rig. Split spoon samples will be collected as the drilling proceeds.
- o Installation of two monitor wells in the Paluxy aquifer will be made to a maximum depth of 200 feet. An air rotary rig will be used to accomplish most of the drilling. Samples of soil will be continuously observed but not collected.
- o Collection of surface water samples at several locations.
- o Collection of ground water samples from the monitor wells.

#### 2.1 Waste Description

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The type of waste material that is known to be present on site is listed below:

- o fuels (MOGAS, JP-4);
- o solvents (PD-680 type II);
- o engine oils and hydraulic fluids;
- o waste paint cans;
- o discarded batteries; and
- o construction rubble.



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#### 2.2 Key Personnel

The Radian personnel who will be responsible for the safe operation of this project are:

- Administration (Tom Grimshaw, Program Manager);
- o Supervising Geologist (Larry French, Project Director and on-site Safety Officer);
- o The Drilling Supervisor (subcontractor); and
- o Corporate Safety Office (Andrew Ellis).

#### Supervising Geologist (Mr.Larry French)

The Supervising Geologist will be responsible for executing the safety procedures that are described below:

- o Locate support facilities in an uncontaminated area.
- o Initiate contact with the Base Safety Officer and test the emergency phone numbers to ensure their accuracy.
- o Implement the site safety training program as described in this plan.
- Observe site activities to ensure the proper use of personal protective equipment.
- o Initiate outside emergency phone calls when an injury or accident requires medical attention.
- o Ensure that work schedules, dependent on work levels and outside temperatures, are set each day and adhered to throughout the work day.
- o Ensure that the field team observes the work zone and decontamination procedures.
- Ensure that safety equipment is maintained in a safe manner.
- o Report violation and compliance problems to the Corporate Safety Office in Austin (512-454-4797 ext. 5763, Andrew Ellis).

#### Drilling Supervisor (unknown at this time)

o Drilling crew compliance with the health and safety plan.



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o Enforcement of corrective action under the direction of the Supervising Geologist. Compliance problems will be brought to the attention of the Drilling Supervisor who will be expected to correct the safety problem through a series of reprimands, eventually resulting in the dismissal of the offending employee.

#### Corporate Safety Office

o Prepare a health and safety plan for the project.

- Perform a job safety analysis.
- Select appropriate personal protection equipment.
- o Define appropriate workplace exposure monitoring procedures.
- o Develop a contamination control program.
- o Develop a plan to cope with anticipated emergencies.
- o Ensure that the field team has undergone medical monitoring.

#### Field Team Members

- Read and understand this plan.
- o Perform your work safely.
- Report any unsafe condition to your supervisor.
- o Be aware and alert for signs and symptoms of exposure to site contaminants.



#### 3.0 JOB SAFETY ANALYSIS

A preliminary job safety analysis (JSA) has been performed for each work function at the site. Additional job safety analyses will be performed by the Supervising Geologist to respond to site conditions and work activities that were not anticipated correctly.

#### 3.1 Geophysical Survey

Geophysical surveys will be performed prior to selecting the location of well installation points. The surveys will not involve disturbance of the soils and the primary hazard to employees will be from contacting the waste material while walking on the site. Site survey personnel should take care to avoid obvious waste areas, and keep shoes and hands clean. If you or your articles of clothing or equipment become contaminated, wash them up with hot soap and water.

#### Personal Protective Equipment

- O Chemical resistant PVC or Neoprene safety boot with steel shank and toe;
- o Safety helmet;
- o Safety glasses;
- o Long sleeve shirt; and
- o PVC disposable gloves (worn when contact with the waste material is possible).

#### 3.2 Monitor Well Installation

Installation of monitor wells using the hollow stem auger rig will expose the field team to respiratory, skin contact, ingestion and noise hazards. The personal protective equipment specified below has been selected to reduce the risk of exposure to site hazards.

#### Personal Protective Equipment

- o tyvek coveralls;
- o Gauntlet style, chemical resistant, neoprene gloves;
- O Chemical resistant, steel toed, steel shank, safety boots, (PVC or Neoprene);
- o Respirator, full face piece, air purifying, equipped with organic vapor cartridges and dust filters;



- o Safety helmet; and
- o Hearing protectors (rotary drilling rig).

Depending on site conditions and drilling conditions, other items may be used for supplemental protection. Such items may include:

- o PVC bib overalls and jacket (especially for drillers handling auger flights that have contacted waste material;
- o Respirator, half face piece, air purifying equipped with organic vapor cartridges and dust filters (used only when there are no eye irritating chemicals, splashes, or projectiles in the work environment) YOU MUST USE EYE PROTECTION WITH HALF FACE RESPIRATORS;
- o Chemical splash goggles when splash hazards exist (steam cleaning especially); and
- o PVC disposable gloves to be worn outside of the neoprene gloves for extra protection.

Air rotary drilling techniques will be used to install two of the monitoring wells. In addition to the hazards mentioned above, the field team will be exposed to noise hazards while operating the Air Rotary Drilling Rig.

Based on previous experience with similar operations, hearing protection will be required for the field team while operating the rotary drilling rig. Some tips to pay attention to when working around drilling rigs are given below:

- o Always wear the proper personal protection as required by the safety plan.
- o Always wear eye protection while working on site. Driving pins in drive chains, handling chemicals, breaking concrete, hammering or sledging, cutting wires, grinding, and or welding are all examples of work that is hazardous to your eyes.
- o Don't set or drop a heavy object on your foot.
- o Use the correct stance when lifting a heavy object.
- o Watch out for slippery surfaces or objects to trip on.
- o Always wear splash goggles when handling chemicals.
- Keep your clothing out of spinning rig equipment.



- o Always get treatment for even the most minor scratch or abrasion.
- o Watch out for swinging equipment. Most drilling equipment will break a rib if it hits you.

#### 3.3 Surface and Ground Water Sampling

The sampling team will be expected to contact potentially contaminated surface and ground water while they collect samples. This operation is to be conducted using the following personal protection:

- o tyvek coveralls;
- o Gauntlet style, chemical resistant, neoprene gloves;
- o Chemical resistant, steel toed, steel shank, boots;
- Chemical splash goggles or safety spectacles with side shields;
   and
- o Safety helmet.

#### 3.4 Other Potential Hazards

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The site may contain other hazards that are not described above. The Supervising Geologist will make an assessment of the site hazards prior to starting work and ensure that the field team is protected. Two hazards which may be encountered are:

- o heat stress
- o drilling into underground hazards (buried drums, cylinders, electrical cables, etc.)

### Heat Stress

During work, the Supervising Geologist must be alert for the signs and symptoms of heat stress. A hazard exists when employees are required to work in warm temperatures while wearing impervious protective clothing. When ambient air temperatures at the site exceed 65 degrees F, heat stress may become a problem. If these conditions are encountered, the following precautions will be taken:

- o The Supervising Geologist will regularly monitor the ambient air temperature;
- o Field team members will be observed for the following signs and symptoms of heat stress:



- Dizziness
- Profuse sweating
- Skin color change
- Increased heart rate
- Abnormal body temperature as measured by fever detectors (forehead straps)
- vision problems

Any employee who exhibits any of these symptoms will be immediately removed from field work and requested to consume 2-4 pints of electrolyte fluid or cool water every hour while resting in a shaded area. The worker should not return to work until symptoms are no longer recognizable. If the symptoms worsen, seek immediate medical attention.

#### Drilling Into Buried Hazards

During the planning/mobilization phase, the Supervising Geologist should consult with base personnel about the location of utility lines. Prior to penetrating the soil, ask knowledgeble site employees about the possibility of buried drums or gas cylinders. If drilling cuttings indicate any signs of drums or cylinders, cease drilling immediately and close the borehole.



#### 4.0 SAFETY TRAINING

Prior to starting the work, the Supervising Geologist will conduct a training session and ensure that each field team member understands his or her safety responsibilities.

All personnel assigned to drilling activities and water sampling efforts will be instructed regarding the potential health and safety hazards. Specifically, the following topics will be covered in the initial training session.

- o Potential routes of contact with toxic and or corrosive materials, excessive noise, or physical site hazards.
  - skin contact/absorbtion
  - eye contact
  - inhalation
  - ingestion
  - hearing exposure
- o Types, proper use, limitations and maintenance of applicable protective clothing and equipment.
  - safety helmet
  - eye protection
  - gloves
  - safety boots
  - tyvek coveralls
  - respirators
- o Respiratory protection using full face or half face air purifying respirator equipped with organic vapor cartridges and dust filters
  - forms of respirators: air purifying, air supplied, and self contained
  - selection of respiratory protection based on the hazard
  - NIOSH certification of all equipment to be used on site
  - medical/physical fitness to wear respiratory protection
  - use, limitations and maintenance of full and half face respirators including qualitative fit testing, routine inspection, replacement of parts, cleaning, disinfection, decontamination, and storage requirements.
- Proper decontamination procedures and adherence to work zone boundaries.
- o Reporting of accidents and availability of medical assistance.



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#### 4.1 Potential Routes of Exposure

Field team members can be exposed to a number of hazards on the site. Based on preliminary information, the following hazards and routes of exposure are known to be present.

- o solvent waste: respiratory hazard, ingestion hazard;
- o fuels: respiratory hazard, ingestion hazard;
- o discarded batteries: respiratory, eye, skin, explosion hazards;
- o waste paint cans: physical hazards (cuts, abrasions);
- o construction rubble: physical, eye, body hazards;
- o excessive noise: auditory hazard; and
- o drilling rigs: physical, eye, head, hand hazards.

#### 4.2 Personal Protective Clothing and Equipment

Workers on site will use protective clothing and equipment to reduce or eliminate the risk of exposure to the hazards mentioned above. Workers will be trained in the proper use of such clothing and equipment before starting work. 

#### Clothing

Protective coveralls will reduce the chances of contacting the waste material. The Tyvek coverall will provide protection against splashes, and dusts. The coveralls are not to be considered "impervious" and should be quickly removed upon obvious contamination.

#### **Gloves**

Gloves provided for this project will protect the hands from contacting the waste material. The Gauntlet style neoprene glove is used for handling grossly contaminated equipment and soil samples. The PVC disposable glove is used for routine site work, and should be considered "light duty" gloves. The PVC gloves will not provide a high level of protection against contaminated ground or surface samples, and may only be used when the chance of contact with these materials is unlikely. They should be removed and disposed of immediately upon contamination.

#### Eye Protection

Several levels of eye protection are available for this project. The full facepiece respirator will provide eye protection against splashes and



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eye irritating gases and mists. Splash goggles will be used when steam cleaning equipment. Every team member will use proper safety glasses while on site.

#### Respiratory Protection

The respirators selected for this project will provide protection against anticipated levels of airborne gases, fumes, mists, and dusts. To ensure that the mask will perform as expected, the respirator must be inspected, fit tested, maintained, and stored properly, according to company policy and governmental regulations.

#### 1. Inspection procedures:

The facepiece (full or half) should be free of dust, dirt, rips, tears, and obvious contamination. The septa (three in the half facepiece, one in the full facepiece) should be present and in good shape, watch for rips or dirt.

#### 2. Fit Testing Procedures:

The first step in testing the fit of your respirator is called the negative pressure test. Block the inhalation valves (on the side of the mask) with the hands or plastic sheets and inhale slightly. You should feel the mask draw in on the face. Watch for air leakage around the facepiece indicating a poor facial fit. REMEMBER, NO FACIAL HAIR THAT INTERFERES WITH THE FIT OF THE MASK IS PERMITTED.

The next test (positive pressure test) is done by blocking the exhalation valve (at the bottom of the mask) with the palm of your hand. Exhale gently and notice for air leaking around the facepiece of the mask, indicating a poor fit. If air is leaking out of the mask, retighten the straps and perform the negative and positive pressure tests again.

The last test (qualitative testing) involves the use of an indicating odor that is passed around the mask fitted with ORGANIC VAPOR CARTRIDGES. The employee will be asked to position his or her head to the side, up and down to simulate normal working conditions. The detection of the odor indicates that the facial seal of the mask is inadequate. If the employee detects the smell, the trainer is allowed to tighten the straps and adjust the mask on the employee one time. If the odor test is unsucessful twice, another brand of mask should be fitted.



#### 3. Maintenance of Respirators:

Respirators will be maintained to ensure that they work properly. Replace any missing part of the mask or strap, clean the mask with hot soapy water after each use, and do not let others wear your mask without disinfection first.

#### 4. Storage of Respirators:

Respirators must be stored in a clean, safe, dry, environment (e.g. not near the working area or on the drilling rigs).

#### 5. Use and limitations of Respirators:

Respirators selected for this project should be used properly and within the limits for which they were designed. These air purifying respirators will be useful in concentrations well below the 1000 ppm filtration limit of the cartridges. Air monitoring will confirm that airborne contamination does not exceed the use limitations of the respirator. These masks do not provide oxygen and should not be used in confined spaces or oxygen deficient atmospheres.

#### 4.3 <u>Decontamination and Work Zone Procedures</u>

Items that become contaminated must be cleaned up to prevent employee exposure and the spread of harmful materials. The field team will also be expected to establish work zones and comply with safety procedures and dress codes for each particular zone. Section 6 gives a description of the decontamination procedures that will be used for this project. The following information will be given to the field team.

- o Work zone definition and marking;
- o Dress codes for each work zone;
- o Decontamination procedures for personnel, equipment, and heavy equipment.

#### Exclusion Zone

The exclusion zone is the area immediately surrounding the work area where the waste is being disturbed. For Monitor Well installation (hollow stem and air rotary) the exclusion zone will comprise a circle extending 25 feet around the drilling rig. Proper personal protection consists of hand, foot, eye, respiratory, body, and head protection as listed in Section 3.2.



## Contamination Reduction Zone (CRZ)

The contamination reduction zone is the area where decontamination will occur. The idea is to have personnel remove contaminants from themselves and their equipment inside the CRZ. This practice will avoid the spread of contamination into the support area.

#### Support Zone

The support zone is intended as an area that remains free of contamination and is used for staging activities, breaks, and eating. It is extremely important to keep this area clean and free of contamination. Never bring contaminated equipment, articles or yourself into this area without going through the decontamination procedures first.

#### Decontamination Procedures

Personnel and equipment can become contaminated in a number of ways including:

- o Contacting vapors, gases, mists, or particulates in the air.
- o Being splashed by materials while sampling or opening containers.
- o Walking through puddles of liquids or on contaminated soil.
- o Using contaminated instruments or equipment.

Protective clothing and respirators help prevent the wearer from becoming contaminated or inhaling contaminants. Good work practices help reduce contamination of protective clothing, instruments, and equipment.

The employee needs to be aware of donning and doffing procedures for protective clothing and equipment. These procedures are easy to follow:

- o Gloves go on your hands first when putting protective clothing on; and
- Gloves come off your hands last, when undressing.

These procedures will be supplemented by performing decontamination on personnel, equipment and heavy equipment. Decontamination procedures consist of physically removing contaminants from the person or equipment with:

- o Steam cleaning equipment;
- o Diesel fuel and brushes;

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- o Acetone rinsing; and
- Detergent washing.

The drilling rig will be steam cleaned following contact with waste/soil material. The rig will then be spray washed and detergent washed prior to leaving the CRZ. Diesel fuel brushing is only required in the event that the auger flights become covered with waste that the steam cleaning will not remove.

Respirators should be washed with detergent/disinfection solution to remove any contamination. Respirators must be washed at the end of each day or more often if they become grossly contaminated.

#### Emergency Procedures

Emergency procedures are presented in this manual to address the possible site emergencies given below:

- o Medical injuries;
- Fire and explosions;
- o Excessive emissions from drilling activity;

#### Medical Injuries

Medical problems that can occur on site need to be handled competently and quickly. Each field team member should be aware of the instructions and information given below:

- o Write down and post the telephone numbers of the local Base and community ambulances and medical facilities.
- o Seek professional medical attention for personnel that are not breathing, bleeding severely, experiencing intense pain or are unconscious. Each member of the site team should know how to call for an ambulance (on Base and off Base).
- o If you get anything in your eyes (chemicals or dust), flood them with water for 15 minutes. Be sure to tell a supervisor. The Supervisor will make sure that the victim washes the eyes for the full 15 minutes.
- o Do not remove objects that are impaled (stuck) in the eye.
- o Always seek medical attention for eye injuries.
- o Stop bleeding with direct pressure. Place a bandage over the wound and press down with your hand. Use a tourniquet



only in extreme cases when you are not able to stop severe bleeding.

o If you contact the waste, wash the affected area with soap and water as soon as possible. If large amounts of waste come in contact with the body, you will be required to take a full body shower with soap immediately.

#### Fire and Explosion Response Procedures

Fires on site can be caused by the drilling rig activity and welding activity. The drilling rig will have a fire extinguisher on hand at all times. The procedure for using a fire extinguisher is to pull the safety pin, point the extinguisher at the base of the flames and discharge the extinguisher by sweeping the flames from a distance of six feet. Move in closer as the flames are being put out.

- o Never use water on an electrical fire or a solvent fire. All extinguishers should be dry chemical and labeled "Class A, B, C".
- o Never weld in dry grass and always keep an extinguisher nearby.
- o Keep decontamination solvents well away from the steam cleaner.

#### Excessive Emissions Procedures

If the detector tube readings indicate that the drilling activity is producing excessive emissions (any emission approaching the TLV), the following action needs to be taken:

- Cease drilling and contain cuttings.
- o If emissions are not controlled, remove auger flights and close the borehole. Continuous air monitoring will be conducted during this type of emergency.
- o Be prepared to evacuate to an upwind site.



#### 5.0 EMPLOYEE EXPOSURE MONITORING

The field team will be monitored for exposure to site hazards. The monitoring program planned for this project will consist of monitoring airborne vapor contamination, and employee exposure to heat stress, if temperatures exceed 70 degrees F. The following tables will summarize monitoring information:

Description
Detector tubes for monitoring air quality
Respirator protection factors

#### 5.1 Air Monitoring

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Ambient air monitoring will be performed using colorimetric indicator tubes to detect the presence of airborne contamination in vapor form. A Draeger kit with an assortment of indicator tubes will be used to obtain quick analyses of hazardous substances in the air.

Air samples will be collected in the following manner:

- o Prior to starting any work at a drilling site, the Supervising Geologist will take one air sample using the "polytest" detector tube. This tube will show a positive reaction in the presence of:
  - ethyl acetate
  - benzene
  - acetone
  - alcohol
  - hydrocarbons

If a positive reaction does occur, more specific tests may be made using specific detector tubes. The results of the air samples will confirm that the respirators selected for this project will provide adequate protection under actual site conditions.

An example for confirming respiratory protection is provided below:

o The protection factor of a full facepiece respirator is 50.

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- o Suppose the detector tube reading for benzene is 1 ppm.
- o The Threshold Limit Value (TLV) for benzene is 10 ppm, which means that with a protection factor of 50, you would be protected at a concentration of 50 time the TLV (or 500 ppm), leaving quite a large margin of safety when the detector tube reads 1 ppm.



#### 6.0 DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES

To minimize the transfer of hazardous substances from the site, contamination control procedures are needed. Contaminants must be removed from people and equipment prior to relocation from a work zone.

#### 6.1 Work Zones

The field team will prevent waste material from moving from the drilling site. The team will prevent migration of site contaminants by using work zones to control and decontaminate personnel and equipment. Protection levels in each work zone will be different and the workers should familiarize themselves with the special procedures and dress codes of each work zone. Presented below is a list of figures that will demonstrate how the work zones will be set up and the decontamination scheme for cleaning equipment and personnel.

Figure	Description
1	Monitor well work zones
2	Decontamination scheme for the drilling rig, auger flights, and split spoon samplers.
3	Decontamination procedures for personal protective equipment.

#### Exclusion Zone

A 25 foot circle around the drilling rig will be the "exclusion zone". This zone may contain potentially hazardous airborne and physical hazards to the workers. Full personal protection will be required in this area.

#### Contamination Reduction Zone

A corridor leading from the exclusion zone will be defined. This corridor should lead from the drilling rig to the break area. All decontamination activities will occur in this area. A waste container should be placed at the end of the corridor so contaminated disposable equipment can be dropped off. Personal protective equipment should be removed in the order given below before anyone enters the support area.



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- o first, remove any outer gloves or boot covers and drop them in the container provided;
- o next, remove the tyvek coverall, save this coverall unless it is contaminated;
- o next, remove your respirator;
- o last, remove your inside gloves.

Reverse the order of the doffing procedure when you are ready to enter the exclusion zone.

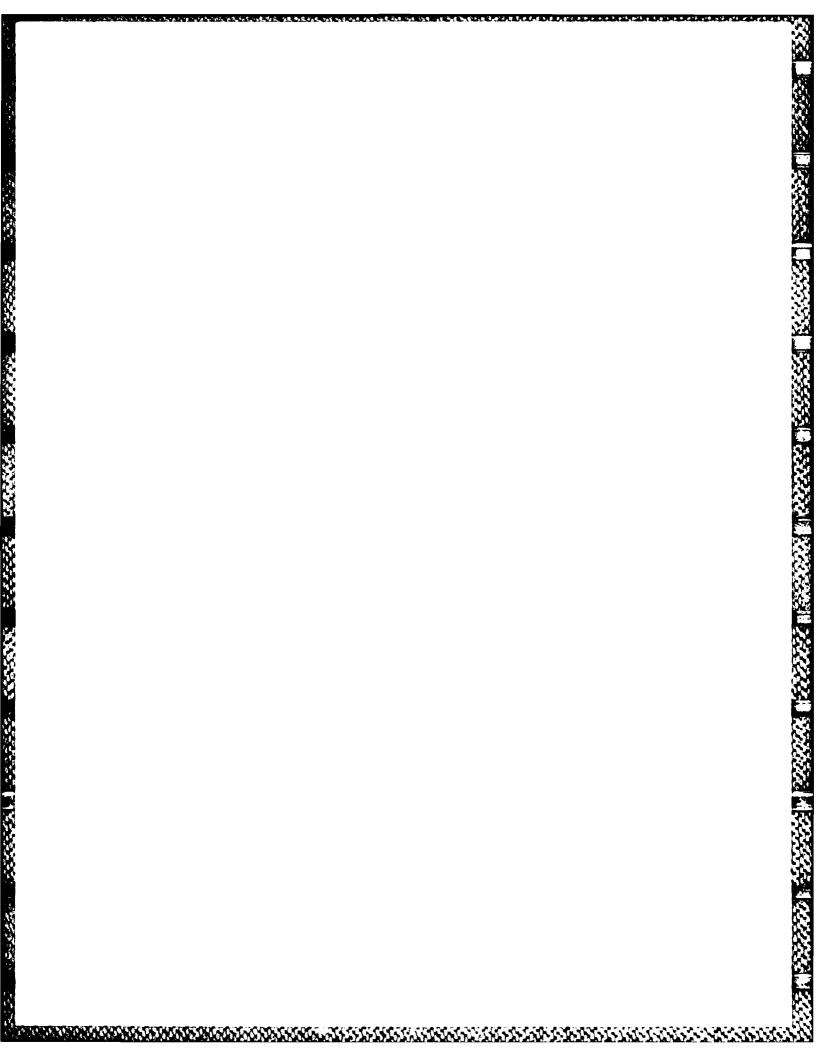
#### Support Zone

A support zone must be defined for each well installation location. The zone should be at least 50 feet from the drilling rig and should be clean and free of contamination (surface and airborne). Air monitoring and visual inspection of the support zone location will confirm that the area is relatively clean.

Some general rules to obey when in the support zone are as follows:

o You must wash your hands and forearms with soap and water before eating, drinking, smoking, anything.

o You must wash your hands before using the toilet.



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